Staff in Postsecondary Institutions, Fall 2002, and Salaries of Full-Time Instructional Faculty, 2002-03
U.S. Department of Education Institute of Education Sciences NCES 2005-167

E.D. Tabs

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November 2004

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November 2004
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## Suggested Citation

Knapp, L.G., Kelly-Reid, J.E., Whitmore, R.W., Wu, S., Huh, S., Levine, B., and Broyles, S.G. (2004). Staff in Postsecondary Institutions, Fall 2002, and Salaries of Full-Time Instructional Faculty, 2002-03, (NCES 2005-167). U.S. Department of Education. Washington, DC: National Center for Education Statistics.

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## Acknowledgments

The information presented in this publication was provided by either state coordinators for the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) or officials at individual institutions. In addition, these persons provided much assistance in resolving questions on the data, which resulted in more accurate information. Although it is not possible to list the names of all these people, their assistance was invaluable and is much appreciated.

The U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics (NCES), and the Office for Civil Rights, with the approval of the Office of Management and Budget, cooperate in the collection of racial/ethnic and gender information from all postsecondary institutions that participate in the Enrollment, Completions, and Fall Staff components of the IPEDS survey. In this collaboration, data provided by postsecondary institutions are designated as Compliance Reports pursuant to the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (34 CFR 100.6(b)).

The authors are grateful to Paula Knepper and Dennis Carroll of the Postsecondary Studies Division, National Center for Education Statistics, for their valuable comments during the review of this publication. We also appreciate the thoughtful review provided by Tom Snyder, National Center for Education Statistics, Mary Schifferli, Office for Civil Rights, Deb Teeter, Director of Institutional Research and Planning at the University of Kansas, Peggye Cohen, Assistant Vice President for Institutional Research, George Washington University, and Valerie Martin-Conley, Assistant Professor, Ohio University.

## Summary

## Introduction

This report presents findings from the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) winter 2002-03 data collection that included both primary occupational activity information for staff ${ }^{1}$ employed in fall 2002 and salaries and fringe benefits of full-time instructional faculty ${ }^{2}$ for academic year 2002-03. The data included in this publication were collected through the IPEDS web-based data collection system.

IPEDS began collecting data in 1985 from all postsecondary institutions in the United States (the 50 states and the District of Columbia) and its outlying areas. ${ }^{3}$ Prior to that, institutions of higher education provided data through the Higher Education General Information Surveys (HEGIS), which began in 1966. IPEDS defines a postsecondary institution as an organization that is open to the public and has a primary mission of providing education or training beyond the high school level. This includes institutions that offer academic, vocational, and continuing professional education programs and excludes institutions that offer only avocational (leisure) and adult basic education programs.

Since 1992, participation in IPEDS has been required for all postsecondary institutions and central or system offices that participate in Title IV federal student financial aid programs, such as Pell Grants or Stafford Loans. ${ }^{4}$ During the 2002-03 academic year, 6,508 institutions and 80 central or system offices were required to participate in IPEDS. Because 2 of these institutions closed after the 2002-03 collection cycle began, 6,506 institutions were expected to participate in the winter 2002-03 collection. Moreover, the 80 central or system offices were not required to participate because neither of the two required component surveys-Employees by Assigned Position (EAP) and Salaries-was applicable to them. The EAP component was required of all 6,506 Title IV institutions and 6,405 , or 98.4 percent, responded. The Salaries component was required of all 4 -year Title IV institutions and the 2-year degree-granting Title IV institutions; note that less than 4 -year institutions granting only certificates are not surveyed. In addition, institutions are not required to respond to the Salaries component if all instructional faculty are part-time, contribute their services, are in the military, or teach clinical or preclinical medicine. For the winter 2002-03 collection, 4,102 institutions were required to complete the Salaries component. Of these, 4,052-or 98.8 percent—responded. The Fall Staff component, which is applicable for Title IV institutions that employ 15 or more full-time staff, was optional during the

[^0]winter 2002-03 collection. ${ }^{5}$ Because the Fall Staff component is not required of all Title IV institutions, the EAP component was designed to collect annual data on the total number of employees in Title IV postsecondary institutions.

Tabulations in this report present selected data collected during the winter 2002-03 IPEDS collection about staff employed at Title IV institutions ${ }^{6}$ in the United States. Degree-granting institutions (those offering associate's, bachelor's, master's, doctor's and first-professional degrees) are displayed separately in some tables. Summary data only are provided for institutions in the outlying areas.

## Employees in All Title IV Institutions

In fall 2002, the 6,506 Title IV institutions in the United States employed more than 2.9 million staff (table A). Institutions are asked to report employees in medical schools separately from all others in the EAP component of IPEDS. Table A also indicates that institutions that do not have a medical school component employed nearly 2.1 million staff in fall 2002, while those with a medical school component employed 826,600 staff. Freestanding medical schools employed an additional 19,800 staff in 2002 . Overall, 10 percent of all staff, or about 286,400 people, were employed in medical schools.

Table A. Employees in all Title IV institutions, by school type, employment status, and control and level of institution: United States, fall 2002

| School type, employment status, and control and <br> level of institution | Number | Percent |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Total | $2,938,458$ | 100.0 |
| Institutions with no medical school component | $2,092,068$ | 71.2 |
| Institutions with a medical school component | 826,604 | 28.1 |
| Medical school component only | 266,589 | 9.1 |
| Freestanding medical schools | 19,786 | 0.7 |
| Full-time | $2,092,286$ | 71.2 |
| Part-time | 846,172 | 28.8 |
| Public | $1,951,751$ | 66.4 |
| Private not-for-profit | 880,273 | 30.0 |
| Private for-profit | 106,434 | 3.6 |
| 4-year | $2,242,374$ | 76.3 |
| 2-year | 651,303 | 22.2 |
| Less-than-2-year | 44,781 | 1.5 |

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.
${ }^{5}$ Fall Staff data are required biannually, in odd-numbered years.
${ }^{6}$ Title IV institutions described in this report include the 6,506 Title IV institutions, all of which are required to complete the Employees by Assigned Position component; of these, 4,102 Title IV institutions are required to complete the Salaries component.

In the tables in this publication, institutions or their components will be referred to as either "medical schools" (those that are freestanding plus the medical school component that is affiliated with an institution of higher education) or as "institutions (excluding medical schools)," which include those with no medical school component and the non-medical component of institutions with a medical school.

Just over 70 percent of all staff were employed full time in fall 2002. Approximately 66 percent of all staff were employed by public institutions, 30 percent were employed by private not-forprofit institutions, and the remaining 4 percent were employed by private for-profit institutions. About 76 percent of staff were employed by 4 -year institutions, 22 percent were employed by 2 year institutions, and the remaining 2 percent were employed by less-than-2-year institutions.

More than 1.2 million, or 42 percent, of all employees in Title IV institutions in the United States were classified as faculty (either as primarily instruction, primarily research, primarily public service, or instruction combined with research and/or public service) (table B). About 30 percent of all employees were in positions classified as primarily instruction, 2 percent were primarily research, 1 percent were primarily public service, and 9 percent were instruction combined with research and/or public service.

About 7 percent of all employees held executive, administrative, or managerial positions; 20 percent held other professional (support/service) positions; 7 percent held technical and paraprofessional positions; 15 percent held clerical/secretarial positions; 2 percent held skilled craft positions; and 8 percent held service maintenance positions.

Title IV medical school employees had different patterns of activity compared to the majority of employees in Title IV institutions. For example, in Title IV institutions (excluding medical schools), 32 percent of employees were in positions classified as primarily instruction; however, in Title IV medical schools 11 percent of employees were in positions classified as primarily instruction. Also, a higher proportion of employees in Title IV medical schools were in positions classified as instruction combined with research and/or public service ( 17 percent), compared to about 8 percent of employees in the same positions in Title IV institutions (excluding medical schools).

Patterns also varied by control of institution. About 54 percent of all employees in private forprofit institutions held positions classified as primarily instruction, while about 29 percent held similar positions in public and private not-for-profit institutions. The private sector institutions employed higher percentages of staff with executive/administrative/managerial functions: 12 percent in the for-profit institutions and 9 percent in the not-for-profit institutions, compared to 5 percent in public institutions.

One of the major differences between full-time and part-time employees involved those in positions classified as primarily instruction. More than half of all part-time employees (56 percent) were in positions classified as primarily instruction, compared to 20 percent of full-time

Table B. Employees in all Title IV institutions, by school type, employment status, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Primary function/occupational activity | Total | School type |  | Employment status |  | Control |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Institutions (excluding medical schools) ${ }^{1}$ | Medical schools ${ }^{2}$ | Full-time | Part-time | Public | Private not-forprofit | Private for-profit |
|  | Number |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 2,938,458 | 2,652,083 | 286,375 | 2,092,286 | 846,172 | 1,951,751 | 880,273 | 106,434 |
| Primarily instruction | 888,572 | 857,055 | 31,517 | 413,817 | 474,755 | 578,513 | 252,297 | 57,762 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 255,490 | 206,559 | 48,931 | 192,179 | 63,311 | 186,975 | 66,553 | 1,962 |
| Primarily research | 54,810 | 38,346 | 16,464 | 41,094 | 13,716 | 40,804 | 13,983 | 23 |
| Primarily public service | 20,933 | 14,188 | 6,745 | 14,224 | 6,709 | 13,734 | 7,042 | 157 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 190,449 | 176,861 | 13,588 | 180,846 | 9,603 | 95,743 | 82,446 | 12,260 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 579,405 | 496,487 | 82,918 | 493,300 | 86,105 | 385,906 | 176,347 | 17,152 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 205,862 | 173,103 | 32,759 | 160,713 | 45,149 | 150,047 | 52,756 | 3,059 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 450,113 | 405,321 | 44,792 | 348,128 | 101,985 | 298,444 | 140,797 | 10,872 |
| Skilled crafts | 66,727 | 65,303 | 1,424 | 62,659 | 4,068 | 50,902 | 15,454 | 371 |
| Service maintenance | 226,097 | 218,860 | 7,237 | 185,326 | 40,771 | 150,683 | 72,598 | 2,816 |
|  | Percent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Primarily instruction | 30.2 | 32.3 | 11.0 | 19.8 | 56.1 | 29.6 | 28.7 | 54.3 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 8.7 | 7.8 | 17.1 | 9.2 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 7.6 | 1.8 |
| Primarily research | 1.9 | 1.4 | 5.7 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.6 | \# |
| Primarily public service | 0.7 | 0.5 | 2.4 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.1 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 6.5 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 8.6 | 1.1 | 4.9 | 9.4 | 11.5 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 19.7 | 18.7 | 29.0 | 23.6 | 10.2 | 19.8 | 20.0 | 16.1 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 7.0 | 6.5 | 11.4 | 7.7 | 5.3 | 7.7 | 6.0 | 2.9 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 15.3 | 15.3 | 15.6 | 16.6 | 12.1 | 15.3 | 16.0 | 10.2 |
| Skilled crafts | 2.3 | 2.5 | 0.5 | 3.0 | 0.5 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 0.3 |
| Service maintenance | 7.7 | 8.3 | 2.5 | 8.9 | 4.8 | 7.7 | 8.2 | 2.6 |

\#Rounds to zero.
${ }^{1}$ Includes institutions with no medical school component and the non-medical component of institutions with a medical school.
${ }^{2}$ Includes freestanding medical schools and the medical school component affiliated with an institution of higher education. NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.
employees. Whereas, a greater proportion of full-time than part-time employees held positions classified as other professional (support/service), 24 percent and 10 percent, respectively.

## Full-Time Professional Employees in Title IV Degree-Granting Institutions

About 1.1 million full-time professionals ${ }^{7}$ were employed in Title IV degree-granting institutions (excluding medical schools) in fall 2002, and another 169,000 professionals were employed full time in Title IV medical schools (table C).

Table C. Full-time professional employees in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by control of institution, school type, and faculty status: United States, fall 2002

| School type and faculty status | Number |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Public | Private not-forprofit | Private forprofit | Total | Public | Private not-forprofit | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Private } \\ \text { for- } \\ \text { profit } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Institutions (excluding medical schools) ${ }^{1}$ | 1,131,051 | 754,373 | 344,082 | 32,596 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| With faculty status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tenured | 275,355 | 204,148 | 70,767 | 440 | 24.3 | 27.1 | 20.6 | 1.3 |
| On tenure track | 114,801 | 79,775 | 34,923 | 103 | 10.1 | 10.6 | 10.1 | 0.3 |
| Not on tenure track/no tenure system | 194,665 | 122,607 | 56,134 | 15,924 | 17.2 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 48.9 |
| Without faculty status | 546,230 | 347,843 | 182,258 | 16,129 | 48.3 | 46.1 | 53.0 | 49.5 |
| Medical schools ${ }^{2}$ | 168,996 | 97,604 | 71,375 | 17 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| With faculty status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tenured | 20,483 | 13,027 | 7,456 | 0 | 12.1 | 13.3 | 10.4 | 0 |
| On tenure track | 15,045 | 6,500 | 8,545 | 0 | 8.9 | 6.7 | 12.0 | 0 |
| Not on tenure track/no tenure system | 43,947 | 24,678 | 19,252 | 17 | 26.0 | 25.3 | 27.0 | 100.0 |
| Without faculty status | 89,521 | 53,399 | 36,122 | 0 | 53.0 | 54.7 | 50.6 | 0 |

Includes institutions with no medical school component and the non-medical component of institutions with a medical school.
${ }^{2}$ Includes freestanding medical schools and the medical school component affiliated with an institution of higher education. NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Professional employees include those whose primary function or occupational activity is classified as either faculty (including primarily instruction; instruction combined with research and/or public service; primarily research; and primarily public service); executive/administrative/managerial; and other professional. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

In Title IV degree-granting institutions, 24 percent of full-time professional employees in institutions other than medical schools were tenured, while 12 percent of full-time professional employees in medical schools were tenured. Public institutions (excluding medical schools) reported that more than 27 percent of their full-time professional employees were tenured, while 21 percent of these employees in private not-for-profit institutions were tenured, and only 1

[^1]percent in the private for-profit institutions were tenured. The proportion of tenured employees was smaller for medical schools regardless of institutional control (about 13 percent in public institutions and 10 percent in private not-for-profit institutions).

Among the full-time professional employees in institutions (excluding medical schools), 67 percent were employed in public institutions, 30 percent were employed in private not-for-profit institutions, and the remaining 3 percent were employed in private for-profit institutions (figure A). Of the professional staff employed by medical schools, 58 percent were employed in public institutions, 42 percent were employed in private not-for-profit institutions, and less than one percent ( 17 employees) were employed in private for-profit institutions.

## Salaries of Full-Time Instructional Faculty

During the 2002-03 academic year, full-time instructional faculty on 9/10-month contracts earned an average salary of about $\$ 61,000$, while full-time instructional faculty on 11/12-month contracts earned an average salary of about \$70,000 (table D).

As expected, salaries varied by rank, with faculty holding higher ranks earning higher average salaries. Among full-time instructional faculty on 9/10-month contracts, professors earned an average salary of $\$ 83,000$, associate professors earned an average salary of $\$ 60,000$, while assistant professors averaged $\$ 51,000$, instructors averaged $\$ 48,000$, and lecturers earned an average salary of $\$ 43,000$. Full-time instructional faculty on $9 / 10$ - month contracts who work at institutions without standard academic ranks (no academic rank) earned an average salary of $\$ 46,000$. Those on 11/12-month contracts earned the following average salaries: professors$\$ 100,000$; associate professors- $\$ 77,000$; assistant professors- $\$ 66,000$; instructors- $\$ 45,000$;

Figure A. Full-time professional employees in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by school type and control of institution: United States, fall 2002


SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table D. Average salaries of full-time instructional faculty on 9/10- and 11/12-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by gender, control of institution, and academic rank: United States, acade mic year 2002-03

| Contract length and academic rank | Gender |  |  | Control |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Men | Women | Public | Private not-for-profit | Private forprofit |
| Total faculty with 9/10-month contracts, all ranks | \$61,330 | \$66,126 | \$54,105 | \$60,014 | \$64,634 | \$39,629 |
| Professor | 83,466 | 86,191 | 75,028 | 80,872 | 88,817 | 46,059 |
| Associate professor | 60,471 | 62,226 | 57,716 | 60,308 | 60,786 | 55,220 |
| Assistant professor | 50,552 | 52,441 | 48,380 | 50,659 | 50,370 | 36,764 |
| Instructor | 48,304 | 50,272 | 46,573 | 49,976 | 38,090 | 29,209 |
| Lecturer | 42,622 | 45,469 | 40,265 | 41,474 | 46,064 | $\dagger$ |
| No academic rank | 46,338 | 47,412 | 45,251 | 46,102 | 48,289 | 48,427 |
| Total faculty with $11 / 12$-month contracts, all ranks | \$69,572 | \$75,004 | \$60,530 | \$77,665 | \$69,117 | \$37,345 |
| Professor | 99,792 | 103,275 | 86,729 | 107,245 | 88,413 | 55,743 |
| Associate professor | 76,573 | 79,011 | 72,185 | 80,508 | 71,835 | 50,359 |
| Assistant professor | 66,463 | 68,872 | 63,670 | 68,551 | 64,461 | 49,114 |
| Instructor | 44,745 | 44,351 | 45,205 | 51,125 | 47,672 | 36,222 |
| Lecturer | 51,875 | 55,832 | 47,334 | 53,376 | 51,566 | 40,624 |
| No academic rank | 47,298 | 48,271 | 46,081 | 54,733 | 50,255 | 27,961 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable. There are no faculty members in this cell.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.
and lecturers- $\$ 52,000$. Full-time instructional faculty on 11/12-month contracts who work at institutions without standard academic ranks (no academic rank) earned an average salary of $\$ 47,000$.

On average, men generally earned higher average salaries than women regardless of contract length or rank. Overall, male faculty with $9 / 10$ - month contracts earned an average salary of $\$ 66,000$, while female faculty with contracts of the same length earned an average salary of $\$ 54,000$. Likewise, male faculty with $11 / 12$ - month contracts earned an average salary of $\$ 75,000$, while female faculty with contracts of the same length earned an average salary of $\$ 61,000$. Similarly, male professors with 9/10-month contracts earned an average salary of $\$ 86,000$, while female professors with contracts of the same length earned an average salary of $\$ 75,000$. Male professors with $11 / 12$-month contracts earned an average salary of $\$ 103,000$, while female professors with contracts of the same length earned an average salary of $\$ 87,000$.

In general, public and private not-for-profit faculty earned higher average salaries than private for-profit faculty, regardless of contract length or rank. Faculty with 9/10-month contracts at public institutions earned an average salary of $\$ 60,000$, and those at private not-for-profit institutions earned $\$ 65,000$, while those at private for-profit institutions earned average salaries of $\$ 40,000$. Likewise, faculty with $11 / 12$-month contracts at public institutions earned an average salary of $\$ 78,000$, and those at private not-for-profit institutions earned $\$ 69,000$, while those at private for-profit institutions earned average salaries of $\$ 37,000$.

Professors at public institutions with 9/10-month contracts earned an average salary of $\$ 81,000$, and those at private not-for-profit institutions earned $\$ 89,000$, while those at private for-profit institutions earned average salaries of $\$ 46,000$. Professors at public institutions with 11/12month contracts earned an average salary of $\$ 107,000$, and those at private not-for-profit institutions earned $\$ 88,000$, while those at private for-profit institutions earned average salaries of $\$ 56,000$.

Overall, between 2001-02 and 2002-03, average salaries of full-time instructional faculty with 11/12-month contracts rose slightly more than average salaries for those with 9/10-month contracts ( 3.5 percent compared to 2.7 percent) (data derived from table E). Likewise, considering full-time instructional faculty employed at public and private not-for-profit institutions, average salaries of those with 11/12-month contracts rose 3.6 percent and 6.1 percent, respectively, while those with $9 / 10$ - month contracts rose 2.5 percent and 2.7 percent, respectively, during this period.

Table E. Change in average salaries of full-time instructional faculty on 9/10- and 11/12-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by control of institution and academic rank: United States, academic years 2001-02 and 2002-03

| Contract length and academic rank | Public |  |  | Private not-for-profit |  |  | Private for-profit |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change |
| Total faculty with |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9/10-month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| contracts, all ranks | \$58,524 | \$60,014 | 2.5 | \$62,947 | \$64,634 | 2.7 | \$33,891 | \$39,629 | 16.9 |
| Professor | 78,387 | 80,872 | 3.2 | 85,867 | 88,817 | 3.4 | 54,882 | 46,059 | -16.1 |
| Associate professor | 58,663 | 60,308 | 2.8 | 58,871 | 60,786 | 3.3 | 43,124 | 55,220 | 28.0 |
| Assistant professor | 48,956 | 50,659 | 3.5 | 48,504 | 50,370 | 3.8 | 33,884 | 36,764 | 8.5 |
| Instructor | 48,279 | 49,976 | 3.5 | 37,637 | 38,090 | 1.2 | 29,957 | 29,209 | -2.5 |
| Lecturer | 40,809 | 41,474 | 1.6 | 44,762 | 46,064 | 2.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| No academic rank | 46,772 | 46,102 | -1.4 | 46,043 | 48,289 | 4.9 | 31,987 | 48,427 | 51.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| contracts, all ranks | \$74,932 | \$77,665 | 3.6 | \$65,158 | \$69,117 | 6.1 | \$39,187 | \$37,345 | -4.7 |
| Professor | 103,936 | 107,245 | 3.2 | 85,320 | 88,413 | 3.6 | 54,256 | 55,743 | 2.7 |
| Associate professor | 77,529 | 80,508 | 3.8 | 66,036 | 71,835 | 8.8 | 47,199 | 50,359 | 6.7 |
| Assistant professor | 66,475 | 68,551 | 3.1 | 59,294 | 64,461 | 8.7 | 42,978 | 49,114 | 14.3 |
| Instructor | 50,715 | 51,125 | 0.8 | 45,758 | 47,672 | 4.2 | 37,359 | 36,222 | -3.0 |
| Lecturer | 53,444 | 53,376 | -0.1 | 44,282 | 51,566 | 16.4 | 38,768 | 40,624 | 4.8 |
| No academic rank | 52,664 | 54,733 | 3.9 | 55,046 | 50,255 | -8.7 | 38,040 | 27,961 | -26.5 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable. There are no faculty members in this cell.
NOTE: Average salaries data should be used with caution; some averages may represent small numbers of individuals. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2001-02 and Winter 2002-03.

