Professional Judgment & Dependency Overrides Policy

The Higher Education Act of 1992 allows financial aid administrators to make professional judgment decisions for special or unusual family or student circumstances. These circumstances must be documented. Circumstances requiring professional judgment decisions must be analyzed on a case-by-case basis.

Aid Administrators may treat a student with special circumstances differently than the strict application of the methodology would otherwise permit. Adjustments can either increase or decrease a student's EFC or cost of attendance. In the case of an adjustment to a student's EFC or cost of attendance, specified adjustments may be made to data elements. The reason for the adjustment must relate to that student's special circumstances and must be documented in the student's file.

Areas of Administration

Professional judgment decisions may be made to adjust eligibility for all institutional, Title IV, and campus-based aid. Documentation supporting special circumstances must be maintained in the student's folder.

Staff Authority

The Student Financial Services Office has the authority to adjust a student's eligibility using professional judgment. When the counselor is made aware of unusual circumstances, they may offer the professional judgment form for the student to complete to return with all documentation. Once all documentation is received, the counselor would submit the request to the PJ Committee. The Committee consists of 1 counselor from the student's designated degree program, 1 counselor from the other degree program, and the Assistant Director from the other program. If the Assistant Director is not available then counselor from other program may be substituted.

Example: A traditional student's professional judgment request would be reviewed by a PJ Committee consisting of a traditional Student Financial Services Counselor, a GPS Student Financial Services Counselor, and the Assistant Director of Financial Aid (GPS).

All PJ Committee decisions are final.

Circumstances

Circumstances for Which PJ Adjustments are NOT Allowed

The Department of Education expects that financial aid administrators will exert this authority on a case by case basis **only after** receiving sufficient documentation from a student to **justify an exception to normal federal financial aid program guidelines**. Professional judgment **cannot** be exercised for the following:

	to circumvent the law or regulations
	to waive general student federal aid eligibility requirements
	to change a student's status from independent to dependent
	to directly adjust the federally expected family contribution for a family who indicates that it is
"too high".	

Adjustments cannot be made for items such as:

- Vacation expenses
- o Tithing expenses
- o Standard living expenses such as utilities, cable bills, credit card payments, children's allowances
- o Standard maintenance items such as lawn care and home repair
- o Private School Tuition

Conditions that do NOT qualify as "unusual circumstances" individually or in combination

- o Parents refuse to contribute to the student
- o Parents are unwilling to complete the FAFSA
- o Parents do not claim the student as an income tax dependent
- Student demonstrates totally self-sufficiency

Circumstances Under which PJ ADJUSTMENTS ARE ALLOWED and resulting action taken

A financial aid administrator can exercise discretion in certain areas when a student's family has special or unusual circumstances that are not adequately addressed by need analysis, regulations, or legislation. ED does not regulate PJ. The HEA explicitly authorizes the financial aid administrator to exercise PJ in the following areas:

	Dependency status (dependent to independent only) in extreme circumstances as noted	
	Certain data elements used to calculate the expected family contribution (EFC)	
	One-Time Taxable Income	
	Unsubsidized Stafford Loan eligibility for dependent students whose parents have ceased supporting	
the	student financially, will not support the student in the future, and refuse to complete the FAFSA.	
Referen	ces:	
	2010 Federal Student Aid Conference Presentation - <u>The Use of Professional Judgment to</u>	
<u>Add</u>	dress Families Impacted by the Economy	
Documen	tation	
maintair docume	dministrators are required to document professional judgment decisions. This documentation must be sined in the student's file. Because professional judgment situations are unique, specific required tentation is not listed for each case. It is left to the discretion of the PJ Committee to select what is appropriate tentation.	
□ Typi	umentation should substantiate the student's situation. cally, documentation should be from a professional outside the family and not a family member. Illecting documentation about a student's life situation, documentation from more than one person should be ected.	