## Compendium of Tables

Table 1. Employees in all Title IV institutions, by employment status, school type, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Total |  |  | Full time |  |  | Part time |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools |
| Total | 2,938,458 | 2,652,083 | 286,375 | 2,092,286 | 1,847,601 | 244,685 | 846,172 | 804,482 | 41,690 |
| Primarily instruction | 888,572 | 857,055 | 31,517 | 413,817 | 390,785 | 23,032 | 474,755 | 466,270 | 8,485 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 255,490 | 206,559 | 48,931 | 192,179 | 150,735 | 41,444 | 63,311 | 55,824 | 7,487 |
| Primarily research | 54,810 | 38,346 | 16,464 | 41,094 | 27,545 | 13,549 | 13,716 | 10,801 | 2,915 |
| Primarily public service | 20,933 | 14,188 | 6,745 | 14,224 | 8,845 | 5,379 | 6,709 | 5,343 | 1,366 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 190,449 | 176,861 | 13,588 | 180,846 | 167,961 | 12,885 | 9,603 | 8,900 | 703 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 579,405 | 496,487 | 82,918 | 493,300 | 420,593 | 72,707 | 86,105 | 75,894 | 10,211 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 205,862 | 173,103 | 32,759 | 160,713 | 132,669 | 28,044 | 45,149 | 40,434 | 4,715 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 450,113 | 405,321 | 44,792 | 348,128 | 307,752 | 40,376 | 101,985 | 97,569 | 4,416 |
| Skilled crafts | 66,727 | 65,303 | 1,424 | 62,659 | 61,282 | 1,377 | 4,068 | 4,021 | 47 |
| Service/maintenance | 226,097 | 218,860 | 7,237 | 185,326 | 179,434 | 5,892 | 40,771 | 39,426 | 1,345 |
| Public | 1,951,751 | 1,791,644 | 160,107 | 1,380,718 | 1,244,004 | 136,714 | 571,033 | 547,640 | 23,393 |
| Primarily instruction | 578,513 | 563,020 | 15,493 | 265,709 | 253,031 | 12,678 | 312,804 | 309,989 | 2,815 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 186,975 | 157,537 | 29,438 | 140,247 | 115,680 | 24,567 | 46,728 | 41,857 | 4,871 |
| Primarily research | 40,804 | 31,053 | 9,751 | 29,394 | 21,394 | 8,000 | 11,410 | 9,659 | 1,751 |
| Primarily public service | 13,734 | 12,521 | 1,213 | 8,958 | 8,006 | 952 | 4,776 | 4,515 | 261 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 95,743 | 90,460 | 5,283 | 91,776 | 86,871 | 4,905 | 3,967 | 3,589 | 378 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 385,906 | 332,279 | 53,627 | 328,951 | 282,449 | 46,502 | 56,955 | 49,830 | 7,125 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 150,047 | 134,086 | 15,961 | 115,370 | 102,407 | 12,963 | 34,677 | 31,679 | 2,998 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 298,444 | 273,886 | 24,558 | 227,280 | 205,055 | 22,225 | 71,164 | 68,831 | 2,333 |
| Skilled crafts | 50,902 | 50,254 | 648 | 47,814 | 47,189 | 625 | 3,088 | 3,065 | 23 |
| Service/maintenance | 150,683 | 146,548 | 4,135 | 125,219 | 121,922 | 3,297 | 25,464 | 24,626 | 838 |
| Private not-for-profit | 880,273 | 754,044 | 126,229 | 648,272 | 540,318 | 107,954 | 232,001 | 213,726 | 18,275 |
| Primarily instruction | 252,297 | 236,304 | 15,993 | 126,388 | 116,045 | 10,343 | 125,909 | 120,259 | 5,650 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 66,553 | 47,065 | 19,488 | 50,800 | 33,927 | 16,873 | 15,753 | 13,138 | 2,615 |
| Primarily research | 13,983 | 7,270 | 6,713 | 11,684 | 6,135 | 5,549 | 2,299 | 1,135 | 1,164 |
| Primarily public service | 7,042 | 1,510 | 5,532 | 5,126 | 699 | 4,427 | 1,916 | 811 | 1,105 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 82,446 | 74,143 | 8,303 | 77,287 | 69,309 | 7,978 | 5,159 | 4,834 | 325 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 176,347 | 147,057 | 29,290 | 148,683 | 122,478 | 26,205 | 27,664 | 24,579 | 3,085 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 52,756 | 35,958 | 16,798 | 43,070 | 27,989 | 15,081 | 9,686 | 7,969 | 1,717 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 140,797 | 120,563 | 20,234 | 112,370 | 94,219 | 18,151 | 28,427 | 26,344 | 2,083 |
| Skilled crafts | 15,454 | 14,678 | 776 | 14,625 | 13,873 | 752 | 829 | 805 | 24 |
| Service/maintenance | 72,598 | 69,496 | 3,102 | 58,239 | 55,644 | 2,595 | 14,359 | 13,852 | 507 |
| Private for-profit | 106,434 | 106,395 | 39 | 63,296 | 63,279 | 17 | 43,138 | 43,116 | 22 |
| Primarily instruction | 57,762 | 57,731 | 31 | 21,720 | 21,709 | 11 | 36,042 | 36,022 | 20 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 1,962 | 1,957 | 5 | 1,132 | 1,128 | 4 | 830 | 829 | 1 |
| Primarily research | 23 | 23 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 157 | 157 | 0 | 140 | 140 | 0 | 17 | 17 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 12,260 | 12,258 | 2 | 11,783 | 11,781 | 2 | 477 | 477 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 17,152 | 17,151 | 1 | 15,666 | 15,666 | 0 | 1,486 | 1,485 | 1 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 3,059 | 3,059 | 0 | 2,273 | 2,273 | 0 | 786 | 786 | 0 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 10,872 | 10,872 | 0 | 8,478 | 8,478 | 0 | 2,394 | 2,394 | 0 |
| Skilled crafts | 371 | 371 | 0 | 220 | 220 | 0 | 151 | 151 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 2,816 | 2,816 | 0 | 1,868 | 1,868 | 0 | 948 | 948 | 0 |

NOTE: Part-time graduate assistants are not included.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 1a. Employees in all Title IV institutions, by employment status, school type, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: Outlying areas, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Total |  |  | Full time |  |  | Part time |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools |
| Total | 28,372 | 26,999 | 1,373 | 22,084 | 20,947 | 1,137 | 6,288 | 6,052 | 236 |
| Primarily instruction | 11,197 | 10,971 | 226 | 6,679 | 6,563 | 116 | 4,518 | 4,408 | 110 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 1,400 | 1,050 | 350 | 1,021 | 768 | 253 | 379 | 282 | 97 |
| Primarily research | 69 | 62 | 7 | 54 | 47 | 7 | 15 | 15 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 139 | 138 | 1 | 112 | 111 | 1 | 27 | 27 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 2,062 | 2,011 | 51 | 2,013 | 1,964 | 49 | 49 | 47 | 2 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 4,420 | 4,172 | 248 | 3,948 | 3,717 | 231 | 472 | 455 | 17 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 1,597 | 1,474 | 123 | 1,303 | 1,183 | 120 | 294 | 291 | 3 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 4,420 | 4,084 | 336 | 4,140 | 3,811 | 329 | 280 | 273 | 7 |
| Skilled crafts | 473 | 465 | 8 | 448 | 440 | 8 | 25 | 25 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 2,595 | 2,572 | 23 | 2,366 | 2,343 | 23 | 229 | 229 | 0 |
| Public | 14,653 | 13,809 | 844 | 12,676 | 11,955 | 721 | 1,977 | 1,854 | 123 |
| Primarily instruction | 4,724 | 4,724 | 0 | 3,700 | 3,700 | 0 | 1,024 | 1,024 | 0 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 1,113 | 798 | 315 | 871 | 653 | 218 | 242 | 145 | 97 |
| Primarily research | 57 | 57 | 0 | 46 | 46 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 112 | 112 | 0 | 90 | 90 | 0 | 22 | 22 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 615 | 597 | 18 | 608 | 592 | 16 | 7 | 5 | 2 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 2,452 | 2,293 | 159 | 2,221 | 2,079 | 142 | 231 | 214 | 17 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 966 | 870 | 96 | 756 | 662 | 94 | 210 | 208 | 2 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 2,591 | 2,347 | 244 | 2,503 | 2,264 | 239 | 88 | 83 | 5 |
| Skilled crafts | 364 | 363 | 1 | 351 | 350 | 1 | 13 | 13 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 1,659 | 1,648 | 11 | 1,530 | 1,519 | 11 | 129 | 129 | 0 |
| Private not-for-profit | 9,451 | 8,922 | 529 | 6,805 | 6,389 | 416 | 2,646 | 2,533 | 113 |
| Primarily instruction | 4,388 | 4,162 | 226 | 2,163 | 2,047 | 116 | 2,225 | 2,115 | 110 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 104 | 69 | 35 | 54 | 19 | 35 | 50 | 50 | 0 |
| Primarily research | 8 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 16 | 15 | 1 | 14 | 13 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 921 | 888 | 33 | 904 | 871 | 33 | 17 | 17 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 1,279 | 1,190 | 89 | 1,147 | 1,058 | 89 | 132 | 132 | 0 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 490 | 463 | 27 | 453 | 427 | 26 | 37 | 36 |  |
| Clerical and secretarial | 1,464 | 1,372 | 92 | 1,330 | 1,240 | 90 | 134 | 132 | 2 |
| Skilled crafts | 106 | 99 | 7 | 95 | 88 | 7 | 11 | 11 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 675 | 663 | 12 | 637 | 625 | 12 | 38 | 38 | 0 |
| Private for-profit | 4,268 | 4,268 | 0 | 2,603 | 2,603 | 0 | 1,665 | 1,665 | 0 |
| Primarily instruction | 2,085 | 2,085 | 0 | 816 | 816 | 0 | 1,269 | 1,269 | 0 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 183 | 183 | 0 | 96 | 96 | 0 | 87 | 87 | 0 |
| Primarily research | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 11 | 11 | 0 | 8 | 8 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 526 | 526 | 0 | 501 | 501 | 0 | 25 | 25 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 689 | 689 | 0 | 580 | 580 | 0 | 109 | 109 | 0 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 141 | 141 | 0 | 94 | 94 | 0 | 47 | 47 | 0 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 365 | 365 | 0 | 307 | 307 | 0 | 58 | 58 | 0 |
| Skilled crafts | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 261 | 261 | 0 | 199 | 199 | 0 | 62 | 62 | 0 |

NOTE: The outlying areas are American Samoa, the Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, the Marshall Islands, the Northern Marianas, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. Part-time graduate assistants are not included.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 2. Employees in Title IV 4 year institutions, by employment status, school type, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Total |  |  | Full time |  |  | Part time |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools |
| Total | 2,242,374 | 1,955,999 | 286,375 | 1,732,571 | 1,487,886 | 244,685 | 509,803 | 468,113 | 41,690 |
| Primarily instruction | 515,208 | 483,691 | 31,517 | 280,157 | 257,125 | 23,032 | 235,051 | 226,566 | 8,485 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 238,272 | 189,341 | 48,931 | 186,396 | 144,952 | 41,444 | 51,876 | 44,389 | 7,487 |
| Primarily research | 54,705 | 38,241 | 16,464 | 41,014 | 27,465 | 13,549 | 13,691 | 10,776 | 2,915 |
| Primarily public service | 16,987 | 10,242 | 6,745 | 13,595 | 8,216 | 5,379 | 3,392 | 2,026 | 1,366 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 153,418 | 139,830 | 13,588 | 145,271 | 132,386 | 12,885 | 8,147 | 7,444 | 703 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 511,206 | 428,288 | 82,918 | 441,572 | 368,865 | 72,707 | 69,634 | 59,423 | 10,211 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 157,106 | 124,347 | 32,759 | 128,563 | 100,519 | 28,044 | 28,543 | 23,828 | 4,715 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 350,752 | 305,960 | 44,792 | 284,370 | 243,994 | 40,376 | 66,382 | 61,966 | 4,416 |
| Skilled crafts | 59,456 | 58,032 | 1,424 | 56,794 | 55,417 | 1,377 | 2,662 | 2,615 | 47 |
| Service/maintenance | 185,264 | 178,027 | 7,237 | 154,839 | 148,947 | 5,892 | 30,425 | 29,080 | 1,345 |
| Public | 1,331,532 | 1,171,425 | 160,107 | 1,073,081 | 936,367 | 136,714 | 258,451 | 235,058 | 23,393 |
| Primarily instruction | 240,792 | 225,299 | 15,493 | 151,854 | 139,176 | 12,678 | 88,938 | 86,123 | 2,815 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 171,173 | 141,735 | 29,438 | 135,225 | 110,658 | 24,567 | 35,948 | 31,077 | 4,871 |
| Primarily research | 40,721 | 30,970 | 9,751 | 29,330 | 21,330 | 8,000 | 11,391 | 9,640 | 1,751 |
| Primarily public service | 10,041 | 8,828 | 1,213 | 8,537 | 7,585 | 952 | 1,504 | 1,243 | 261 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 69,038 | 63,755 | 5,283 | 66,049 | 61,144 | 4,905 | 2,989 | 2,611 | 378 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 330,117 | 276,490 | 53,627 | 287,430 | 240,928 | 46,502 | 42,687 | 35,562 | 7,125 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 104,797 | 88,836 | 15,961 | 85,657 | 72,694 | 12,963 | 19,140 | 16,142 | 2,998 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 207,121 | 182,563 | 24,558 | 169,436 | 147,211 | 22,225 | 37,685 | 35,352 | 2,333 |
| Skilled crafts | 44,122 | 43,474 | 648 | 42,282 | 41,657 | 625 | 1,840 | 1,817 | 23 |
| Service/maintenance | 113,610 | 109,475 | 4,135 | 97,281 | 93,984 | 3,297 | 16,329 | 15,491 | 838 |
| Private not-for-profit | 862,458 | 736,229 | 126,229 | 636,592 | 528,638 | 107,954 | 225,866 | 207,591 | 18,275 |
| Primarily instruction | 245,572 | 229,579 | 15,993 | 122,893 | 112,550 | 10,343 | 122,679 | 117,029 | 5,650 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 66,444 | 46,956 | 19,488 | 50,711 | 33,838 | 16,873 | 15,733 | 13,118 | 2,615 |
| Primarily research | 13,974 | 7,261 | 6,713 | 11,678 | 6,129 | 5,549 | 2,296 | 1,132 | 1,164 |
| Primarily public service | 6,929 | 1,397 | 5,532 | 5,042 | 615 | 4,427 | 1,887 | 782 | 1,105 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 80,584 | 72,281 | 8,303 | 75,507 | 67,529 | 7,978 | 5,077 | 4,752 | 325 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 172,814 | 143,524 | 29,290 | 146,343 | 120,138 | 26,205 | 26,471 | 23,386 | 3,085 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 51,296 | 34,498 | 16,798 | 42,054 | 26,973 | 15,081 | 9,242 | 7,525 | 1,717 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 138,823 | 118,589 | 20,234 | 110,923 | 92,772 | 18,151 | 27,900 | 25,817 | 2,083 |
| Skilled crafts | 15,237 | 14,461 | 776 | 14,443 | 13,691 | 752 | 794 | 770 | 24 |
| Service/maintenance | 70,785 | 67,683 | 3,102 | 56,998 | 54,403 | 2,595 | 13,787 | 13,280 | 507 |
| Private for-profit | 48,384 | 48,345 | 39 | 22,898 | 22,881 | 17 | 25,486 | 25,464 | 22 |
| Primarily instruction | 28,844 | 28,813 | 31 | 5,410 | 5,399 | 11 | 23,434 | 23,414 | 20 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 655 | 650 | 5 | 460 | 456 | 4 | 195 | 194 | 1 |
| Primarily research | 10 | 10 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 17 | 17 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 3,796 | 3,794 | 2 | 3,715 | 3,713 | 2 | 81 | 81 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 8,275 | 8,274 | 1 | 7,799 | 7,799 | 0 | 476 | 475 | 1 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 1,013 | 1,013 | 0 | 852 | 852 | 0 | 161 | 161 | 0 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 4,808 | 4,808 | 0 | 4,011 | 4,011 | 0 | 797 | 797 | 0 |
| Skilled crafts | 97 | 97 | 0 | 69 | 69 | 0 | 28 | 28 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 869 | 869 | 0 | 560 | 560 | 0 | 309 | 309 | 0 |

NOTE: Part-time graduate assistants are not included.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 3. Employees in Title IV less-than-4-year institutions, by level, employment status, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | 2-year institutions |  |  | Less-than-2-year institutions |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Full time | Part time | Total | Full time | Part time |
| Total | 651,303 | 328,822 | 322,481 | 44,781 | 30,893 | 13,888 |
| Primarily instruction | 349,088 | 119,523 | 229,565 | 24,276 | 14,137 | 10,139 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 16,531 | 5,288 | 11,243 | 687 | 495 | 192 |
| Primarily research | 91 | 69 | 22 | 14 | 11 | 3 |
| Primarily public service | 3,720 | 445 | 3,275 | 226 | 184 | 42 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 31,559 | 30,441 | 1,118 | 5,472 | 5,134 | 338 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 63,374 | 47,690 | 15,684 | 4,825 | 4,038 | 787 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 47,336 | 31,126 | 16,210 | 1,420 | 1,024 | 396 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 94,573 | 60,016 | 34,557 | 4,788 | 3,742 | 1,046 |
| Skilled crafts | 6,775 | 5,630 | 1,145 | 496 | 235 | 261 |
| Service/maintenance | 38,256 | 28,594 | 9,662 | 2,577 | 1,893 | 684 |
| Public | 603,646 | 296,882 | 306,764 | 16,573 | 10,755 | 5,818 |
| Primarily instruction | 327,367 | 107,981 | 219,386 | 10,354 | 5,874 | 4,480 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 15,589 | 4,857 | 10,732 | 213 | 165 | 48 |
| Primarily research | 81 | 63 | 18 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Primarily public service | 3,657 | 394 | 3,263 | 36 | 27 | 9 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 25,713 | 24,809 | 904 | 992 | 918 | 74 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 54,737 | 40,734 | 14,003 | 1,052 | 787 | 265 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 44,717 | 29,333 | 15,384 | 533 | 380 | 153 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 89,525 | 56,360 | 33,165 | 1,798 | 1,484 | 314 |
| Skilled craf ts | 6,454 | 5,417 | 1,037 | 326 | 115 | 211 |
| Service/maintenance | 35,806 | 26,934 | 8,872 | 1,267 | 1,004 | 263 |
| Private not-for-profit | 14,303 | 9,137 | 5,166 | 3,512 | 2,543 | 969 |
| Primarily instruction | 5,604 | 2,930 | 2,674 | 1,121 | 565 | 556 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 80 | 64 | 16 | 29 | 25 | 4 |
| Primarily research | 5 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 3 | 1 |
| Primarily public service | 16 | 12 | 4 | 97 | 72 | 25 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 1,395 | 1,339 | 56 | 467 | 441 | 26 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 2,971 | 1,868 | 1,103 | 562 | 472 | 90 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 1,253 | 833 | 420 | 207 | 183 | 24 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 1,578 | 1,131 | 447 | 396 | 316 | 80 |
| Skilled crafts | 134 | 109 | 25 | 83 | 73 | 10 |
| Service/maintenance | 1,267 | 848 | 419 | 546 | 393 | 153 |
| Private for-profit | 33,354 | 22,803 | 10,551 | 24,696 | 17,595 | 7,101 |
| Primarily instruction | 16,117 | 8,612 | 7,505 | 12,801 | 7,698 | 5,103 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 862 | 367 | 495 | 445 | 305 | 140 |
| Primarily research | 5 | 3 | 2 | 8 | 7 | 1 |
| Primarily public service | 47 | 39 | 8 | 93 | 85 | 8 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 4,451 | 4,293 | 158 | 4,013 | 3,775 | 238 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 5,666 | 5,088 | 578 | 3,211 | 2,779 | 432 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 1,366 | 960 | 406 | 680 | 461 | 219 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 3,470 | 2,525 | 945 | 2,594 | 1,942 | 652 |
| Skilled crafts | 187 | 104 | 83 | 87 | 47 | 40 |
| Service/maintenance | 1,183 | 812 | 371 | 764 | 496 | 268 |

NOTE: Part-time graduate assistants are not included.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 4. Employees in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by employment status, school type, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Total |  |  | Full time |  |  | Part time |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools |
| Total | 2,864,234 | 2,577,859 | 286,375 | 2,042,178 | 1,797,493 | 244,685 | 822,056 | 780,366 | 41,690 |
| Primarily instruction | 854,263 | 822,746 | 31,517 | 394,286 | 371,254 | 23,032 | 459,977 | 451,492 | 8,485 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 254,448 | 205,517 | 48,931 | 191,400 | 149,956 | 41,444 | 63,048 | 55,561 | 7,487 |
| Primarily research | 54,791 | 38,327 | 16,464 | 41,080 | 27,531 | 13,549 | 13,711 | 10,796 | 2,915 |
| Primarily public service | 20,613 | 13,868 | 6,745 | 14,003 | 8,624 | 5,379 | 6,610 | 5,244 | 1,366 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 182,892 | 169,304 | 13,588 | 173,751 | 160,866 | 12,885 | 9,141 | 8,438 | 703 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 568,267 | 485,349 | 82,918 | 485,527 | 412,820 | 72,707 | 82,740 | 72,529 | 10,211 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 200,975 | 168,216 | 32,759 | 157,311 | 129,267 | 28,044 | 43,664 | 38,949 | 4,715 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 441,685 | 396,893 | 44,792 | 341,548 | 301,172 | 40,376 | 100,137 | 95,721 | 4,416 |
| Skilled crafts | 65,998 | 64,574 | 1,424 | 62,208 | 60,831 | 1,377 | 3,790 | 3,743 | 47 |
| Service/maintenance | 220,302 | 213,065 | 7,237 | 181,064 | 175,172 | 5,892 | 39,238 | 37,893 | 1,345 |
| Public | 1,920,948 | 1,760,841 | 160,107 | 1,360,454 | 1,223,740 | 136,714 | 560,494 | 537,101 | 23,393 |
| Primarily instruction | 562,647 | 547,154 | 15,493 | 257,190 | 244,512 | 12,678 | 305,457 | 302,642 | 2,815 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 186,508 | 157,070 | 29,438 | 139,879 | 115,312 | 24,567 | 46,629 | 41,758 | 4,871 |
| Primarily research | 40,800 | 31,049 | 9,751 | 29,391 | 21,391 | 8,000 | 11,409 | 9,658 | 1,751 |
| Primarily public service | 13,614 | 12,401 | 1,213 | 8,903 | 7,951 | 952 | 4,711 | 4,450 | 261 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 94,188 | 88,905 | 5,283 | 90,317 | 85,412 | 4,905 | 3,871 | 3,493 | 378 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 382,272 | 328,645 | 53,627 | 326,297 | 279,795 | 46,502 | 55,975 | 48,850 | 7,125 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 147,926 | 131,965 | 15,961 | 113,816 | 100,853 | 12,963 | 34,110 | 31,112 | 2,998 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 294,598 | 270,040 | 24,558 | 224,067 | 201,842 | 22,225 | 70,531 | 68,198 | 2,333 |
| Skilled crafts | 50,381 | 49,733 | 648 | 47,507 | 46,882 | 625 | 2,874 | 2,851 | 23 |
| Service/maintenance | 148,014 | 143,879 | 4,135 | 123,087 | 119,790 | 3,297 | 24,927 | 24,089 | 838 |
| Private not-for-profit | 866,800 | 740,571 | 126,229 | 639,861 | 531,907 | 107,954 | 226,939 | 208,664 | 18,275 |
| Primarily instruction | 249,506 | 233,513 | 15,993 | 124,912 | 114,569 | 10,343 | 124,594 | 118,944 | 5,650 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 66,468 | 46,980 | 19,488 | 50,735 | 33,862 | 16,873 | 15,733 | 13,118 | 2,615 |
| Primarily research | 13,976 | 7,263 | 6,713 | 11,680 | 6,131 | 5,549 | 2,296 | 1,132 | 1,164 |
| Primarily public service | 6,938 | 1,406 | 5,532 | 5,048 | 621 | 4,427 | 1,890 | 785 | 1,105 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 81,344 | 73,041 | 8,303 | 76,253 | 68,275 | 7,978 | 5,091 | 4,766 | 325 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 172,590 | 143,300 | 29,290 | 146,829 | 120,624 | 26,205 | 25,761 | 22,676 | 3,085 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 50,769 | 33,971 | 16,798 | 41,776 | 26,695 | 15,081 | 8,993 | 7,276 | 1,717 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 139,423 | 119,189 | 20,234 | 111,367 | 93,216 | 18,151 | 28,056 | 25,973 | 2,083 |
| Skilled crafts | 15,363 | 14,587 | 776 | 14,547 | 13,795 | 752 | 816 | 792 | 24 |
| Service/maintenance | 70,423 | 67,321 | 3,102 | 56,714 | 54,119 | 2,595 | 13,709 | 13,202 | 507 |
| Private for-profit | 76,486 | 76,447 | 39 | 41,863 | 41,846 | 17 | 34,623 | 34,601 | 22 |
| Primarily instruction | 42,110 | 42,079 | 31 | 12,184 | 12,173 | 11 | 29,926 | 29,906 | 20 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 1,472 | 1,467 | 5 | 786 | 782 | 4 | 686 | 685 | 1 |
| Primarily research | 15 | 15 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 61 | 61 | 0 | 52 | 52 | 0 | 9 | 9 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 7,360 | 7,358 | 2 | 7,181 | 7,179 | 2 | 179 | 179 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 13,405 | 13,404 | 1 | 12,401 | 12,401 | 0 | 1,004 | 1,003 | 1 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 2,280 | 2,280 | 0 | 1,719 | 1,719 | 0 | 561 | 561 | 0 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 7,664 | 7,664 | 0 | 6,114 | 6,114 | 0 | 1,550 | 1,550 | 0 |
| Skilled crafts | 254 | 254 | 0 | 154 | 154 | 0 | 100 | 100 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 1,865 | 1,865 | 0 | 1,263 | 1,263 | 0 | 602 | 602 | 0 |

NOTE: Part-time graduate assistants are not included.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 4a. Employees in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by employment status, school type, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: Outlying areas, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Total |  |  | Full time |  |  | Part time |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools |
| Total | 24,968 | 23,595 | 1,373 | 19,892 | 18,755 | 1,137 | 5,076 | 4,840 | 236 |
| Primarily instruction | 9,631 | 9,405 | 226 | 5,985 | 5,869 | 116 | 3,646 | 3,536 | 110 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 1,273 | 923 | 350 | 970 | 717 | 253 | 303 | 206 | 97 |
| Primarily research | 69 | 62 | 7 | 54 | 47 | 7 | 15 | 15 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 117 | 116 | 1 | 92 | 91 | 1 | 25 | 25 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 1,541 | 1,490 | 51 | 1,513 | 1,464 | 49 | 28 | 26 | 2 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 3,828 | 3,580 | 248 | 3,456 | 3,225 | 231 | 372 | 355 | 17 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 1,477 | 1,354 | 123 | 1,224 | 1,104 | 120 | 253 | 250 | 3 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 4,205 | 3,869 | 336 | 3,968 | 3,639 | 329 | 237 | 230 | 7 |
| Skilled crafts | 473 | 465 | 8 | 448 | 440 | 8 | 25 | 25 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 2,354 | 2,331 | 23 | 2,182 | 2,159 | 23 | 172 | 172 | 0 |
| Public | 14,653 | 13,809 | 844 | 12,676 | 11,955 | 721 | 1,977 | 1,854 | 123 |
| Primarily instruction | 4,724 | 4,724 | 0 | 3,700 | 3,700 | 0 | 1,024 | 1,024 | 0 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 1,113 | 798 | 315 | 871 | 653 | 218 | 242 | 145 | 97 |
| Primarily research | 57 | 57 | 0 | 46 | 46 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 112 | 112 | 0 | 90 | 90 | 0 | 22 | 22 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 615 | 597 | 18 | 608 | 592 | 16 | 7 | 5 | 2 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 2,452 | 2,293 | 159 | 2,221 | 2,079 | 142 | 231 | 214 | 17 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 966 | 870 | 96 | 756 | 662 | 94 | 210 | 208 | 2 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 2,591 | 2,347 | 244 | 2,503 | 2,264 | 239 | 88 | 83 | 5 |
| Skilled crafts | 364 | 363 | 1 | 351 | 350 | 1 | 13 | 13 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 1,659 | 1,648 | 11 | 1,530 | 1,519 | 11 | 129 | 129 | 0 |
| Private not-for-profit | 9,040 | 8,511 | 529 | 6,519 | 6,103 | 416 | 2,521 | 2,408 | 113 |
| Primarily instruction | 4,229 | 4,003 | 226 | 2,072 | 1,956 | 116 | 2,157 | 2,047 | 110 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 56 | 21 | 35 | 51 | 16 | 35 | 5 | 5 | 0 |
| Primarily research | 8 | 1 | 7 | 8 | 1 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 3 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 862 | 829 | 33 | 845 | 812 | 33 | 17 | 17 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 1,223 | 1,134 | 89 | 1,093 | 1,004 | 89 | 130 | 130 | 0 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 481 | 454 | 27 | 444 | 418 | 26 | 37 | 36 |  |
| Clerical and secretarial | 1,431 | 1,339 | 92 | 1,304 | 1,214 | 90 | 127 | 125 | 2 |
| Skilled crafts | 106 | 99 | 7 | 95 | 88 | 7 | 11 | 11 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 641 | 629 | 12 | 605 | 593 | 12 | 36 | 36 | 0 |
| Private for-profit | 1,275 | 1,275 | 0 | 697 | 697 | 0 | 578 | 578 | 0 |
| Primarily instruction | 678 | 678 | 0 | 213 | 213 | 0 | 465 | 465 | 0 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 104 | 104 | 0 | 48 | 48 | 0 | 56 | 56 | 0 |
| Primarily research | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 64 | 64 | 0 | 60 | 60 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 153 | 153 | 0 | 142 | 142 | 0 | 11 | 11 | 0 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 30 | 30 | 0 | 24 | 24 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 183 | 183 | 0 | 161 | 161 | 0 | 22 | 22 | 0 |
| Skilled crafts | 3 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 54 | 54 | 0 | 47 | 47 | 0 | 7 | 7 | 0 |

NOTE: The outlying areas are American Samoa, the Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, the Marshall Islands, the Northern Marianas, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands. Part-time graduate assistants are not included.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 5. Employees in Title IV degree-granting 4 year institutions, by employment status, school type, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Total |  |  | Full time |  |  | Part time |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools | Total | Institutions (excluding medical) | Medical schools |
| Total | 2,238,185 | 1,951,810 | 286,375 | 1,730,117 | 1,485,432 | 244,685 | 508,068 | 466,378 | 41,690 |
| Primarily instruction | 514,998 | 483,481 | 31,517 | 280,089 | 257,057 | 23,032 | 234,909 | 226,424 | 8,485 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 238,264 | 189,333 | 48,931 | 186,391 | 144,947 | 41,444 | 51,873 | 44,386 | 7,487 |
| Primarily research | 54,704 | 38,240 | 16,464 | 41,013 | 27,464 | 13,549 | 13,691 | 10,776 | 2,915 |
| Primarily public service | 16,986 | 10,241 | 6,745 | 13,594 | 8,215 | 5,379 | 3,392 | 2,026 | 1,366 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 153,221 | 139,633 | 13,588 | 145,090 | 132,205 | 12,885 | 8,131 | 7,428 | 703 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 509,661 | 426,743 | 82,918 | 440,919 | 368,212 | 72,707 | 68,742 | 58,531 | 10,211 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 156,234 | 123,475 | 32,759 | 128,014 | 99,970 | 28,044 | 28,220 | 23,505 | 4,715 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 350,377 | 305,585 | 44,792 | 284,105 | 243,729 | 40,376 | 66,272 | 61,856 | 4,416 |
| Skilled crafts | 59,454 | 58,030 | 1,424 | 56,792 | 55,415 | 1,377 | 2,662 | 2,615 | 47 |
| Service/maintenance | 184,286 | 177,049 | 7,237 | 154,110 | 148,218 | 5,892 | 30,176 | 28,831 | 1,345 |
| Public | 1,331,510 | 1,171,403 | 160,107 | 1,073,059 | 936,345 | 136,714 | 258,451 | 235,058 | 23,393 |
| Primarily instruction | 240,775 | 225,282 | 15,493 | 151,837 | 139,159 | 12,678 | 88,938 | 86,123 | 2,815 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 171,173 | 141,735 | 29,438 | 135,225 | 110,658 | 24,567 | 35,948 | 31,077 | 4,871 |
| Primarily research | 40,721 | 30,970 | 9,751 | 29,330 | 21,330 | 8,000 | 11,391 | 9,640 | 1,751 |
| Primarily public service | 10,041 | 8,828 | 1,213 | 8,537 | 7,585 | 952 | 1,504 | 1,243 | 261 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 69,036 | 63,753 | 5,283 | 66,047 | 61,142 | 4,905 | 2,989 | 2,611 | 378 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 330,117 | 276,490 | 53,627 | 287,430 | 240,928 | 46,502 | 42,687 | 35,562 | 7,125 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 104,797 | 88,836 | 15,961 | 85,657 | 72,694 | 12,963 | 19,140 | 16,142 | 2,998 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 207,120 | 182,562 | 24,558 | 169,435 | 147,210 | 22,225 | 37,685 | 35,352 | 2,333 |
| Skilled crafts | 44,122 | 43,474 | 648 | 42,282 | 41,657 | 625 | 1,840 | 1,817 | 23 |
| Service/maintenance | 113,608 | 109,473 | 4,135 | 97,279 | 93,982 | 3,297 | 16,329 | 15,491 | 838 |
| Private not-for-profit | 858,374 | 732,145 | 126,229 | 634,194 | 526,240 | 107,954 | 224,180 | 205,905 | 18,275 |
| Primarily instruction | 245,440 | 229,447 | 15,993 | 122,858 | 112,515 | 10,343 | 122,582 | 116,932 | 5,650 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 66,437 | 46,949 | 19,488 | 50,707 | 33,834 | 16,873 | 15,730 | 13,115 | 2,615 |
| Primarily research | 13,973 | 7,260 | 6,713 | 11,677 | 6,128 | 5,549 | 2,296 | 1,132 | 1,164 |
| Primarily public service | 6,928 | 1,396 | 5,532 | 5,041 | 614 | 4,427 | 1,887 | 782 | 1,105 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 80,401 | 72,098 | 8,303 | 75,339 | 67,361 | 7,978 | 5,062 | 4,737 | 325 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 171,274 | 141,984 | 29,290 | 145,694 | 119,489 | 26,205 | 25,580 | 22,495 | 3,085 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 50,424 | 33,626 | 16,798 | 41,505 | 26,424 | 15,081 | 8,919 | 7,202 | 1,717 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 138,452 | 118,218 | 20,234 | 110,661 | 92,510 | 18,151 | 27,791 | 25,708 | 2,083 |
| Skilled crafts | 15,235 | 14,459 | 776 | 14,441 | 13,689 | 752 | 794 | 770 | 24 |
| Service/maintenance | 69,810 | 66,708 | 3,102 | 56,271 | 53,676 | 2,595 | 13,539 | 13,032 | 507 |
| Private for-profit | 48,301 | 48,262 | 39 | 22,864 | 22,847 | 17 | 25,437 | 25,415 | 22 |
| Primarily instruction | 28,783 | 28,752 | 31 | 5,394 | 5,383 | 11 | 23,389 | 23,369 | 20 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 654 | 649 | 5 | 459 | 455 | 4 | 195 | 194 | 1 |
| Primarily research | 10 | 10 | 0 | 6 | 6 | 0 | 4 | 4 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 17 | 17 | 0 | 16 | 16 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 3,784 | 3,782 | 2 | 3,704 | 3,702 | 2 | 80 | 80 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 8,270 | 8,269 | 1 | 7,795 | 7,795 | 0 | 475 | 474 | 1 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 1,013 | 1,013 | 0 | 852 | 852 | 0 | 161 | 161 | 0 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 4,805 | 4,805 | 0 | 4,009 | 4,009 | 0 | 796 | 796 | 0 |
| Skilled crafts | 97 | 97 | 0 | 69 | 69 | 0 | 28 | 28 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 868 | 868 | 0 | 560 | 560 | 0 | 308 | 308 | 0 |

NOTE: Part-time graduate assistants are not included.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 6. Employees in Title IV degree-granting 2-year institutions, by employment status, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Total | Full time | Part time |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 626,049 | 312,061 | 313,988 |
| Primarily instruction | 339,265 | 114,197 | 225,068 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 16,184 | 5,009 | 11,175 |
| Primarily research | 87 | 67 | 20 |
| Primarily public service | 3,627 | 409 | 3,218 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 29,671 | 28,661 | 1,010 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 58,606 | 44,608 | 13,998 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 44,741 | 29,297 | 15,444 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 91,308 | 57,443 | 33,865 |
| Skilled crafts | 6,544 | 5,416 | 1,128 |
| Service/maintenance | 36,016 | 26,954 | 9,062 |
| Public | 589,438 | 287,395 | 302,043 |
| Primarily instruction | 321,872 | 105,353 | 216,519 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 15,335 | 4,654 | 10,681 |
| Primarily research | 79 | 61 | 18 |
| Primarily public service | 3,573 | 366 | 3,207 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 25,152 | 24,270 | 882 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 52,155 | 38,867 | 13,288 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 43,129 | 28,159 | 14,970 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 87,478 | 54,632 | 32,846 |
| Skilled crafts | 6,259 | 5,225 | 1,034 |
| Service/maintenance | 34,406 | 25,808 | 8,598 |
| Private not-for-profit | 8,426 | 5,667 | 2,759 |
| Primarily instruction | 4,066 | 2,054 | 2,012 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 31 | 28 | 3 |
| Primarily research | 3 | 3 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 10 | 7 | 3 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 943 | 914 | 29 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 1,316 | 1,135 | 181 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 345 | 271 | 74 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 971 | 706 | 265 |
| Skilled crafts | 128 | 106 | 22 |
| Service/maintenance | 613 | 443 | 170 |
| Private for-profit | 28,185 | 18,999 | 9,186 |
| Primarily instruction | 13,327 | 6,790 | 6,537 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 818 | 327 | 491 |
| Primarily research | 5 | 3 | 2 |
| Primarily public service | 44 | 36 | 8 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 3,576 | 3,477 | 99 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 5,135 | 4,606 | 529 |
| Technical and paraprofes sionals | 1,267 | 867 | 400 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 2,859 | 2,105 | 754 |
| Skilled crafts | 157 | 85 | 72 |
| Service/maintenance | 997 | 703 | 294 |

NOTE: Part-time graduate assistants are not included.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 7. Part-time graduate assistants in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by school type, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Institutions (excluding medical schools) |  |  | Medical schools ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | 4 -year | 2-year |  |
| Total | 273,591 | 254,371 | 1,572 | 17,648 |
| Primarily instruction | 83,525 | 81,015 | 1,343 | 1,167 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 90,519 | 83,555 | 29 | 6,935 |
| Primarily research | 76,764 | 70,470 | 0 | 6,294 |
| Primarily public service | 2,467 | 797 | 0 | 1,670 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 618 | 616 | 2 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 15,408 | 14,064 | 131 | 1,213 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 495 | 435 | 31 | 29 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 3,140 | 2,775 | 25 | 340 |
| Skilled crafts | 9 | 8 | 1 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 646 | 636 | 10 | 0 |
| Public | 226,842 | 213,978 | 1,527 | 11,337 |
| Primarily instruction | 69,425 | 67,195 | 1,336 | 894 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 75,174 | 71,302 | 29 | 3,843 |
| Primarily research | 62,665 | 58,847 | 0 | 3,818 |
| Primarily public service | 2,315 | 762 | 0 | 1,553 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 528 | 526 | 2 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 14,568 | 13,241 | 127 | 1,200 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 303 | 266 | 8 | 29 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 1,780 | 1,762 | 18 | 0 |
| Skilled crafts | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 83 | 77 | 6 | 0 |
| Private not-for-profit | 45,915 | 39,598 | 6 | 6,311 |
| Primarily instruction | 14,033 | 13,760 | 0 | 273 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 15,338 | 12,246 | 0 | 3,092 |
| Primarily research | 13,394 | 10,918 | 0 | 2,476 |
| Primarily public service | 146 | 29 | 0 | 117 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 90 | 90 | 0 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 836 | 823 | 0 | 13 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 152 | 152 | 0 | 0 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 1,355 | 1,013 | 2 | 340 |
| Skilled crafts | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 563 | 559 | 4 | 0 |
| Private for-profit | 834 | 795 | 39 | 0 |
| Primarily instruction | 67 | 60 | 7 | 0 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 7 | 7 | 0 | 0 |
| Primarily research | 705 | 705 | 0 | 0 |
| Primarily public service | 6 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 4 | 0 | 4 | 0 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 40 | 17 | 23 | 0 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 5 | 0 | 5 | 0 |
| Skilled crafts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Service/maintenance | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

${ }^{\top}$ Medical schools are 4-year and above institutions only.
NOTE: Part-time graduate assistants are not included in tables 1 through 6.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsec ondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 8. Full-time professional employees in Title IV degree-granting institutions (excluding medical schools), by faculty status, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Number |  |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Tenured | culty status |  | Without faculty status | Total |  | ulty status |  | Without faculty status |
|  |  |  | On tenure track | Not on tenure track/no tenure system |  |  | Tenured | $\begin{array}{r} \text { On } \\ \text { tenure } \\ \text { track } \end{array}$ | Not on tenure track/no tenure system |  |
| Total | 1,131,051 | 275,355 | 114,801 | 194,665 | 546,230 | 100.0 | 24.3 | 10.1 | 17.2 | 48.3 |
| Primarily instruction | 371,254 | 168,667 | 76,559 | 121,890 | 4,138 | 100.0 | 45.4 | 20.6 | 32.8 | 1.1 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 149,956 | 88,529 | 34,366 | 23,382 | 3,679 | 100.0 | 59.0 | 22.9 | 15.6 | 2.5 |
| Primarily research | 27,531 | 2,912 | 1,156 | 12,797 | 10,666 | 100.0 | 10.6 | 4.2 | 46.5 | 38.7 |
| Primarily public service | 8,624 | 1,813 | 658 | 3,199 | 2,954 | 100.0 | 21.0 | 7.6 | 37.1 | 34.3 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 160,866 | 9,761 | 850 | 14,910 | 135,345 | 100.0 | 6.1 | 0.5 | 9.3 | 84.1 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 412,820 | 3,673 | 1,212 | 18,487 | 389,448 | 100.0 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 4.5 | 94.3 |
| Public | 754,373 | 204,148 | 79,775 | 122,607 | 347,843 | 100.0 | 27.1 | 10.6 | 16.3 | 46.1 |
| Primarily instruction | 244,512 | 118,952 | 50,152 | 72,339 | 3,069 | 100.0 | 48.6 | 20.5 | 29.6 | 1.3 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 115,312 | 69,823 | 26,252 | 16,661 | 2,576 | 100.0 | 60.6 | 22.8 | 14.4 | 2.2 |
| Primarily research | 21,391 | 2,845 | 1,146 | 10,094 | 7,306 | 100.0 | 13.3 | 5.4 | 47.2 | 34.2 |
| Primarily public service | 7,951 | 1,756 | 642 | 2,792 | 2,761 | 100.0 | 22.1 | 8.1 | 35.1 | 34.7 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 85,412 | 7,775 | 542 | 8,032 | 69,063 | 100.0 | 9.1 | 0.6 | 9.4 | 80.9 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 279,795 | 2,997 | 1,041 | 12,689 | 263,068 | 100.0 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 4.5 | 94.0 |
| Private not-for-profit | 344,082 | 70,767 | 34,923 | 56,134 | 182,258 | 100.0 | 20.6 | 10.1 | 16.3 | 53.0 |
| Primarily instruction | 114,569 | 49,463 | 26,338 | 38,136 | 632 | 100.0 | 43.2 | 23.0 | 33.3 | 0.6 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 33,862 | 18,685 | 8,114 | 5,962 | 1,101 | 100.0 | 55.2 | 24.0 | 17.6 | 3.3 |
| Primarily research | 6,131 | 67 | 10 | 2,701 | 3,353 | 100.0 | 1.1 | 0.2 | 44.1 | 54.7 |
| Primarily public service | 621 | 57 | 16 | 378 | 170 | 100.0 | 9.2 | 2.6 | 60.9 | 27.4 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 68,275 | 1,921 | 290 | 4,850 | 61,214 | 100.0 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 7.1 | 89.7 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 120,624 | 574 | 155 | 4,107 | 115,788 | 100.0 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 3.4 | 96.0 |
| Private for-profit | 32,596 | 440 | 103 | 15,924 | 16,129 | 100.0 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 48.9 | 49.5 |
| Primarily instruction | 12,173 | 252 | 69 | 11,415 | 437 | 100.0 | 2.1 | 0.6 | 93.8 | 3.6 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 782 | 21 | 0 | 759 | 2 | 100.0 | 2.7 | 0.0 | 97.1 | 0.3 |
| Primarily research | 9 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 7 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 22.2 | 77.8 |
| Primarily public service | 52 | 0 | 0 | 29 | 23 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 55.8 | 44.2 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 7,179 | 65 | 18 | 2,028 | 5,068 | 100.0 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 28.2 | 70.6 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 12,401 | 102 | 16 | 1,691 | 10,592 | 100.0 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 13.6 | 85.4 |

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 9. Full-time professional employees in Title IV degree-granting medical schools, by faculty status, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Number |  |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  | ulty status |  | Without faculty status | Total |  | ulty statu |  | Without faculty status |
|  |  | Tenured | $\begin{array}{r} \text { On } \\ \text { tenure } \\ \text { track } \end{array}$ | Not on tenure track/no tenure system |  |  | Tenured | $\begin{array}{r} \text { On } \\ \text { tenure } \\ \text { track } \end{array}$ | Not on tenure track/no tenure system |  |
| Total | 168,996 | 20,483 | 15,045 | 43,947 | 89,521 | 100.0 | 12.1 | 8.9 | 26.0 | 53.0 |
| Primarily instruction | 23,032 | 6,275 | 4,633 | 11,689 | 435 | 100.0 | 27.2 | 20.1 | 50.8 | 1.9 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 41,444 | 12,109 | 9,066 | 18,753 | 1,516 | 100.0 | 29.2 | 21.9 | 45.2 | 3.7 |
| Primarily research | 13,549 | 936 | 621 | 5,619 | 6,373 | 100.0 | 6.9 | 4.6 | 41.5 | 47.0 |
| Primarily public service | 5,379 | 423 | 624 | 4,212 | 120 | 100.0 | 7.9 | 11.6 | 78.3 | 2.2 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 12,885 | 663 | 91 | 830 | 11,301 | 100.0 | 5.1 | 0.7 | 6.4 | 87.7 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 72,707 | 77 | 10 | 2,844 | 69,776 | 100.0 | 0.1 | \# | 3.9 | 96.0 |
| Public | 97,604 | 13,027 | 6,500 | 24,678 | 53,399 | 100.0 | 13.3 | 6.7 | 25.3 | 54.7 |
| Primarily instruction | 12,678 | 3,949 | 2,431 | 5,930 | 368 | 100.0 | 31.1 | 19.2 | 46.8 | 2.9 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 24,567 | 7,648 | 3,532 | 12,398 | 989 | 100.0 | 31.1 | 14.4 | 50.5 | 4.0 |
| Primarily research | 8,000 | 777 | 416 | 2,483 | 4,324 | 100.0 | 9.7 | 5.2 | 31.0 | 54.1 |
| Primarily public service | 952 | 50 | 39 | 812 | 51 | 100.0 | 5.3 | 4.1 | 85.3 | 5.4 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 4,905 | 528 | 72 | 621 | 3,684 | 100.0 | 10.8 | 1.5 | 12.7 | 75.1 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 46,502 | 75 | 10 | 2,434 | 43,983 | 100.0 | 0.2 | \# | 5.2 | 94.6 |
| Private not-for-profit | 71,375 | 7,456 | 8,545 | 19,252 | 36,122 | 100.0 | 10.4 | 12.0 | 27.0 | 50.6 |
| Primarily instruction | 10,343 | 2,326 | 2,202 | 5,748 | 67 | 100.0 | 22.5 | 21.3 | 55.6 | 0.6 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 16,873 | 4,461 | 5,534 | 6,351 | 527 | 100.0 | 26.4 | 32.8 | 37.6 | 3.1 |
| Primarily research | 5,549 | 159 | 205 | 3,136 | 2,049 | 100.0 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 56.5 | 36.9 |
| Primarily public service | 4,427 | 373 | 585 | 3,400 | 69 | 100.0 | 8.4 | 13.2 | 76.8 | 1.6 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 7,978 | 135 | 19 | 207 | 7,617 | 100.0 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 2.6 | 95.5 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 26,205 | 2 | 0 | 410 | 25,793 | 100.0 | \# | 0.0 | 1.6 | 98.4 |
| Private for-profit | 17 | 0 | 0 | 17 | 0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 |
| Primarily instruction | 11 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 |
| Primarily research | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Primarily public service | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |

[^2]Table 10. Part-time professional employees in Title IV degree-granting institutions (excluding medical schools), by faculty status, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Number |  |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Facher | ulty status |  | Without faculty status | Total |  | ulty status |  | Without faculty status |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { On } \\ \text { tenure } \\ \text { track } \end{array}$ | Not on tenure track/no tenure system |  |  | Tenured | $\begin{array}{r} \text { On } \\ \text { tenure } \\ \text { track } \end{array}$ | Not on tenure track/no tenure system |  |
| Total | 604,060 | 5,632 | 3,778 | 452,506 | 142,144 | 100.0 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 74.9 | 23.5 |
| Primarily instruction | 451,492 | 2,972 | 3,196 | 392,291 | 53,033 | 100.0 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 86.9 | 11.7 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 55,561 | 1,988 | 479 | 46,586 | 6,508 | 100.0 | 3.6 | 0.9 | 83.8 | 11.7 |
| Primarily research | 10,796 | 121 | 34 | 6,021 | 4,620 | 100.0 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 55.8 | 42.8 |
| Primarily public service | 5,244 | 30 | 2 | 2,478 | 2,734 | 100.0 | 0.6 | \# | 47.3 | 52.1 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 8,438 | 115 | 14 | 816 | 7,493 | 100.0 | 1.4 | 0.2 | 9.7 | 88.8 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 72,529 | 406 | 53 | 4,314 | 67,756 | 100.0 | 0.6 | 0.1 | 5.9 | 93.4 |
| Public | 410,851 | 4,584 | 3,358 | 315,188 | 87,721 | 100.0 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 76.7 | 21.4 |
| Primarily instruction | 302,642 | 2,324 | 2,887 | 266,570 | 30,861 | 100.0 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 88.1 | 10.2 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 41,758 | 1,657 | 379 | 37,291 | 2,431 | 100.0 | 4.0 | 0.9 | 89.3 | 5.8 |
| Primarily research | 9,658 | 119 | 34 | 5,642 | 3,863 | 100.0 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 58.4 | 40.0 |
| Primarily public service | 4,450 | 28 | 2 | 1,924 | 2,496 | 100.0 | 0.6 | \# | 43.2 | 56.1 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 3,493 | 82 | 6 | 522 | 2,883 | 100.0 | 2.3 | 0.2 | 14.9 | 82.5 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 48,850 | 374 | 50 | 3,239 | 45,187 | 100.0 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 6.6 | 92.5 |
| Private not-for-profit | 161,421 | 964 | 407 | 107,679 | 52,371 | 100.0 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 66.7 | 32.4 |
| Primarily instruction | 118,944 | 602 | 296 | 96,995 | 21,051 | 100.0 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 81.5 | 17.7 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 13,118 | 319 | 100 | 8,622 | 4,077 | 100.0 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 65.7 | 31.1 |
| Primarily research | 1,132 | 2 | 0 | 379 | 751 | 100.0 | 0.2 | 0.0 | 33.5 | 66.3 |
| Primarily public service | 785 | 2 | 0 | 547 | 236 | 100.0 | 0.3 | 0.0 | 69.7 | 30.1 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 4,766 | 20 | 8 | 240 | 4,498 | 100.0 | 0.4 | 0.2 | 5.0 | 94.4 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 22,676 | 19 | 3 | 896 | 21,758 | 100.0 | 0.1 | \# | 4.0 | 96.0 |
| Private for-profit | 31,788 | 84 | 13 | 29,639 | 2,052 | 100.0 | 0.3 | \# | 93.2 | 6.5 |
| Primarily instruction | 29,906 | 46 | 13 | 28,726 | 1,121 | 100.0 | 0.2 | \# | 96.1 | 3.7 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 685 | 12 | 0 | 673 | 0 | 100.0 | 1.8 | 0.0 | 98.2 | 0.0 |
| Primarily research | 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 6 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 |
| Primarily public service | 9 | 0 | 0 | 7 | 2 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 77.8 | 22.2 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 179 | 13 | 0 | 54 | 112 | 100.0 | 7.3 | 0.0 | 30.2 | 62.6 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 1,003 | 13 | 0 | 179 | 811 | 100.0 | 1.3 | 0.0 | 17.8 | 80.9 |

\#Rounds to zero.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 11. Part-time professional employees in Title IV degree-granting medical schools, by faculty status, control of institution, and primary function/occupational activity: United States, fall 2002

| Control of institution and primary function/occupational activity | Number |  |  |  |  | Percent |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Tenured | ulty status | Not on tenure track/no tenure system | Without faculty status | Total |  | ulty status |  | Without faculty status |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { On } \\ \text { tenure } \\ \text { track } \end{array}$ |  |  |  | Tenured | $\begin{array}{r} \text { On } \\ \text { tenure } \\ \text { track } \end{array}$ | Not on tenure track/no tenure system |  |
| Total | 31,167 | 1,159 | 670 | 15,497 | 13,841 | 100.0 | 3.7 | 2.1 | 49.7 | 44.4 |
| Primarily instruction | 8,485 | 250 | 183 | 7,107 | 945 | 100.0 | 2.9 | 2.2 | 83.8 | 11.1 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 7,487 | 784 | 399 | 6,007 | 297 | 100.0 | 10.5 | 5.3 | 80.2 | 4.0 |
| Primarily research | 2,915 | 51 | 30 | 951 | 1,883 | 100.0 | 1.7 | 1.0 | 32.6 | 64.6 |
| Primarily public service | 1,366 | 16 | 40 | 968 | 342 | 100.0 | 1.2 | 2.9 | 70.9 | 25.0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 703 | 41 | 16 | 110 | 536 | 100.0 | 5.8 | 2.3 | 15.6 | 76.2 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 10,211 | 17 | 2 | 354 | 9,838 | 100.0 | 0.2 | \# | 3.5 | 96.3 |
| Public | 17,201 | 828 | 419 | 7,661 | 8,293 | 100.0 | 4.8 | 2.4 | 44.5 | 48.2 |
| Primarily instruction | 2,815 | 171 | 168 | 2,338 | 138 | 100.0 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 83.1 | 4.9 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 4,871 | 555 | 227 | 3,925 | 164 | 100.0 | 11.4 | 4.7 | 80.6 | 3.4 |
| Primarily research | 1,751 | 45 | 13 | 718 | 975 | 100.0 | 2.6 | 0.7 | 41.0 | 55.7 |
| Primarily public service | 261 | 0 | 0 | 235 | 26 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 90.0 | 10.0 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 378 | 40 | 9 | 96 | 233 | 100.0 | 10.6 | 2.4 | 25.4 | 61.6 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 7,125 | 17 | 2 | 349 | 6,757 | 100.0 | 0.2 | \# | 4.9 | 94.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 13,944 | 331 | 251 | 7,815 | 5,547 | 100.0 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 56.0 | 39.8 |
| Primarily instruction | 5,650 | 79 | 15 | 4,750 | 806 | 100.0 | 1.4 | 0.3 | 84.1 | 14.3 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 2,615 | 229 | 172 | 2,081 | 133 | 100.0 | 8.8 | 6.6 | 79.6 | 5.1 |
| Primarily research | 1,164 | 6 | 17 | 233 | 908 | 100.0 | 0.5 | 1.5 | 20.0 | 78.0 |
| Primarily public service | 1,105 | 16 | 40 | 733 | 316 | 100.0 | 1.4 | 3.6 | 66.3 | 28.6 |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 325 | 1 | 7 | 14 | 303 | 100.0 | 0.3 | 2.2 | 4.3 | 93.2 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 3,085 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 3,081 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.1 | 99.9 |
| Private for-profit | 22 | 0 | 0 | 21 | 1 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 95.5 | 4.5 |
| Primarily instruction | 20 | 0 | 0 | 19 | , | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 95.0 | 5.0 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 |
| Primarily research | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Primarily public service | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Executive/administrative/managerial | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Other professional (support/service) | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 100.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 100.0 | 0.0 |

[^3]Table 12. Full-time instructional faculty on less-than-9-month contracts in Title IV degreegranting institutions, by academic rank, gender, and control and level of institution: United States, academic year 2002-03

| Control and level of institution | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3,473 | 297 | 133 | 282 | 1,628 | 435 | 698 |
| 4-year | 1,700 | 279 | 133 | 278 | 343 | 359 | 308 |
| 2-year | 1,773 | 18 | 0 | 4 | 1,285 | 76 | 390 |
| Public | 2,381 | 69 | 41 | 122 | 1,243 | 400 | 506 |
| 4-year | 834 | 66 | 41 | 118 | 162 | 325 | 122 |
| 2-year | 1,547 | 3 | 0 | 4 | 1,081 | 75 | 384 |
| Private not-for-profit | 854 | 210 | 92 | 160 | 181 | 34 | 177 |
| 4-year | 814 | 207 | 92 | 160 | 144 | 34 | 177 |
| 2-year | 40 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 0 | 0 |
| Private for-profit | 238 | 18 | 0 | 0 | 204 | 1 | 15 |
| 4-year | 52 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 37 | 0 | 9 |
| 2-year |  | 12 | 0 | 0 | 167 | 1 | 6 |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total men | 1,838 | 234 | 96 | 174 | 793 | 199 | 342 |
| 4-year | 965 | 226 | 96 | 172 | 159 | 166 | 146 |
| 2-year | 873 | 8 | 0 | 2 | 634 | 33 | 196 |
| Public | 1,179 | 57 | 32 | 77 | 586 | 183 | 244 |
| 4-year | 431 | 56 | 32 | 75 | 68 | 150 | 50 |
| 2-year | 748 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 518 | 33 | 194 |
| Private not-for-profit | 523 | 168 | 64 | 97 | 88 | 16 | 90 |
| 4 -year | 498 | 167 | 64 | 97 | 64 | 16 | 90 |
| 2-year | 25 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 24 | 0 | 0 |
| Private for-profit | 136 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 119 | 0 | 8 |
| 4-year | 36 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 27 | 0 | 6 |
| 2-year | 100 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 92 | 0 | 2 |
|  | Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total women | 1,635 | 63 | 37 | 108 | 835 | 236 | 356 |
| 4 -year | 735 | 53 | 37 | 106 | 184 | 193 | 162 |
| 2-year | 900 | 10 | 0 | 2 | 651 | 43 | 194 |
| Public | 1,202 | 12 | 9 | 45 | 657 | 217 | 262 |
| 4-year | 403 | 10 | 9 | 43 | 94 | 175 | 72 |
| 2-year | 799 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 563 | 42 | 190 |
| Private not-for-profit | 331 | 42 | 28 | 63 | 93 | 18 | 87 |
| 4-year | 316 | 40 | 28 | 63 | 80 | 18 | 87 |
| 2-year | 15 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 |
| Private for-profit | 102 | 9 | 0 | 0 | 85 | 1 | 7 |
| 4 -year | 16 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 0 | 3 |
| 2-year | 86 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 75 | 1 | 4 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 13. Average salaries of full-time instructional faculty on less-than-9-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank, gender, and control and level of institution: United States, academic year 2002-03

| Control and level of institution | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$27,736 | \$54,479 | \$45,789 | \$37,511 | \$21,675 | \$18,358 | \$28,948 |
| 4-year | 29,182 | 55,333 | 45,789 | 37,322 | 17,532 | 18,512 | 16,386 |
| 2-year | 26,349 | 41,239 | $\dagger$ | 50,689 | 22,781 | 17,627 | 38,868 |
| Public | 27,692 | 60,072 | 61,271 | 37,650 | 24,946 | 17,307 | 33,109 |
| 4-year | 26,058 | 61,596 | 61,271 | 37,208 | 20,582 | 17,241 | 14,977 |
| 2-year | 28,573 | 26,552 | $\dagger$ | 50,689 | 25,600 | 17,595 | 38,869 |
| Private not-for-profit | 31,484 | 54,113 | 38,889 | 37,406 | 11,172 | 30,669 | 16,363 |
| 4 -year | 32,739 | 54,486 | 38,889 | 37,406 | 12,983 | 30,669 | 16,363 |
| 2-year | 5,943 | 28,333 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 4,127 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private for-profit | 14,725 | 37,315 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 11,062 | 20,000 | 37,071 |
| 4 -year | 23,597 | 15,669 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 21,886 |  | 35,918 |
| 2-year | 12,244 | 48,138 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 8,664 | 20,000 | 38,800 |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total men | \$30,985 | \$56,323 | \$48,861 | \$36,881 | \$23,286 | \$17,183 | \$31,513 |
| 4-year | 33,528 | 56,786 | 48,861 | 36,706 | 19,265 | 16,997 | 18,030 |
| 2-year | 28,174 | 43,244 | $\dagger$ | 51,876 | 24,295 | 18,116 | 41,557 |
| Public | 30,713 | 61,509 | 61,693 | 35,940 | 27,431 | 16,282 | 36,513 |
| 4-year | 29,709 | 62,177 | 61,693 | 35,515 | 21,408 | 15,878 | 16,944 |
| 2-year | 31,292 | 24,071 | $\dagger$ | 51,876 | 28,221 | 18,116 | 41,557 |
| Private not-for-profit | 36,402 | 55,562 | 42,445 | 37,627 | 15,212 | 27,489 | 17,324 |
| 4 -year | 38,007 | 55,703 | 42,445 | 37,627 | 19,687 | 27,489 | 17,324 |
| 2-year | 4,428 | 32,000 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 3,279 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private for-profit | 12,510 | 37,698 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 8,849 | $\dagger$ | 38,625 |
| 4 -year | 17,299 | 16,466 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 12,866 | $\dagger$ | 37,667 |
| 2-year | 10,785 | 48,314 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 7,670 | $\dagger$ | 41,500 |
|  | Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total women | \$24,083 | \$47,629 | \$37,819 | \$38,528 | \$20,145 | \$19,348 | \$26,483 |
| 4 -year | 23,476 | 49,137 | 37,819 | 38,321 | 16,035 | 19,815 | 14,903 |
| 2-year | 24,579 | 39,636 | $\dagger$ | 49,502 | 21,307 | 17,251 | 36,153 |
| Public | 24,729 | 53,248 | 59,771 | 40,577 | 22,730 | 18,172 | 29,938 |
| 4-year | 22,155 | 58,339 | 59,771 | 40,162 | 19,985 | 18,408 | 13,611 |
| 2-year | 26,027 | 27,792 | $\dagger$ | 49,502 | 23,189 | 17,186 | 36,125 |
| Private not-for-profit | 23,714 | 48,315 | 30,762 | 37,065 | 7,350 | 33,496 | 15,369 |
| 4 -year | 24,437 | 49,406 | 30,762 | 37,065 | 7,619 | 33,496 | 15,369 |
| 2-year | 8,467 | 26,500 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 5,692 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private for-profit | 17,678 | 36,932 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 14,161 | 20,000 | 35,295 |
| 4 -year | 37,768 | 14,871 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 46,241 | $\dagger$ | 32,422 |
| 2-year | 13,940 | 47,962 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | 9,884 | 20,000 | 37,450 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable. There are no faculty members in this cell.
NOTE: Average salaries data should be used with caution. See previous table for numbers of faculty represented. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 14. Full-time instructional faculty on 9/10-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank, gender, and control and level of institution: United States, academic year 2002-03

| Control and level of institution | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 425,370 | 121,806 | 96,424 | 102,630 | 58,558 | 15,026 | 30,926 |
| 4-year | 330,364 | 108,832 | 87,473 | 92,879 | 21,511 | 14,218 | 5,451 |
| 2-year | 95,006 | 12,974 | 8,951 | 9,751 | 37,047 | 808 | 25,475 |
| Public | 301,544 | 81,873 | 63,335 | 67,001 | 50,477 | 11,266 | 27,592 |
| 4-year | 207,698 | 69,030 | 54,597 | 57,482 | 13,862 | 10,472 | 2,255 |
| 2-year | 93,846 | 12,843 | 8,738 | 9,519 | 36,615 | 794 | 25,337 |
| Private not-for-profit | 123,328 | 39,904 | 33,061 | 35,584 | 7,874 | 3,760 | 3,145 |
| 4-year | 122,316 | 39,774 | 32,855 | 35,372 | 7,560 | 3,746 | 3,009 |
| 2-year | 1,012 | 130 | 206 | 212 | 314 | 14 | 136 |
| Private for-profit | 498 | 29 | 28 | 45 | 207 | 0 | 189 |
| 4 -year | 350 | 28 | 21 | 25 | 89 | 0 | 187 |
| 2 -year | 148 | 1 | 7 | 20 | 118 | 0 | 2 |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total men | 255,650 | 92,076 | 58,894 | 54,909 | 27,403 | 6,807 | 15,561 |
| 4-year | 208,454 | 84,899 | 54,593 | 50,429 | 9,160 | 6,446 | 2,927 |
| 2-year | 47,196 | 7,177 | 4,301 | 4,480 | 18,243 | 361 | 12,634 |
| Public | 178,265 | 61,278 | 38,737 | 35,906 | 23,644 | 5,059 | 13,641 |
| 4-year | 131,612 | 54,167 | 34,541 | 31,518 | 5,609 | 4,698 | 1,079 |
| 2-year | 46,653 | 7,111 | 4,196 | 4,388 | 18,035 | 361 | 12,562 |
| Private not-for-profit | 77,124 | 30,779 | 20,143 | 18,988 | 3,671 | 1,748 | 1,795 |
| 4-year | 76,632 | 30,713 | 20,040 | 18,899 | 3,507 | 1,748 | 1,725 |
| 2-year | 492 | 66 | 103 | 89 | 164 | 0 | 70 |
| Private for-profit | 261 | 19 | 14 | 15 | 88 | 0 | 125 |
| 4-year | 210 | 19 | 12 | 12 | 44 | 0 | 123 |
| 2-year | 51 | 0 | 2 | 3 | 44 | 0 | 2 |
|  | Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total women | 169,720 | 29,730 | 37,530 | 47,721 | 31,155 | 8,219 | 15,365 |
| 4-year | 121,910 | 23,933 | 32,880 | 42,450 | 12,351 | 7,772 | 2,524 |
| 2-year | 47,810 | 5,797 | 4,650 | 5,271 | 18,804 | 447 | 12,841 |
| Public | 123,279 | 20,595 | 24,598 | 31,095 | 26,833 | 6,207 | 13,951 |
| 4-year | 76,086 | 14,863 | 20,056 | 25,964 | 8,253 | 5,774 | 1,176 |
| 2-year | 47,193 | 5,732 | 4,542 | 5,131 | 18,580 | 433 | 12,775 |
| Private not-for-profit | 46,204 | 9,125 | 12,918 | 16,596 | 4,203 | 2,012 | 1,350 |
| 4-year | 45,684 | 9,061 | 12,815 | 16,473 | 4,053 | 1,998 | 1,284 |
| 2-year | 520 | 64 | 103 | 123 | 150 | 14 | 66 |
| Private for-profit | 237 | 10 | 14 | 30 | 119 | 0 | 64 |
| 4-year | 140 | 9 | 9 | 13 | 45 | 0 | 64 |
| 2-year | 97 | 1 | 5 | 17 | 74 | 0 | 0 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 15. Average salaries of full-time instructional faculty on $9 / 10$-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank, gender, and control and level of institution: United States, academic year 2002-03

| Control and level of institution | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$61,330 | \$83,466 | \$60,471 | \$50,552 | \$48,304 | \$42,622 | \$46,338 |
| 4-year | 63,979 | 86,017 | 61,377 | 51,076 | 37,623 | 42,212 | 46,392 |
| 2-year | 52,117 | 62,071 | 51,617 | 45,568 | 54,506 | 49,839 | 46,327 |
| Public | 60,014 | 80,872 | 60,308 | 50,659 | 49,976 | 41,474 | 46,102 |
| 4-year | 63,486 | 84,330 | 61,640 | 51,453 | 37,290 | 40,813 | 43,158 |
| 2-year | 52,330 | 62,283 | 51,986 | 45,863 | 54,778 | 50,186 | 46,364 |
| Private not-for-profit | 64,634 | 88,817 | 60,786 | 50,370 | 38,090 | 46,064 | 48,289 |
| 4 -year | 64,875 | 88,972 | 60,938 | 50,469 | 38,332 | 46,124 | 48,704 |
| 2-year | 35,514 | 41,346 | 36,572 | 33,784 | 32,257 | 30,186 | 39,105 |
| Private for-profit | 39,629 | 46,059 | 55,220 | 36,764 | 29,209 | $\dagger$ | 48,427 |
| 4-year | 43,651 | 46,525 | 62,451 | 42,067 | 29,231 | $\dagger$ | 48,184 |
| 2-year | 30,117 | 33,000 | 33,525 | 30,135 | 29,192 | $\dagger$ | 71,148 |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total men | \$66,126 | \$86,191 | \$62,226 | \$52,441 | \$50,272 | \$45,469 | \$47,412 |
| 4-year | 68,932 | 88,070 | 62,984 | 52,959 | 38,603 | 44,824 | 47,954 |
| 2-year | 53,736 | 63,966 | 52,605 | 46,604 | 56,131 | 56,971 | 47,287 |
| Public | 64,564 | 83,593 | 62,069 | 52,443 | 52,181 | 44,052 | 47,140 |
| 4 -year | 68,322 | 86,143 | 63,165 | 53,213 | 38,525 | 43,059 | 45,006 |
| 2-year | 53,962 | 64,175 | 53,044 | 46,910 | 56,428 | 56,971 | 47,323 |
| Private not-for-profit | 69,815 | 91,387 | 62,527 | 52,451 | 38,462 | 49,569 | 49,218 |
| 4-year | 70,040 | 91,494 | 62,668 | 52,546 | 38,816 | 49,569 | 49,589 |
| 2-year | 34,727 | 41,458 | 35,092 | 32,162 | 30,891 | $\dagger$ | 40,090 |
| Private for-profit | 43,345 | 46,384 | 62,835 | 34,602 | 29,913 | $\dagger$ | 51,205 |
| 4 -year | 46,565 | 46,384 | 67,831 | 36,058 | 31,646 | $\dagger$ | 50,881 |
| 2-year | 30,083 | + | 32,861 | 28,774 | 28,180 | $\dagger$ | 71,148 |
|  | Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total women | \$54,105 | \$75,028 | \$57,716 | \$48,380 | \$46,573 | \$40,265 | \$45,251 |
| 4 -year | 55,511 | 78,735 | 58,708 | 48,838 | 36,896 | 40,046 | 44,581 |
| 2-year | 50,518 | 59,724 | 50,703 | 44,687 | 52,929 | 44,080 | 45,383 |
| Public | 53,435 | 72,773 | 57,536 | 48,598 | 48,032 | 39,372 | 45,087 |
| 4-year | 55,121 | 77,725 | 59,014 | 49,316 | 36,451 | 38,986 | 41,463 |
| 2-year | 50,717 | 59,935 | 51,008 | 44,968 | 53,176 | 44,529 | 45,421 |
| Private not-for-profit | 55,986 | 80,149 | 58,072 | 47,989 | 37,766 | 43,019 | 47,054 |
| 4 -year | 56,210 | 80,424 | 58,233 | 48,086 | 37,914 | 43,109 | 47,517 |
| 2-year | 36,259 | 41,230 | 38,052 | 34,957 | 33,750 | 30,186 | 38,060 |
| Private for-profit | 35,537 | 45,441 | 47,605 | 37,845 | 28,688 | $\dagger$ | 43,002 |
| 4 -year | 39,280 | 46,823 | 55,279 | 47,613 | 26,871 | $\dagger$ | 43,002 |
| 2-year | 30,135 | 33,000 | 33,791 | 30,375 | 29,794 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |

$\dagger$ Not applicable. There are no faculty members in this cell.
NOTE: Average salaries data should be used with caution. See previous table for numbers of faculty represented. SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 16. Change in average salaries of full-time instructional faculty on 9/10-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank, and control and level of institution: United States, academic year 2001-02 and 2002-03

| Control and level of institution | All ranks |  |  | Professor |  |  | Associate professor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change |
| Total | \$59,742 | \$61,330 | 2.7 | \$80,792 | \$83,466 | 3.3 | \$58,724 | \$60,471 | 3.0 |
| 4-year | 62,404 | 63,979 | 2.5 | 83,265 | 86,017 | 3.3 | 59,637 | 61,377 | 2.9 |
| 2-year | 50,636 | 52,117 | 2.9 | 60,415 | 62,071 | 2.7 | 50,206 | 51,617 | 2.8 |
| Public | 58,524 | 60,014 | 2.5 | 78,387 | 80,872 | 3.2 | 58,663 | 60,308 | 2.8 |
| 4-year | 62,013 | 63,486 | 2.4 | 81,726 | 84,330 | 3.2 | 60,041 | 61,640 | 2.7 |
| 2-year | 50,837 | 52,330 | 2.9 | 60,614 | 62,283 | 2.8 | 50,436 | 51,986 | 3.1 |
| Private not-for-profit | 62,947 | 64,634 | 2.7 | 85,867 | 88,817 | 3.4 | 58,871 | 60,786 | 3.3 |
| 4-year | 63,189 | 64,875 | 2.7 | 86,009 | 88,972 | 3.4 | 58,969 | 60,938 | 3.3 |
| 2-year | 33,595 | 35,514 | 5.7 | 40,221 | 41,346 | 2.8 | 38,481 | 36,572 | -5.0 |
| Private for-profit | 33,891 | 39,629 | 16.9 | 54,882 | 46,059 | -16.1 | 43,124 | 55,220 | 28.0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4-year } \\ & \text { 2-year } \end{aligned}$ | 35,122 28,886 | 43,651 30,117 | 24.3 4.3 | 61,442 29,956 | 46,525 | -24.3 | 47,521 31,694 | 62,451 | 31.4 5.8 |
| Control and level of institution | Assistant professor |  |  | Instructor |  |  | Lecturer |  |  |
|  | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change |
| Total | \$48,796 | \$50,552 | 3.6 | \$46,959 | \$48,304 | 2.9 | \$41,798 | \$42,622 | 2.0 |
| 4-year | 49,287 | 51,076 | 3.6 | 37,187 | 37,623 | 1.2 | 41,545 | 42,212 | 1.6 |
| 2-year | 44,168 | 45,568 | 3.2 | 52,273 | 54,506 | 4.3 | 45,479 | 49,839 | 9.6 |
| Public | 48,956 | 50,659 | 3.5 | 48,279 | 49,976 | 3.5 | 40,809 | 41,474 | 1.6 |
| 4-year | 49,697 | 51,453 | 3.5 | 36,820 | 37,290 | 1.3 | 40,361 | 40,813 | 1.1 |
| 2-year | 44,487 | 45,863 | 3.1 | 52,505 | 54,778 | 4.3 | 45,610 | 50,186 | 10.0 |
| Private not-for-profit | 48,504 | 50,370 | 3.8 | 37,637 | 38,090 | 1.2 | 44,762 | 46,064 | 2.9 |
| 4 -year | 48,616 | 50,469 | 3.8 | 37,981 | 38,332 | 0.9 | 44,794 | 46,124 | 3.0 |
| 2-year | 31,096 | 33,784 | 8.6 | 30,617 | 32,257 | 5.4 | 23,484 | 30,186 | 28.5 |
| Private for-profit | 33,884 | 36,764 | 8.5 | 29,957 | 29,209 | -2.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| 4-year | 36,193 | 42,067 | 16.2 | 30,855 | 29,231 | -5.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| 2 -year | 24,647 | 30,135 | 22.3 | 29,358 | 29,192 | -0.6 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Control and level of institution | No academic rank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$46,569 | \$46,338 | -0.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-year | 50,238 | 46,392 | -7.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-year | 45,675 | 46,327 | 1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public | 46,772 | 46,102 | -1.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-year | 53,777 | 43,158 | -19.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-year | 45,756 | 46,364 | 1.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private not-for-profit | 46,043 | 48,289 | 4.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-year | 46,888 | 48,704 | 3.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-year | 33,614 | 39,105 | 16.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private for-profit | 31,987 | 48,427 | 51.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-year | 32,264 | 48,184 | 49.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-year | 23,987 | 71,148 | 196.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\dagger$ Not applicable. There are no faculty members or the perc SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center System (IPEDS), Winter 2001-02 and Winter 2002-03. |  |  |  | ange can ducation S | t be calcu tistics, Int | ed in this ated Pos | cell. econdary | ducation |  |

Table 17. Full-time instructional faculty on 11/12-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank, gender, and control and level of institution: United States, academic year 2002-03

| Control and level of institution | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 89,557 | 23,544 | 16,220 | 17,258 | 21,983 | 2,066 | 8,486 |
| 4-year | 68,069 | 21,935 | 15,134 | 16,246 | 8,347 | 1,900 | 4,507 |
| 2-year | 21,488 | 1,609 | 1,086 | 1,012 | 13,636 | 166 | 3,979 |
| Public | 51,990 | 15,911 | 10,017 | 9,881 | 9,947 | 1,543 | 4,691 |
| 4-year | 38,346 | 14,591 | 9,037 | 8,954 | 2,732 | 1,435 | 1,597 |
| 2-year | 13,644 | 1,320 | 980 | 927 | 7,215 | 108 | 3,094 |
| Private not-for-profit | 24,863 | 6,662 | 5,736 | 6,995 | 3,417 | 326 | 1,727 |
| 4 -year | 23,845 | 6,628 | 5,704 | 6,954 | 2,628 | 310 | 1,621 |
| 2-year | 1,018 | 34 | 32 | 41 | 789 | 16 | 106 |
| Private for-profit | 12,704 | 971 | 467 | 382 | 8,619 | 197 | 2,068 |
| 4-year | 5,878 | 716 | 393 | 338 | 2,987 | 155 | 1,289 |
| 2-year | 6,826 | 255 | 74 | 44 | 5,632 | 42 | 779 |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total men | 55,950 | 18,589 | 10,426 | 9,265 | 11,852 | 1,104 | 4,714 |
| 4 -year | 44,273 | 17,690 | 9,840 | 8,789 | 4,431 | 1,035 | 2,488 |
| 2-year | 11,677 | 899 | 586 | 476 | 7,421 | 69 | 2,226 |
| Public | 32,540 | 12,747 | 6,461 | 5,338 | 4,660 | 795 | 2,539 |
| 4-year | 25,585 | 12,046 | 5,944 | 4,884 | 1,112 | 745 | 854 |
| 2-year | 6,955 | 701 | 517 | 454 | 3,548 | 50 | 1,685 |
| Private not-for-profit | 15,302 | 5,140 | 3,642 | 3,679 | 1,771 | 172 | 898 |
| 4-year | 14,738 | 5,123 | 3,633 | 3,664 | 1,303 | 168 | 847 |
| 2-year | 564 | 17 | 9 | 15 | 468 | 4 | 51 |
| Private for-profit | 8,108 | 702 | 323 | 248 | 5,421 | 137 | 1,277 |
| 4-year | 3,950 | 521 | 263 | 241 | 2,016 | 122 | 787 |
| 2-year | 4,158 | 181 | 60 | 7 | 3,405 | 15 | 490 |
|  | Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total women | 33,607 | 4,955 | 5,794 | 7,993 | 10,131 | 962 | 3,772 |
| 4-year | 23,796 | 4,245 | 5,294 | 7,457 | 3,916 | 865 | 2,019 |
| 2 -year | 9,811 | 710 | 500 | 536 | 6,215 | 97 | 1,753 |
| Public | 19,450 | 3,164 | 3,556 | 4,543 | 5,287 | 748 | 2,152 |
| 4-year | 12,761 | 2,545 | 3,093 | 4,070 | 1,620 | 690 | 743 |
| 2-year | 6,689 | 619 | 463 | 473 | 3,667 | 58 | 1,409 |
| Private not-for-profit | 9,561 | 1,522 | 2,094 | 3,316 | 1,646 | 154 | 829 |
| 4-year | 9,107 | 1,505 | 2,071 | 3,290 | 1,325 | 142 | 774 |
| 2-year | 454 | 17 | 23 | 26 | 321 | 12 | 55 |
| Private for-profit | 4,596 | 269 | 144 | 134 | 3,198 | 60 | 791 |
| 4-year | 1,928 | 195 | 130 | 97 | 971 | 33 | 502 |
| 2-year | 2,668 | 74 | 14 | 37 | 2,227 | 27 | 289 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 18. Average salaries of full-time instructional faculty on 11/12-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank, ge nder, and control and level of institution: United States, academic year 2002-03

| Control and level of institution | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$69,572 | \$99,792 | \$76,573 | \$66,463 | \$44,745 | \$51,875 | \$47,298 |
| 4-year | 76,924 | 102,906 | 78,191 | 67,568 | 45,681 | 53,130 | 47,836 |
| 2-year | 46,285 | 57,346 | 54,022 | 48,728 | 44,171 | 37,505 | 46,688 |
| Public | 77,665 | 107,245 | 80,508 | 68,551 | 51,125 | 53,376 | 54,733 |
| 4-year | 86,535 | 111,302 | 83,162 | 70,539 | 49,014 | 53,971 | 62,468 |
| 2-year | 52,738 | 62,407 | 56,031 | 49,346 | 51,924 | 45,472 | 50,741 |
| Private not-for-profit | 69,117 | 88,413 | 71,835 | 64,461 | 47,672 | 51,566 | 50,255 |
| 4 -year | 70,195 | 88,726 | 71,967 | 64,593 | 48,036 | 52,053 | 51,609 |
| 2-year | 43,871 | 27,460 | 48,188 | 41,984 | 46,459 | 42,140 | 29,554 |
| Private for-profit | 37,345 | 55,743 | 50,359 | 49,114 | 36,222 | 40,624 | 27,961 |
| 4 -year | 41,524 | 63,082 | 54,205 | 50,040 | 40,562 | 47,498 | 24,962 |
| 2-year | 33,746 | 35,137 | 29,936 | 41,993 | 33,920 | 15,253 | 32,924 |
|  | Men |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total men | \$75,004 | \$103,275 | \$79,011 | \$68,872 | \$44,351 | \$55,832 | \$48,271 |
| 4-year | 82,578 | 105,566 | 80,535 | 69,970 | 44,777 | 56,800 | 49,794 |
| 2-year | 46,287 | 58,180 | 53,413 | 48,604 | 44,097 | 41,302 | 46,569 |
| Public | 84,762 | 110,693 | 83,066 | 71,573 | 50,927 | 57,554 | 57,241 |
| 4-year | 93,468 | 113,391 | 85,392 | 73,670 | 49,914 | 58,067 | 69,483 |
| 2-year | 52,734 | 64,318 | 56,330 | 49,014 | 51,244 | 49,907 | 51,036 |
| Private not-for-profit | 73,297 | 91,081 | 74,332 | 66,185 | 46,372 | 56,039 | 52,846 |
| 4 -year | 74,433 | 91,307 | 74,408 | 66,292 | 46,475 | 56,540 | 54,252 |
| 2-year | 43,612 | 22,977 | 43,720 | 40,123 | 46,084 | 35,000 | 29,488 |
| Private for-profit | 39,065 | 57,851 | 50,647 | 50,602 | 38,039 | 45,576 | 27,221 |
| 4 -year | 42,431 | 64,847 | 55,418 | 50,906 | 40,846 | 49,421 | 23,632 |
| 2-year | 35,867 | 37,715 | 29,735 | 40,152 | 36,377 | 14,302 | 32,987 |
|  | Women |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total women | \$60,530 | \$86,729 | \$72,185 | \$63,670 | \$45,205 | \$47,334 | \$46,081 |
| 4 -year | 66,404 | 91,819 | 73,833 | 64,736 | 46,705 | 48,739 | 45,422 |
| 2-year | 46,282 | 56,291 | 54,736 | 48,838 | 44,260 | 34,804 | 46,839 |
| Public | 65,793 | 93,355 | 75,860 | 65,000 | 51,299 | 48,936 | 51,775 |
| 4-year | 72,633 | 101,409 | 78,878 | 66,783 | 48,396 | 49,549 | 54,405 |
| 2-year | 52,743 | 60,242 | 55,698 | 49,664 | 52,581 | 41,649 | 50,388 |
| Private not-for-profit | 62,426 | 79,401 | 67,491 | 62,548 | 49,071 | 46,571 | 47,449 |
| 4 -year | 63,335 | 79,937 | 67,686 | 62,702 | 49,571 | 46,744 | 48,716 |
| 2-year | 44,192 | 31,944 | 49,937 | 43,058 | 47,007 | 44,520 | 29,616 |
| Private for-profit | 34,311 | 50,243 | 49,713 | 46,359 | 33,141 | 29,317 | 29,156 |
| 4 -year | 39,667 | 58,368 | 51,750 | 47,891 | 39,972 | 40,391 | 27,048 |
| 2-year | 30,440 | 28,834 | 30,797 | 42,341 | 30,162 | 15,781 | 32,817 |

NOTE Average salaries data should be used with caution. See previous table for numbers of faculty represented.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 19. Change in average salaries of full-time instructional faculty on 11/12-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank, and control and level of institution: United States, academic year 2001-02 and 2002-03

| Control and level of institution | All ranks |  |  | Professor |  |  | Associate professor |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change |
| Total | \$67,233 | \$69,572 | 3.5 | \$96,288 | \$99,792 | 3.6 | \$72,233 | \$76,573 | 6.0 |
| 4-year | 73,720 | 76,924 | 4.3 | 98,098 | 102,906 | 4.9 | 73,361 | 78,191 | 6.6 |
| 2-year | 46,099 | 46,285 | 0.4 | 60,195 | 57,346 | -4.7 | 53,470 | 54,022 | 1.0 |
| Public | 74,932 | 77,665 | 3.6 | 103,936 | 107,245 | 3.2 | 77,529 | 80,508 | 3.8 |
| 4-year | 83,370 | 86,535 | 3.8 | 106,650 | 111,302 | 4.4 | 79,793 | 83,162 | 4.2 |
| 2-year | 51,890 | 52,738 | 1.6 | 63,836 | 62,407 | -2.2 | 54,704 | 56,031 | 2.4 |
| Private not-for-profit | 65,158 | 69,117 | 6.1 | 85,320 | 88,413 | 3.6 | 66,036 | 71,835 | 8.8 |
| 4-year | 65,933 | 70,195 | 6.5 | 85,453 | 88,726 | 3.8 | 66,122 | 71,967 | 8.8 |
| 2-year | 43,440 | 43,871 | 1.0 | 42,157 | 27,460 | -34.9 | 47,502 | 48,188 | 1.4 |
| Private for-profit | 39,187 | 37,345 | -4.7 | 54,256 | 55,743 | 2.7 | 47,199 | 50,359 | 6.7 |
| 4 -year <br> 2-year | 45,035 35,370 | 41,524 33,746 | -7.8 | 57,881 38,402 | 63,082 35,137 | 9.0 -8.5 | 49,103 36,435 | 54,205 29,936 | 10.4 -17.8 |
|  | Assistant professor |  |  | Instructor |  |  | Lecturer |  |  |
| Control and level of institution | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change |
| Total | \$62,529 | \$66,463 | 6.3 | \$45,458 | \$44,745 | -1.6 | \$50,530 | \$51,875 | 2.7 |
| 4-year | 63,521 | 67,568 | 6.4 | 45,415 | 45,681 | 0.6 | 51,014 | 53,130 | 4.1 |
| 2 -year | 45,861 | 48,728 | 6.3 | 45,484 | 44,171 | -2.9 | 43,656 | 37,505 | -14.1 |
| Public | 66,475 | 68,551 | 3.1 | 50,715 | 51,125 | 0.8 | 53,444 | 53,376 | -0.1 |
| 4-year | 68,378 | 70,539 | 3.2 | 47,718 | 49,014 | 2.7 | 53,765 | 53,971 | 0.4 |
| 2-year | 48,167 | 49,346 | 2.4 | 51,780 | 51,924 | 0.3 | 44,453 | 45,472 | 2.3 |
| Private not-for-profit | 59,294 | 64,461 | 8.7 | 45,758 | 47,672 | 4.2 | 44,282 | 51,566 | 16.4 |
| 4 -year | 59,363 | 64,593 | 8.8 | 46,440 | 48,036 | 3.4 | 43,867 | 52,053 | 18.7 |
| 2-year | 41,807 | 41,984 | 0.4 | 43,310 | 46,459 | 7.3 | 51,172 | 42,140 | -17.7 |
| Private for-profit | 42,978 | 49,114 | 14.3 | 37,359 | 36,222 | -3.0 | 38,768 | 40,624 | 4.8 |
| 4-year | 46,991 | 50,040 | 6.5 | 41,218 | 40,562 | -1.6 | 38,111 | 47,498 | 24.6 |
| 2-year | 28,413 | 41,993 | 47.8 | 35,514 | 33,920 | -4.5 | 39,337 | 15,253 | -61.2 |
| Control and level of institution | No academic rank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2001-02 | 2002-03 | Percent change |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | \$48,935 | \$47,298 | -3.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-year | 54,595 | 47,836 | -12.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-year | 43,474 | 46,688 | 7.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Public | 52,664 | 54,733 | 3.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-year | 60,419 | 62,468 | 3.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-year | 48,995 | 50,741 | 3.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private not-for-profit | 55,046 | 50,255 | -8.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 -year | 55,512 | 51,609 | -7.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-year | 42,026 | 29,554 | -29.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private for-profit | 38,040 | 27,961 | -26.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4-year | 43,907 | 24,962 | -43.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2-year | 35,094 | 32,924 | -6.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2001-02 and Winter 2002-03.

Table 20. Full-time instructional faculty on 9/10-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank and state: Academic year 2002-03

| State | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 425,370 | 121,806 | 96,424 | 102,630 | 58,558 | 15,026 | 30,926 |
| Alabama | 6,668 | 1,337 | 1,415 | 1,592 | 642 | 52 | 1,630 |
| Alaska | 868 | 201 | 215 | 368 | 68 | 10 | 6 |
| Arizona | 5,984 | 1,508 | 1,113 | 822 | 427 | 276 | 1,838 |
| Arkansas | 3,897 | 757 | 732 | 1,003 | 1,012 | 75 | 318 |
| California | 43,069 | 12,200 | 5,134 | 6,662 | 17,446 | 1,122 | 505 |
| Colorado | 6,363 | 1,980 | 1,448 | 1,360 | 755 | 269 | 551 |
| Connecticut | 5,892 | 2,321 | 1,496 | 1,592 | 200 | 212 | 71 |
| Delaware | 1,532 | 421 | 414 | 346 | 128 | 7 | 216 |
| District of Columbia | 3,590 | 1,234 | 1,026 | 852 | 141 | 76 | 261 |
| Florida | 14,068 | 4,201 | 3,253 | 3,343 | 1,430 | 399 | 1,442 |
| Georgia | 10,235 | 2,614 | 2,858 | 3,421 | 1,011 | 218 | 113 |
| Hawaii | 1,929 | 573 | 517 | 505 | 315 | 19 | 0 |
| Idaho | 1,983 | 536 | 420 | 438 | 296 | 28 | 265 |
| Illinois | 19,396 | 5,750 | 4,438 | 4,841 | 2,473 | 511 | 1,383 |
| Indiana | 10,232 | 2,973 | 2,960 | 3,006 | 800 | 455 | 38 |
| Iowa | 5,773 | 1,554 | 1,404 | 1,477 | 1,000 | 141 | 197 |
| Kansas | 5,043 | 1,299 | 1,181 | 1,152 | 1,022 | 48 | 341 |
| Kentucky | 6,094 | 1,679 | 1,868 | 1,675 | 564 | 293 | 15 |
| Louisiana | 6,749 | 1,722 | 1,589 | 2,023 | 1,280 | 57 | 78 |
| Maine | 2,187 | 531 | 601 | 602 | 301 | 69 | 83 |
| Maryland | 7,296 | 2,287 | 1,854 | 1,949 | 397 | 534 | 275 |
| Massachusetts | 15,573 | 6,461 | 3,783 | 3,790 | 563 | 715 | 261 |
| Michigan | 13,792 | 4,226 | 3,123 | 3,265 | 1,686 | 635 | 857 |
| Minnesota | 9,039 | 2,288 | 1,722 | 2,008 | 452 | 1 | 2,568 |
| Mississippi | 4,638 | 779 | 647 | 934 | 1,449 | 75 | 754 |
| Missouri | 8,416 | 2,231 | 2,130 | 2,471 | 781 | 229 | 574 |
| Montana | 1,701 | 496 | 381 | 361 | 342 | 18 | 103 |
| Nebraska | 3,093 | 775 | 759 | 766 | 163 | 142 | 488 |
| Nevada | 1,776 | 732 | 324 | 385 | 201 | 87 | 47 |
| New Hampshire | 2,216 | 904 | 654 | 494 | 64 | 40 | 60 |
| New Jersey | 9,167 | 3,137 | 2,364 | 2,637 | 628 | 307 | 94 |
| New Mexico | 2,512 | 650 | 594 | 622 | 455 | 113 | 78 |
| New York | 33,661 | 11,375 | 8,540 | 9,240 | 2,352 | 1,567 | 587 |
| North Carolina | 15,580 | 3,046 | 2,751 | 2,720 | 2,197 | 648 | 4,218 |
| North Dakota | 1,621 | 243 | 440 | 568 | 256 | 79 | 35 |
| Ohio | 17,404 | 5,241 | 5,111 | 4,842 | 1,395 | 417 | 398 |
| Oklahoma | 5,051 | 1,282 | 1,044 | 1,378 | 1,007 | 157 | 183 |
| Oregon | 5,155 | 1,098 | 1,009 | 1,037 | 1,174 | 29 | 808 |
| Pennsylvania | 22,270 | 6,808 | 6,148 | 6,734 | 1,836 | 639 | 105 |
| Rhode Island | 2,633 | 1,127 | 643 | 674 | 79 | 97 | 13 |
| South Carolina | 6,457 | 1,472 | 1,334 | 1,370 | 473 | 124 | 1,684 |
| South Dakota | 1,489 | 314 | 315 | 395 | 362 | 6 | 97 |
| Tennessee | 8,369 | 2,460 | 2,460 | 2,361 | 837 | 215 | 36 |
| Texas | 26,687 | 6,772 | 5,159 | 5,691 | 3,959 | 2,413 | 2,693 |
| Utah | 3,923 | 1,144 | 1,090 | 1,057 | 325 | 123 | 184 |
| Vermont | 1,552 | 486 | 375 | 396 | 47 | 89 | 159 |
| Virginia | 10,621 | 3,261 | 3,236 | 2,951 | 900 | 221 | 52 |
| Washington | 8,252 | 1,764 | 1,379 | 1,345 | 547 | 302 | 2,915 |
| West Virginia | 2,662 | 830 | 757 | 805 | 243 | 27 | 0 |
| Wisconsin | 10,206 | 2,531 | 2,057 | 2,106 | 1,957 | 553 | 1,002 |
| Wyoming | 1,006 | 195 | 159 | 198 | 120 | 87 | 247 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 21. Average salaries of full-time instructional faculty on 9/10-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank and state: Academic year 2002-03

| State | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | \$61,330 | \$83,466 | \$60,471 | \$50,552 | \$48,304 | \$42,622 | \$46,338 |
| Alabama | 51,449 | 71,756 | 54,969 | 45,895 | 34,128 | 37,117 | 44,440 |
| Alaska | 53,957 | 69,244 | 55,268 | 47,731 | 39,194 | 49,154 | 52,115 |
| Arizona | 63,106 | 84,159 | 61,841 | 53,345 | 39,732 | 45,099 | 59,097 |
| Arkansas | 46,690 | 64,275 | 52,993 | 43,668 | 35,329 | 31,103 | 39,682 |
| California | 73,010 | 95,997 | 68,592 | 56,497 | 66,651 | 50,205 | 50,798 |
| Colorado | 58,952 | 80,197 | 60,312 | 50,187 | 39,431 | 32,957 | 40,105 |
| Connecticut | 73,968 | 97,218 | 66,877 | 54,896 | 43,319 | 47,704 | 55,736 |
| Delaware | 69,519 | 100,724 | 68,864 | 56,302 | 45,040 | 46,124 | 46,386 |
| District of Columbia | 73,300 | 98,763 | 68,965 | 55,555 | 43,865 | 41,546 | 53,027 |
| Florida | 57,364 | 74,114 | 58,092 | 49,923 | 38,833 | 39,364 | 47,528 |
| Georgia | 58,028 | 79,660 | 59,297 | 48,499 | 36,180 | 39,882 | 44,479 |
| Hawaii | 60,383 | 77,416 | 60,776 | 52,874 | 42,100 | 38,744 | $\dagger$ |
| Idaho | 49,423 | 62,625 | 53,076 | 44,868 | 38,881 | 30,164 | 38,269 |
| Illinois | 62,824 | 86,537 | 61,895 | 51,942 | 43,902 | 38,725 | 48,047 |
| Indiana | 58,843 | 80,420 | 57,532 | 48,523 | 34,057 | 39,990 | 36,593 |
| lowa | 55,593 | 76,004 | 56,765 | 47,262 | 39,388 | 34,725 | 45,893 |
| Kansas | 51,397 | 69,867 | 53,618 | 45,406 | 37,812 | 32,948 | 36,892 |
| Kentucky | 51,849 | 67,836 | 51,703 | 45,113 | 33,277 | 36,119 | 38,381 |
| Louisiana | 52,155 | 74,178 | 53,588 | 45,744 | 33,397 | 30,308 | 26,807 |
| Maine | 54,815 | 73,255 | 56,041 | 45,368 | 43,944 | 41,572 | 46,926 |
| Maryland | 63,162 | 83,105 | 61,271 | 52,382 | 43,844 | 41,382 | 56,627 |
| Massachusetts | 75,337 | 96,053 | 68,019 | 57,292 | 45,262 | 53,884 | 54,299 |
| Michigan | 64,458 | 83,235 | 63,377 | 52,365 | 55,055 | 38,582 | 59,552 |
| Minnesota | 58,628 | 79,795 | 59,525 | 49,745 | 37,597 | 33,000 | 49,824 |
| Mississippi | 46,453 | 62,582 | 52,797 | 45,397 | 38,690 | 27,186 | 42,490 |
| Missouri | 54,978 | 75,475 | 55,542 | 46,914 | 35,881 | 33,967 | 42,303 |
| Montana | 49,168 | 63,686 | 50,762 | 44,388 | 35,149 | 35,414 | 39,063 |
| Nebraska | 54,206 | 75,545 | 57,566 | 46,396 | 35,032 | 37,313 | 38,669 |
| Nevada | 64,394 | 76,914 | 70,744 | 55,409 | 43,481 | 46,169 | 22,417 |
| New Hampshire | 61,496 | 74,718 | 59,116 | 48,806 | 39,436 | 40,098 | 30,506 |
| New Jersey | 70,373 | 96,319 | 67,020 | 53,134 | 38,445 | 49,171 | 54,961 |
| New Mexico | 49,858 | 66,537 | 53,317 | 46,065 | 34,911 | 39,675 | 16,700 |
| New York | 68,793 | 91,832 | 66,993 | 54,139 | 38,530 | 48,064 | 55,819 |
| North Carolina | 53,542 | 84,810 | 60,049 | 50,223 | 39,975 | 38,532 | 38,229 |
| North Dakota | 44,594 | 58,953 | 47,848 | 43,780 | 32,708 | 30,580 | 35,741 |
| Ohio | 59,451 | 79,093 | 58,651 | 48,423 | 37,134 | 36,715 | 47,273 |
| Oklahoma | 49,733 | 66,149 | 53,225 | 45,659 | 35,462 | 30,915 | 40,149 |
| Oregon | 53,686 | 70,786 | 54,625 | 46,356 | 44,596 | 34,998 | 52,562 |
| Pennsylvania | 66,268 | 89,443 | 64,787 | 53,489 | 41,900 | 42,926 | 37,981 |
| Rhode Island | 68,779 | 86,216 | 61,616 | 53,176 | 42,222 | 46,802 | 45,806 |
| South Carolina | 51,365 | 72,655 | 54,541 | 46,401 | 35,102 | 37,582 | 39,860 |
| South Dakota | 46,180 | 62,889 | 48,746 | 42,655 | 35,862 | 32,338 | 37,478 |
| Tennessee | 53,408 | 72,249 | 51,738 | 44,565 | 33,225 | 36,220 | 32,018 |
| Texas | 56,545 | 79,381 | 58,511 | 50,399 | 40,472 | 41,169 | 45,748 |
| Utah | 58,199 | 76,802 | 57,843 | 49,672 | 38,335 | 36,208 | 43,409 |
| Vermont | 53,220 | 69,456 | 51,853 | 43,727 | 35,333 | 37,946 | 44,293 |
| Virginia | 59,380 | 78,208 | 58,666 | 47,804 | 36,725 | 41,242 | 49,272 |
| Washington | 55,831 | 76,769 | 57,775 | 51,315 | 42,166 | 44,441 | 48,068 |
| West Virginia | 49,414 | 62,502 | 49,871 | 41,161 | 32,347 | 33,936 | $\dagger$ |
| Wisconsin | 60,843 | 77,250 | 57,234 | 49,457 | 60,900 | 54,306 | 54,240 |
| Wyoming | 52,694 | 74,146 | 57,540 | 50,608 | 41,502 | 41,079 | 43,841 |

$\dagger$ Not applicable. There are no faculty members in this cell.
NOTE' Average salaries data should be used with caution. See previous table for numbers of faculty represented.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 22. Full-time instructional faculty on 11/12-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank and state: Academic year 2002-03

| State | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | 89,557 | 23,544 | 16,220 | 17,258 | 21,983 | 2,066 | 8,486 |
| Alabama | 1,777 | 583 | 424 | 378 | 255 | 27 | 110 |
| Alaska | 37 | 1 | 2 | 14 | 20 | 0 | 0 |
| Arizona | 1,257 | 260 | 146 | 84 | 586 | 18 | 163 |
| Arkansas | 990 | 268 | 212 | 195 | 257 | 2 | 56 |
| California | 9,416 | 2,897 | 1,123 | 1,274 | 3,426 | 146 | 550 |
| Colorado | 1,163 | 225 | 203 | 211 | 377 | 21 | 126 |
| Connecticut | 291 | 62 | 57 | 109 | 33 | 16 | 14 |
| Delaware | 284 | 85 | 54 | 40 | 10 | 0 | 95 |
| District of Columbia | 368 | 135 | 111 | 85 | 17 | 1 | 19 |
| Florida | 4,550 | 843 | 699 | 726 | 917 | 74 | 1,291 |
| Georgia | 4,579 | 891 | 563 | 558 | 2,113 | 28 | 426 |
| Hawaii | 503 | 179 | 90 | 69 | 159 | 0 | 6 |
| Idaho | 706 | 483 | 49 | 40 | 99 | 3 | 32 |
| Illinois | 3,848 | 893 | 791 | 1,051 | 705 | 32 | 376 |
| Indiana | 1,817 | 708 | 368 | 287 | 286 | 113 | 55 |
| Iowa | 1,616 | 472 | 281 | 238 | 461 | 8 | 156 |
| Kansas | 969 | 255 | 208 | 187 | 253 | 4 | 62 |
| Kentucky | 2,067 | 553 | 524 | 392 | 562 | 24 | 12 |
| Louisiana | 2,605 | 476 | 396 | 460 | 1,132 | 52 | 89 |
| Maine | 155 | 18 | 34 | 31 | 47 | 6 | 19 |
| Maryland | 2,245 | 760 | 454 | 435 | 269 | 104 | 223 |
| Massachusetts | 2,311 | 609 | 498 | 713 | 275 | 83 | 133 |
| Michigan | 2,874 | 870 | 562 | 513 | 270 | 63 | 596 |
| Minnesota | 1,081 | 445 | 164 | 163 | 282 | 0 | 27 |
| Mississippi | 1,930 | 577 | 370 | 397 | 419 | 8 | 159 |
| Missouri | 2,291 | 506 | 406 | 472 | 620 | 93 | 194 |
| Montana | 121 | 38 | 28 | 13 | 33 | 0 | 9 |
| Nebraska | 1,964 | 446 | 408 | 557 | 171 | 19 | 363 |
| Nevada | 512 | 156 | 134 | 105 | 92 | 10 | 15 |
| New Hampshire | 280 | 85 | 51 | 52 | 49 | 11 | 32 |
| New Jersey | 1,170 | 414 | 306 | 236 | 171 | 20 | 23 |
| New Mexico | 724 | 119 | 80 | 79 | 424 | 21 |  |
| New York | 4,415 | 1,035 | 1,061 | 1,069 | 874 | 147 | 229 |
| North Carolina | 1,514 | 475 | 309 | 217 | 91 | 93 | 329 |
| North Dakota | 340 | 93 | 63 | 72 | 58 | 47 | 7 |
| Ohio | 2,092 | 573 | 426 | 402 | 457 | 24 | 210 |
| Oklahoma | 1,275 | 260 | 215 | 263 | 424 | 94 | 19 |
| Oregon | 1,964 | 411 | 383 | 559 | 453 | 9 | 149 |
| Pennsylvania | 3,618 | 479 | 469 | 657 | 1,413 | 216 | 384 |
| Rhode Island | 406 | 146 | 113 | 114 | 15 | 8 | 10 |
| South Carolina | 733 | 243 | 203 | 142 | 92 | 34 | 19 |
| South Dakota | 357 | 96 | 82 | 74 | 60 | 0 | 45 |
| Tennessee | 1,835 | 455 | 439 | 425 | 463 | 10 | 43 |
| Texas | 8,658 | 2,230 | 1,517 | 2,108 | 1,537 | 162 | 1,104 |
| Utah | 917 | 378 | 213 | 116 | 153 | 19 | 38 |
| Vermont | 194 | 60 | 34 | 28 | 5 | 17 | 50 |
| Virginia | 1,938 | 625 | 432 | 406 | 414 | 44 | 17 |
| Washington | 1,539 | 393 | 240 | 249 | 341 | 97 | 219 |
| West Virginia | 393 | 109 | 75 | 72 | 101 | 6 | 30 |
| Wisconsin | 659 | 120 | 125 | 112 | 144 | 21 | 137 |
| Wyoming | 209 | 51 | 25 | 9 | 98 | 11 | 15 |

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table 23. Average salaries of full-time instructional faculty on 11/12-month contracts in Title IV degree-granting institutions, by academic rank and state: Academic year 2002-03

| State | All ranks | Professor | Associate professor | Assistant professor | Instructor | Lecturer | No academic rank |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United States | \$69,572 | \$99,792 | \$76,573 | \$66,463 | \$44,745 | \$51,875 | \$47,298 |
| Alabama | 72,199 | 98,624 | 72,886 | 60,475 | 37,090 | 38,941 | 59,339 |
| Alaska | 59,600 | 101,155 | 67,528 | 68,203 | 50,707 | † | $\dagger$ |
| Arizona | 54,612 | 102,895 | 70,096 | 60,863 | 32,813 | 60,495 | 38,228 |
| Arkansas | 61,319 | 85,584 | 66,322 | 53,680 | 41,081 | 41,451 | 46,439 |
| California | 71,194 | 100,960 | 70,422 | 61,882 | 53,798 | 57,010 | 49,687 |
| Colorado | 59,631 | 96,193 | 69,863 | 61,228 | 38,382 | 50,597 | 40,270 |
| Connecticut | 78,373 | 100,400 | 81,641 | 65,886 | 46,941 | 75,822 | 141,749 |
| Delaware | 72,623 | 95,597 | 70,882 | 47,762 | 53,788 | $\dagger$ | 65,506 |
| District of Columbia | 79,473 | 100,020 | 72,603 | 62,631 | 55,656 | 70,000 | 70,771 |
| Florida | 50,260 | 87,505 | 64,741 | 56,224 | 38,714 | 45,303 | 23,231 |
| Georgia | 64,388 | 100,623 | 80,054 | 63,400 | 48,695 | 53,124 | 47,764 |
| Hawaii | 70,533 | 96,263 | 74,399 | 56,849 | 46,327 | $\dagger$ | 43,775 |
| Idaho | 62,286 | 67,159 | 64,135 | 53,360 | 45,415 | 35,076 | 51,800 |
| Illinois | 71,670 | 91,431 | 79,750 | 70,144 | 49,438 | 47,599 | 55,735 |
| Indiana | 74,558 | 104,356 | 71,964 | 53,563 | 39,113 | 59,047 | 34,053 |
| Iowa | 69,581 | 103,945 | 73,357 | 57,494 | 44,781 | 61,291 | 50,962 |
| Kansas | 64,861 | 91,305 | 71,461 | 60,375 | 41,729 | 48,588 | 42,938 |
| Kentucky | 56,833 | 82,405 | 61,230 | 50,029 | 33,165 | 41,866 | 47,101 |
| Louisiana | 61,283 | 96,721 | 77,604 | 65,922 | 41,563 | 41,853 | 37,309 |
| Maine | 54,417 | 77,022 | 65,532 | 52,600 | 47,356 | 41,632 | 37,582 |
| Maryland | 84,200 | 115,613 | 86,944 | 71,042 | 44,113 | 49,783 | 61,633 |
| Massachusetts | 92,623 | 111,049 | 101,165 | 91,639 | 56,371 | 72,361 | 69,145 |
| Michigan | 75,755 | 100,292 | 69,761 | 59,839 | 53,997 | 59,991 | 70,812 |
| Minnesota | 64,512 | 76,588 | 71,306 | 59,463 | 45,675 | $\dagger$ | 51,446 |
| Mississippi | 66,727 | 88,852 | 73,767 | 62,667 | 42,272 | 33,875 | 46,287 |
| Missouri | 58,134 | 89,872 | 67,441 | 54,549 | 37,261 | 37,635 | 41,133 |
| Montana | 62,287 | 88,808 | 71,094 | 61,394 | 34,037 | $\dagger$ | 27,776 |
| Nebraska | 72,117 | 103,789 | 79,498 | 65,992 | 44,746 | 54,268 | 48,133 |
| Nevada | 80,931 | 106,584 | 86,951 | 84,906 | 33,110 | 41,294 | 52,270 |
| New Hampshire | 59,010 | 75,489 | 67,464 | 55,946 | 37,566 | 46,078 | 44,028 |
| New Jersey | 85,867 | 113,431 | 86,759 | 68,361 | 47,599 | 50,863 | 72,432 |
| New Mexico | 56,935 | 90,539 | 70,084 | 62,081 | 43,921 | 59,663 | 60,000 |
| New York | 75,034 | 107,018 | 81,623 | 69,185 | 45,299 | 54,199 | 54,119 |
| North Carolina | 77,611 | 107,505 | 82,192 | 66,545 | 30,578 | 50,010 | 58,259 |
| North Dakota | 58,968 | 80,912 | 66,922 | 59,339 | 34,379 | 38,039 | 36,267 |
| Ohio | 65,549 | 93,715 | 72,875 | 57,378 | 37,939 | 38,554 | 52,646 |
| Oklahoma | 56,357 | 84,441 | 65,745 | 58,343 | 39,751 | 30,183 | 38,374 |
| Oregon | 73,291 | 116,721 | 76,263 | 67,009 | 46,869 | 57,208 | 50,723 |
| Pennsylvania | 57,667 | 104,465 | 74,082 | 61,549 | 39,663 | 55,136 | 40,276 |
| Rhode Island | 69,971 | 91,824 | 64,998 | 56,535 | 49,563 | 34,088 | 19,600 |
| South Carolina | 64,713 | 84,118 | 63,859 | 54,397 | 42,440 | 56,907 | 24,568 |
| South Dakota | 51,720 | 72,295 | 51,088 | 44,318 | 35,736 | $\dagger$ | 42,465 |
| Tennessee | 61,914 | 82,568 | 65,524 | 61,377 | 40,862 | 43,035 | 42,886 |
| Texas | 84,265 | 117,982 | 97,080 | 87,121 | 46,590 | 55,633 | 49,751 |
| Utah | 72,754 | 94,996 | 71,272 | 63,105 | 36,600 | 41,794 | 50,308 |
| Vermont | 55,139 | 70,100 | 60,838 | 47,543 | 46,470 | 50,533 | 39,999 |
| Virginia | 77,234 | 113,571 | 76,161 | 59,417 | 44,958 | 51,543 | 46,629 |
| Washington | 69,718 | 103,704 | 72,829 | 61,813 | 50,414 | 59,285 | 48,988 |
| West Virginia | 54,848 | 82,050 | 65,022 | 51,704 | 28,402 | 38,755 | 30,373 |
| Wisconsin | 70,206 | 102,926 | 75,078 | 64,796 | 61,152 | 62,402 | 52,235 |
| Wyoming | 57,260 | 91,078 | 69,919 | 64,336 | 36,820 | 55,621 | 51,674 |

†Not applicable. There are no faculty members in this cell.
NOTE: Average salaries data should be used with caution. See previous table for numbers of faculty represented.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

# Survey Methodology 

## Overview

IPEDS defines a postsecondary institution as an organization that is open to the public and has a primary mission of providing education or training beyond the high school level. The primary focus of the IPEDS winter 2002-03 data collection was to collect data from Title IV institutions on the number of employees by primary occupational category and the salaries of full-time instructional faculty. These institutions have Program Participation Agreements (PPAs) with the Office of Postsecondary Education (OPE) within the U.S. Department of Education and thus are eligible to participate in Title IV student financial aid programs. There were 6,588 Title IV entities ${ }^{1}$ located in the United States and outlying areas ${ }^{2}$ in the 2002-03 academic year.

IPEDS began collecting data from all postsecondary institutions in 1985. The surveys were phased in over a three-year period, eventually replacing the Higher Education General Information Survey (HEGIS), which was directed at institutions of higher education only. HEGIS data were collected from 1966 through 1986. In 1992, the focus of IPEDS became the Title IV institutions, when the Higher Education Amendments made IPEDS mandatory for these institutions. In 2000, IPEDS implemented a web-based data collection system with the capability of tailoring data collections screen to each institution. Edits were also built into the system to give immediate feedback to the institutions when problems were detected. This system has allowed for earlier release of data to institutions and the public.

For Winter 2002-03, institutions in the universe were asked to enter their survey responses using the IPEDS data collection web site. The winter 2002-03 IPEDS data were collected between November 25, 2002, and January 22, 2003. The collection had three components: Employees by Assigned Position (EAP), Salaries, and Fall Staff. The Fall Staff component was optional for all institutions in 2002-03. Copies of the data collection instruments are available at http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/survey2002.asp.

## Terminology Used in the IPEDS Web Collection

Please refer to the Glossary provided at the end of this document for definitions of various terms.

## Universe, Institutions Surveyed, and Response Rates

Each year, the IPEDS universe is established during the fall collection period. For the 2002-03 cycle, 120 institutions included in prior IPEDS data collections were declared to be outside the scope of IPEDS. This happened because (1) they were duplicates of other institutions on the file, (2) they closed or were merged with another institution and thus were no longer a legitimate institution or branch, or (3) they no longer offered a full program of study at the postsecondary level. In addition, 158 institutions were added to the universe. These schools were identified

[^4]through several sources, including a universe review by state coordinators, a review of the data file maintained by the OPE, and information provided by the institutions themselves.

The set of 6,588 Title IV institutions and offices located in the United States and the outlying areas in the 2002-03 academic year was validated by matching the IPEDS universe file with OPE's Postsecondary Education Participation System (PEPS) file. Because most of the studies that use IPEDS data concentrate on the Title IV institutions, this group is the focus of IPEDS. According to Section 490 of the Higher Education Amendments of 1992 (P.L. 102-325), IPEDS is mandatory for any institutions that participate in or are applicants for participation in any federal financial assistance program authorized by Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended (20 USC 1094(a)(17)).

Non-Title IV institutions are not required to respond to IPEDS but are encouraged to provide data. Thus, the IPEDS database includes some institutions that do not participate in Title IV financial aid programs. These institutions are invited to participate in the IPEDS program, and if they volunt arily respond to the surveys, the institutions are included in College Opportunities On-Line (IPEDS COOL). IPEDS COOL is a web site developed to help parents and students make informed decisions about postsecondary education. (See http://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/cool)

Not all Title IV institutions were required to complete all parts of the winter data collection. The Salaries component applies to 4 -year institutions (both degree-granting and non-degree-granting) and 2-year degree-granting institutions. Less-than-2-year institutions and 2-year non-degreegranting institutions are excluded from the scope of the Salaries component. Among the 6,588 active Title IV entities, 6,506 were eligible for the winter 2002-03 IPEDS collection (excluding 80 central and system offices and 2 institutions that closed after the 2002-03 cycle started). All 6,506 institutions were eligible for the EAP component, and 4,102 were eligible for the Salaries component. These institutions constitute the final universe of the winter 2002-03 data collection.

The Fall Staff component is required in odd-numbered years only; thus data are not included in this publication. Institutions may provide data on a voluntary basis and these data are perturbed to protect confidentiality and migrated to the Peer Analysis System. However, no imputations are performed on these data and they are not to be used to estimate national totals.

Table M1 provides the number of Title IV institutions and the survey response rates by degreegranting status and by level and control of institution for the United States and outlying areas for the two surveys that were required in winter 2002-03. Because Title IV institutions are the primary focus of IPEDS and they are required to respond, response rates for Title IV institutions in the winter 2002-03 IPEDS collection were quite high. The response rate for the EAP component was 98.4 percent, and the response rate for the Salaries component was 98.8 percent. Except for private not-for-profit 2-year non-degree-granting institutions ( 94.4 percent), all the domains had a response rate higher than 95 percent for the EAP component. Public institutions had the highest response rates for the Salaries component ( 99.8 percent), while private for-profit institutions had the lowest response rates ( 94.9 percent).

Table M1. Title IV institutions responding to the IPEDS winter 2002-03 data collection, by degree-granting status and level and control of institution: United States and outlying areas

| Degree-granting status and level and control of institution | Employees by Assigned Position |  |  | Salaries |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Final universe | Number responded | $\begin{gathered} \text { Response } \\ \text { rate (\%) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Final universe | Number responded | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Response } \\ \text { rate (\%) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| All institutions | 6,506 | 6,405 | 98.4 | 4,102 | 4,052 | 98.8 |
| Public | 2,080 | 2,069 | 99.5 | 1,727 | 1,724 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 1,968 | 1,939 | 98.5 | 1,645 | 1,635 | 99.4 |
| Private for-profit | 2,458 | 2,397 | 97.5 | 730 | 693 | 94.9 |
| 4-year | 2,550 | 2,520 | 98.8 | 2,429 | 2,389 | 98.4 |
| Public | 650 | 645 | 99.2 | 642 | 641 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 1,593 | 1,574 | 98.8 | 1,522 | 1,512 | 99.3 |
| Private for-profit | 307 | 301 | 98.0 | 265 | 236 | 89.1 |
| 2-year | 2,194 | 2,173 | 99.0 | 1,673 | 1,663 | 99.4 |
| Public | 1,166 | 1,163 | 99.7 | 1,085 | 1,083 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 254 | 247 | 97.2 | 123 | 123 | 100.0 |
| Private for-profit | 774 | 763 | 98.6 | 465 | 457 | 98.3 |
| Less-than-2-year | 1,762 | 1,712 | 97.2 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Public | 264 | 261 | 98.9 | $\dagger$ |  | $\dagger$ |
| Private not-for-profit | 121 | 118 | 97.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private for-profit | 1,377 | 1,333 | 96.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Degree-granting | 4,250 | 4,212 | 99.1 | 4,092 | 4,042 | 98.8 |
| 4 -year | 2,526 | 2,497 | 98.9 | 2,419 | 2,379 | 98.3 |
| Public | 649 | 644 | 99.2 | 642 | 641 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 1,573 | 1,555 | 98.9 | 1,513 | 1,503 | 99.3 |
| Private for-profit | 304 | 298 | 98.0 | 264 | 235 | 89.0 |
| 2-year | 1,724 | 1,715 | 99.5 | 1,673 | 1,663 | 99.4 |
| Public | 1,092 | 1,089 | 99.7 | 1,085 | 1,083 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 130 | 130 | 100.0 | 123 | 123 | 100.0 |
| Private for-profit | 502 | 496 | 98.8 | 465 | 457 | 98.3 |
| Non-degree-granting | 2,256 | 2,193 | 97.2 | 10 | 10 | 100.0 |
| 4 -year ${ }^{1}$ | 24 | 23 | 95.8 | 10 | 10 | 100.0 |
| Public | , | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ |
| Private not-for-profit | 20 | 19 | 95.0 | 9 | 9 | 100.0 |
| Private for-profit | 3 | 3 | 100.0 | 1 | 1 | 100.0 |
| 2-year | 470 | 458 | 97.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Public | 74 | 74 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private not-for-profit | 124 | 117 | 94.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private for-profit | 272 | 267 | 98.2 | $\dagger$ | t | $\dagger$ |
| Less-than-2-year | 1,762 | 1,712 | 97.2 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Public | 264 | 261 | 98.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private not-for-profit | 121 | 118 | 97.5 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | † |
| Private for-profit | 1,377 | 1,333 | 96.8 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| $\dagger$ Not applicable. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ These institutions grant certificates only at the post-baccalaureate, post-master's, and postdoctrrate levels. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: The Fall Staff component was optional for all institutions in 2002-03 and is not considered in the response rates. The |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employees by Assigned Position component was applicable to all institutions. The Salaries component was applicable to all 4year institutions (both degree-granting and non-degree-granting) and 2 -year degree-granting institutions except for those |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| institutions where all instructional faculty are part time, contribute their services, are in the military, or teach clinical or preclinical |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| medicine. The outlying areas are American Samoa, the Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, the Marshall Islands, the Northern |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table M1a provides the number of Title IV institutions and the survey response rates by degreegranting status and by level and control of institution for those institutions located in the United States only (excludes the outlying areas).

The potential for nonresponse bias for all institutions (including those in the outlying areas) was analyzed for domains for which the response rate was less than 90 percent. As mentioned above and shown in table M1, for Employees by Assigned Position, no domains had response rates below 90 percent. Therefore, nonresponse bias analysis was not performed for EAP data. For Salaries, two domains had response rates below 90 percent: private for-profit 4-year institutions (89.1 percent) and private for-profit 4-year degree-granting institutions (89.0 percent).

Estimates of nonresponse bias must be computed using data that are available for both the current year's respondents and nonrespondents. Therefore, the analysis of nonresponse bias for the current year's Salaries component was based on the prior year's respondents who were eligible for the current year's survey (both current year respondents and nonrespondents).

If the imputed data are not used, the bias of the estimate of the current year's mean, $\mu$, based on the current year's respondents, can be estimated as

$$
\hat{B}\left(\bar{y}_{R}\right)=\hat{\eta}\left(\bar{y}_{R}-\bar{y}_{N R}\right),
$$

where $\hat{\eta}$ is the nonresponse rate and $\bar{y}_{R}$ and $\bar{y}_{N R}$ are the respondent and nonrespondent sample means, respectively. Likewise, the percentage of relative bias can be estimated as

$$
\hat{R}_{B}=\frac{100 \hat{B}\left(\bar{y}_{R}\right)}{(1-\hat{\eta}) \bar{y}_{R}+\hat{\eta} \bar{y}_{N R}}
$$

where the denominator estimates the true population mean.
These formulae were used to estimate nonresponse bias (absolute and relative) for the domains with a response rate below 90 percent for the Salaries component. The current year's data were used to estimate the nonresponse rate, $\hat{\eta}$, and the prior year's respondents were used to estimate the current-year respondent and nonrespondent means, $\bar{y}_{R}$ and $\bar{y}_{N R}$, respectively. No significance tests were performed because the IPEDS is a census, not a sample survey.

Table M2 provides the bias estimates for the domains for which the Salaries response rate was less than 90 percent. It provides estimates for 11/12-month contracts only because sufficient data were not available for the other contract lengths. For 9/10-month contracts and less-than-9month contracts, very few of the current year nonresponding institutions provided data in either of the prior 2 years (no institutions for $9 / 10$-month contracts and one for less-than-9-month contracts). Hence, estimates of nonresponse bias would be very unreliable for them.

Table M1a. Title IV institutions responding to the IPEDS winter 2002-03 data collection, by degree-granting status and level and control of institution: United States

| Degree-granting status and level and control of institution | Employees by Assigned Position |  |  | Salaries |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Final universe | Number responded | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Response } \\ \text { rate (\%) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Final universe | Number responded | $\begin{array}{r} \hline \text { Response } \\ \text { rate (\%) } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| All institutions | 6,352 | 6,257 | 98.5 | 4,023 | 3,973 | 98.8 |
| Public | 2,051 | 2,041 | 99.5 | 1,699 | 1,696 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 1,920 | 1,891 | 98.5 | 1,607 | 1,597 | 99.4 |
| Private for-profit | 2,381 | 2,325 | 97.6 | 717 | 680 | 94.8 |
| 4-year | 2,489 | 2,459 | 98.8 | 2,370 | 2,330 | 98.3 |
| Public | 632 | 627 | 99.2 | 624 | 623 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 1,557 | 1,538 | 98.8 | 1,487 | 1,477 | 99.3 |
| Private for-profit | 300 | 294 | 98.0 | 259 | 230 | 88.8 |
| 2-year | 2,170 | 2,150 | 99.1 | 1,653 | 1,643 | 99.4 |
| Public | 1,155 | 1,153 | 99.8 | 1,075 | 1,073 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 251 | 244 | 97.2 | 120 | 120 | 100.0 |
| Private for-profit | 764 | 753 | 98.6 | 458 | 450 | 98.3 |
| Less-than-2-year | 1,693 | 1,648 | 97.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Public | 264 | 261 | 98.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private not-for-profit | 112 | 109 | 97.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private for-profit | 1,317 | 1,278 | 97.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Degree-granting | 4,167 | 4,130 | 99.1 | 4,013 | 3,963 | 98.8 |
| 4-year | 2,465 | 2,436 | 98.8 | 2,360 | 2,320 | 98.3 |
| Public | 631 | 626 | 99.2 | 624 | 623 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 1,537 | 1,519 | 98.8 | 1,478 | 1,468 | 99.3 |
| Private for-profit | 297 | 291 | 98.0 | 258 | 229 | 88.8 |
| 2-year | 1,702 | 1,694 | 99.5 | 1,653 | 1,643 | 99.4 |
| Public | 1,081 | 1,079 | 99.8 | 1,075 | 1,073 | 99.8 |
| Private not-for-profit | 127 | 127 | 100.0 | 120 | 120 | 100.0 |
| Private for-profit | 494 | 488 | 98.8 | 458 | 450 | 98.3 |
| Non-degree-granting | 2,185 | 2,127 | 97.3 | 10 | 10 | 100.0 |
| 4 -year ${ }^{1}$ | 24 | 23 | 95.8 | 10 | 10 | 100.0 |
| Public | 1 | 1 | 100.0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ |
| Private not-for-profit | 20 | 19 | 95.0 | 9 | 9 | 100.0 |
| Private for-profit | 3 | 3 | 100.0 | 1 | 1 | 100.0 |
| 2-year | 468 | 456 | 97.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Public | 74 | 74 | 100.0 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private not-for-profit | 124 | 117 | 94.4 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private for-profit | 270 | 265 | 98.1 | + | + | $\dagger$ |
| Less-than-2-year | 1,693 | 1,648 | 97.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Public | 264 | 261 | 98.9 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private not-for-profit | 112 | 109 | 97.3 | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| Private for-profit | 1,317 | 1,278 | 97.0 | $\pm$ | $\dagger$ | $\dagger$ |
| $\dagger$ Not applicable. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ These institutions grant certificates only at the post-baccalaureate, post-master's, and postdoctorate levels. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTE: The Fall Staff component was optional for all institutions in 2002-03 and is not considered in the response rates. The |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employees by Assigned Position component was applicable to all institutions. The Salaries component was applicable to all 4year institutions (both degree-granting and non-degree-granting) and 2-year degree-granting institutions except for those |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| institutions where all instructional faculty are part time, contribute their services, are in the military, or teach clinical or preclinical medicine. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table M2. Estimated bias prior to imputations for salary outlays for instructional faculty on 11/12month contracts within domains with response rates below 90 percent, by degreegranting status, sector, gender, and academic rank at Title IV institutions: United States and outlying areas, academic year 2002-03

| Degree-granting status, sector, gender, and academic rank | Number of current year respondents ${ }^{1}$ |  | Number ofcurrent yearnonrespondents ${ }^{2}$ |  | Percent respondent distribution | Percent nonrespondent distribution | Nonresponse bias | Percent relative bias |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | Responded prior year | All | $\begin{gathered} \text { Responded } \\ \text { prior year } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
| All institutions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private for-profit 4-year (11/12-month contracts only) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent men | 203 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 70.18 | 53.37 | 2.10 | 3.09 |
| Percent women | 203 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 29.82 | 46.63 | -2.10 | -6.59 |
| Academic rank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent professor | 203 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 17.05 | 0.0 | 2.13 | 14.29 |
| Percent associate professor | 203 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 5.47 | 0.0 | 0.68 | 14.29 |
| Percent assistant professor | 203 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 5.87 | 0.0 | 0.73 | 14.29 |
| Percent instructor | 203 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 48.25 | 38.00 | 1.28 | 2.73 |
| Percent lecturer | 203 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 1.27 | 0.0 | 0.16 | 14.29 |
| Percent no academic rank | 203 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 22.09 | 62.00 | -4.99 | -18.42 |
| Degree-granting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private for-profit 4-year (11/12-month contracts only) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gender |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent men | 202 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 70.18 | 53.37 | 2.11 | 3.10 |
| Percent women | 202 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 29.82 | 46.63 | -2.11 | -6.61 |
| Academic rank |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent professor | 202 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 17.05 | 0.0 | 2.14 | 14.36 |
| Percent associate professor | 202 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 5.47 | 0.0 | 0.69 | 14.36 |
| Percent assistant professor | 202 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 5.87 | 0.0 | 0.74 | 14.36 |
| Percent instructor | 202 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 48.25 | 38.00 | 1.29 | 2.74 |
| Percent lecturer | 202 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 1.27 | 0.0 | 0.16 | 14.36 |
| Percent no academic rank | 202 | 184 | 29 | 29 | 22.09 | 62.00 | -5.01 | -18.49 |

[^5]For faculty on 11/12-month contracts, table M2 provides estimates of nonresponse bias for the estimated distributions by sector, gender, and academic rank. For the gender distributions, the bias estimates are all less than 3 percent (in absolute value) and the relative bias estimates are all less than 10 percent (in absolute value). However, for the academic rank distributions, the bias is less than 3 percent for 83 percent of the estimates, but the estimated relative bias is less than 10 percent for only 17 percent of the estimates. Because the relative bias is not negligible (i.e., it is more than 10 percent) for several academic rank categories, the imputed data should be used to reduce the bias when making inferences from the Salaries component.

## Survey Procedures

The winter 2002-03 IPEDS data collection was conducted using the IPEDS web-based data collection system. Each institution appointed a keyholder, who was the person responsible for ensuring that survey data submitted by the institution were correct. The keyholder could generate UserIDs and passwords for up to six additional survey respondents who could also enter or review data. For many institutions, keyholders were also required to edit and "lock" the data; locking is equivalent to submitting completed data to NCES.

Coordinators are individuals who take responsibility for a specified group of institutions to ensure that all data were entered correctly. Some coordinators may be responsible for a system of institutions (e.g., SUNY-the State University of New York); others may coordinate all or some institutions in a state. Also, coordinators may elect to provide different levels of review. For example, some may only view data provided by their institutions, while others may upload, review, and/or lock data for their institutions.

For the 2002-03 IPEDS data collections, keyholders were asked to register prior to the fall 2002 data collection. Registration information, including UserIDs and passwords, was e-mailed to existing keyholders in mid-July. Also in mid-July, letters were sent to chief executive officers (CEOs) at institutions without pre-registered keyholders, requesting that they appoint a keyholder for the 2002-03 collection year. The package included a letter for the keyholder and a registration certificate with the institution's UserID and password for the entire 2002-03 collection period. Subsequent registration mailings were sent to CEOs at institutions at which a keyholder had still not been registered, in mid-August, mid-September, mid-December, and midMarch. At the beginning of the winter and spring collections, in late November and early March, respectively, e-mail messages were sent to registered keyholders and coordinators requesting that they update or confirm their registration contact information when the collections opened. Schools were allowed to designate a new keyholder at any time during the collection year, if needed. As with previous IPEDS studies, follow-up for nonresponse was conducted with CEOs, coordinators, and keyholders via mail, e-mail, and telephone throughout all three collection periods.

The web-based survey instruments offered many features designed to improve the quality and timeliness of the data. As indicated above, survey respondents were required to register before entering 2002-03 data to ensure a point of contact between NCES/IPEDS and the institution. Online data entry forms were tailored to each institution based on characteristics such as degreegranting status, public vs. private control, and length of longest program offered.

When data from previous years were available for an institution, they were preloaded on the customized forms for easy reference and comparison purposes. Once the 2002-03 data were entered, either manually or through file upload, the keyholders were required to run edit checks and resolve all errors before they were able to lock their data. Once data were locked, they were considered "submitted," regardless of whether or not the coordinator had reviewed the submission.

Once the data were complete and all locks were applied, IPEDS help desk staff conducted a final review. If any additional problems were detected, the help desk staff contacted the institutions to resolve any remaining questions. Once data were reviewed, and, if necessary, problems resolved, most data were migrated to the Peer Analysis System (PAS), where they were made available to other responding institutions for comparison purposes. Because of confidentiality issues, Salaries data were not immediately available in the PAS.

## Survey Components

Employees by Assigned Position (EAP)—This component of the web-based survey was mandatory for all Title IV institutions for winter 2002-03. The EAP survey is used to categorize all persons on the institution's payroll as of November 1 of the collection year, by employment status (full or part time), faculty status, and primary occupational activity (assigned position). Title IV 4-year institutions that have a medical school component are required to report their medical school employees separately.

The primary occupational activities are: faculty (primarily instruction, instruction combined with research and/or public service, primarily research, and primarily public service), executive/administrative/managerial, other professional (support/service), technical and paraprofessionals, clerical and secretarial, skilled crafts, and service/maintenance. If, by institutional definition, an employee has faculty status, the employee is categorized according to tenure status: tenured, on tenure track, or not on tenure track/no tenure system. If the employee does not have faculty status, he/she is counted as "without faculty status."

All staff reported in the EAP component should be included in the Fall Staff component in the same occupational activity categories. All staff reported as full-time in the EAP component as either primarily instruction or instruction combined with research and/or public service should be included in the Salaries component, unless they are exempted because of one of the exclusions noted in the description of the Salaries component. Instructional faculty in medical schools are not included in the Salaries component because they all teach preclinical or clinical medicine.

Salaries (SA)—This component of the web-based survey collects data on full-time instructional faculty; that is, faculty classified (on the EAP) as either primarily instruction or instruction combined with research and/or public service. The data are current as of November 1 of the collection year and include all full-time instructional faculty on the payroll. This component is applicable to all 4-year institutions and 2-year degree-granting institutions. Less-than-2-year institutions and 2 - year non-degree-granting institutions are excluded from the scope of the Salaries survey. Also, the Salaries component is not applicable (institutions are not asked to respond) if one of the following conditions apply:

- all instructional faculty are military personnel;
- all instructional faculty contribute their services;
- all instructional faculty teach preclinical or clinical medicine; or
- all instructional faculty are employed on a part-time basis.

Part A of the Salaries component collects data on the number of full-time instructional faculty and the total salary outlays, by contract length (less-than- 9 - month, $9 / 10$-month, $11 / 12$-month) and by gender and academic rank (professor, associate professor, assistant professor, instructor, lecturer, no academic rank). Part B collects data on the fringe benefit expenditures and the number of full-time instructional faculty on 9/10-month and 11/12-month contracts covered by these benefits. Types of fringe benefits included are retirement plans, medical/dental plans, group life insurance, other insurance benefits, guaranteed disability income protection, tuition plan, housing plan, Social Security taxes, unemployment compensation, worker's compensation, and other benefits.

Fall Staff (S)—This component of the web-based survey was optional for winter 2002-03. This component collects data for all persons on the payroll of the institution as of November 1 of the collection year, by primary occupational activity, full- and part-time status, contract length, salary class intervals, gender, and race/ethnicity. The primary occupational activity categories are the same as those used in the EAP component. There are two versions of this component. The long form, which replaced the EEO-6 survey in 1993, is completed by degree-granting institutions, and the short form is completed by non-degree-granting institutions. Institutions with fewer than 15 full-time staff are not asked to respond to this component of the IPEDS survey. The long form has six parts:

Part A: Full-time faculty by racial/ethnic category, gender, contract length, and salary class intervals
Part B: All other full-time employees by racial/ethnic category, gender, primary occupational activity, and salary class intervals
Part D: Part-time employees by racial/ethnic category, gender, and primary occupational activity
Part E: Summary of full-time and part-time employees by racial/ethnic category and gender
Part F: Tenure of full-time faculty by racial/ethnic category, gender, and academic rank Part G: New hires by racial/ethnic category, gender, and primary occupational activity.

The short form has three parts:
Part A: Full-time employees by racial/ethnic category, gender, and primary occupational activity
Part B: Part-time employees by racial/ethnic category, gender, and primary occupational activity
Part C: Summary of full-time and part-time employees by racial/ethnic category and gender.

## Edit Procedures

Edit checks were built into the web-based instrument to detect major reporting errors. The system automatically generated average salaries or totals on each component (as required), and edit checks compared current responses to previously reported data. The edit checks could be run at any time during the collection, and all edits were required to be resolved before the keyholder could lock the data. As edit checks were executed, survey respondents were notified of any errors detected by the system, and respondents could correct the data as needed. If data were entered correctly but failed the edit checks, the survey respondents were asked either to confirm that the data were correct as entered or to explain why the data appeared to be out of the expected data range. Survey respondents were also provided with a caveats box on each survey component and were encouraged to use this area to explain any special circumstances that might not be evident in their reported data. Finally, the data were manually reviewed for additional inconsistencies by coordinators (when applicable) and the IPEDS help desk staff. When necessary, keyholders were contacted to verify the accuracy of the data.

For the Salaries component, current year data were compared to the previous year's data and large discrepancies had to be explained. Average salaries were calculated and checks were in place for unusually high or unusually low averages. The number of faculty receiving fringe benefits could not exceed the total number of faculty on contract. The number of full-time instructional faculty in the Salaries component had to be equal to or less than the number of fulltime faculty reported as either primarily instruction or instruction combined with research and/or public service in the EAP and less than or equal to the number of faculty in the Fall Staff component (if completed).

If the Fall Staff component was completed, current year data were compared to data from the previous collection and large discrepancies had to be justified. The total number of fulltime faculty reported in parts A and F were compared to each other and to the counts provided in the EAP. Additionally, the number of staff reported in the EAP component was compared to the Fall Staff data for each primary occupational activity/assigned position category.

## Imputation Procedures

The EAP data and Salaries data for Title IV institutions were subject to imputation for nonresponse-both total (unit) nonresponse and partial (item) nonresponse. Fall Staff data were not imputed because they were not required for 2002-03. The imputation base was restricted to institutions satisfying the following conditions:

- the institution must participate in Title IV student financial aid programs;
- the institution must be currently active ${ }^{3}$ in IPEDS;
- the institution must not be a child ${ }^{4}$ institution (data for a child institution are reported by another institution, referred to as the parent);

[^6]- For the Salaries component, the institution must be either a 4 -year institution or a 2-year degree-granting institution; and
- For the Salaries component, the institution's instructional faculty must not fall into one of the following categories:
- all instructional faculty are military personnel;
- all instructional faculty contribute their services;
- all instructional faculty teach preclinical or clinical medicine; or
- all instructional faculty are employed on a part-time basis.

For the EAP component, there were 31 imputation groups. The imputation groups were formed primarily based on institutional sector, undergraduate, graduate, and first-professional offerings.

For the Salaries component, only Part A of the survey form was subject to imputation for total (unit) and partial (item) nonresponse. Twenty-nine imputation groups were formed based primarily on institutional sector, undergraduate, graduate, and first-professional offerings. No imputations were performed for missing fringe benefits data.

## Employees by Assigned Position

The following imputation methods were used to impute missing data in the EAP component of the data collection:

- Carry Forward-Reported prior year EAP data were carried forward to the current year. The number of employees reported in the prior year was used as the base value for the imputation. For each combination of full-time/part-time and non-medical school/medical school, to adjust for year-to-year change, the base value was then multiplied by the median ratio of the total staff reported in the current year to those reported in the prior year, within the imputation group.
- Nearest Neighbor-The current year Salaries data or the previous year Fall Enrollment data were used to determine the distance between an imputee and a potential donor. A distance was defined depending on the survey used. For the Salaries survey, the distance measure was the sum of employees over the three different contract lengths. For the Fall Enrollment survey, the distance measure was full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment, defined as ( $1 / 3 \times$ part-time students) + (full-time students). Salaries survey data were considered first, and then fall enrollment data were considered. Each nearest neighbor imputee was imputed with the EAP data from the donor in the same imputation group with the nearest value of the distance measure. The donor's data values were multiplied by the ratio of the imputee's distance measure and the donor's distance measure.
- Group Median-For each imputation group, the sum of all full-time staff and one-third of the part-time staff was calculated for each institution. The institution with the median value of this measure within each imputation group was the donor institution.


## Salaries

The following imputation methods were used to impute missing data in the Salaries component of the survey:

- Carry Forward-Reported prior year Salaries data were carried forward to the current year. The values were then multiplied by a year-to- year adjustment for employee count and by an inflation adjustment for average salaries each from within the imputation group. Salary outlays were then calculated as the product of employee count and average salaries.
- Nearest Neighbor EAP—Data from a nearest neighbor of the imputee based on the current year EAP data within the imputation group were used as the imputed values. In the full-time, non-medical school category of the EAP dataset, the sum of employees for primarily instruction and instruction combined with research and/or public service was used in defining the distance measure. An imputee/donor adjustment was made to the imputed values. Only institutions having data for the same types of contract lengths as the imputee were considered as potential donors within the imputation group.
- Nearest Neighbor FTE—Data from a nearest neighbor of the imputee based on previous years' FTE enrollment values within the imputation group were used as the imputed values. An imputee/donor FTE adjustment was made to the imputed values. Only institutions having data for the same types of contract lengths as the imputee were considered as potential donors within the imputation group.
- Group Median-For each institution, the sum of total salary outlays over all contract lengths was calculated and ranked within each imputation group. The institution with the median rank was the donor institution. Only institutions having data for the same types of contract lengths as the imputee were considered within the imputation group.
- Partial Imputations-Partial nonresponse was determined by comparison with prior year Salaries data and the related screening questions. Partial nonrespondents were imputed by Carry Forward imputation only.

For the Employees by Assigned Position component, table M3 provides information on the number of employees and the number and percentages of employees that were imputed for all Title IV institutions in the United States, by control of institution, employment status, primary/function occupational activity, school type, and degree-granting status.

For the Salaries component, table M4 provides the total salary outlays and the amounts and percentages that were imputed for all Title IV institutions in the United States, by control of institution, contract length, gender, and academic rank.

## Fall Staff

No imputations were performed on the Fall Staff data because completion of this component was optional for winter 2002-03.

Table M3. Employees, number of employees imputed, and percentage imputed for all Title IV institutions, by control of institution, employment status, primary function/occupational activity, school type, and degree-granting status: United States, fall 2002

| Employment status, primary function/occupational activity, degree-granting status, and school type | Total |  |  | Public |  |  | Private not-for-profit |  |  | Private for-profit |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employees | Imputed |  | Employees | Imputed |  | Employees | Imputed |  | Employees | Imputed |  |
|  |  | Number | Percent |  | Number P | Percent |  | Number | Percent |  | Number | Percent |
| Employees | 2,938,458 | 31,220 | 1.1 | 1,951,751 | 22,179 | 1.1 | 880,273 | 7,534 | 0.9 | 106,434 | 1,507 | 1.4 |
| Full-time employees | 2,092,286 | 27,156 | 1.3 | 1,380,718 | 20,017 | 1.4 | 648,272 | 6,090 | 0.9 | 63,296 | 1,049 | 1.7 |
| Primarily instruction | 413,817 | 1,929 | 0.5 | 265,709 | 917 | 0.3 | 126,388 | 679 | 0.5 | 21,720 | 333 | 1.5 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 192,179 | 4,300 | 2.2 | 140,247 | 2,942 | 2.1 | 50,800 | 1,347 | 2.7 | 1,132 | 11 | 1.0 |
| Primarily research | 41,094 | 897 | 2.2 | 29,394 | 897 | 3.1 | 11,684 | 0 | 0.0 | 16 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Primarily public service | 14,224 | 162 | 1.1 | 8,958 | 162 | 1.8 | 5,126 | 0 | 0.0 | 140 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Executive/administrative/ managerial | 180,846 | 2,176 | 1.2 | 91,776 | 1,242 | 1.4 | 77,287 | 691 | 0.9 | 11,783 | 243 | 2.1 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 493,300 | 8,244 | 1.7 | 328,951 | 6,725 | 2.0 | 148,683 | 1,227 | 0.8 | 15,666 | 292 | 1.9 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 160,713 | 1,626 | 1.0 | 115,370 | 1,346 | 1.2 | 43,070 | 251 | 0.6 | 2,273 | 29 | 1.3 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 348,128 | 4,893 | 1.4 | 227,280 | 3,285 | 1.4 | 112,370 | 1,497 | 1.3 | 8,478 | 111 | 1.3 |
| Skilled crafts | 62,659 | 966 | 1.5 | 47,814 | 906 | 1.9 | 14,625 | 58 | 0.4 | 220 | 2 | 0.9 |
| Service/maintenance | 185,326 | 1,963 | 1.1 | 125,219 | 1,595 | 1.3 | 58,239 | 340 | 0.6 | 1,868 | 28 | 1.5 |
| Part-time employees | 846,172 | 4,064 | 0.5 | 571,033 | 2,162 | 0.4 | 232,001 | 1,444 | 0.6 | 43,138 | 458 | 1.1 |
| Primarily instruction | 474,755 | 2,323 | 0.5 | 312,804 | 1,176 | 0.4 | 125,909 | 836 | 0.7 | 36,042 | 311 | 0.9 |
| Instruction/research/public service | 63,311 | 618 | 1.0 | 46,728 | 430 | 0.9 | 15,753 | 186 | 1.2 | 830 | 2 | 0.2 |
| Primarily research | 13,716 | 369 | 2.7 | 11,410 | 369 | 3.2 | 2,299 | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Primarily public service | 6,709 | 47 | 0.7 | 4,776 | 14 | 0.3 | 1,916 | 33 | 1.7 | 17 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Executive/administrative/ managerial | 9,603 | 76 | 0.8 | 3,967 | 32 | 0.8 | 5,159 | 31 | 0.6 | 477 | 13 | 2.7 |
| Other professional (support/service) | 86,105 | 218 | 0.3 | 56,955 | 25 | \# | 27,664 | 141 | 0.5 | 1,486 | 52 | 3.5 |
| Technical and paraprofessionals | 45,149 | 83 | 0.2 | 34,677 | 25 | 0.1 | 9,686 | 42 | 0.4 | 786 | 16 | 2.0 |
| Clerical and secretarial | 101,985 | 222 | 0.2 | 71,164 | 56 | 0.1 | 28,427 | 125 | 0.4 | 2,394 | 41 | 1.7 |
| Skilled crafts | 4,068 | 18 | 0.4 | 3,088 | 15 | 0.5 | 829 | 3 | 0.4 | 151 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Service/maintenance | 40,771 | 90 | 0.2 | 25,464 | 20 | 0.1 | 14,359 | 47 | 0.3 | 948 | 23 | 2.4 |
| Degree-granting | 2,864,234 | 30,391 | 1.1 | 1,920,948 | 22,026 | 1.1 | 866,800 | 7,324 | 0.8 | 76,486 | 1,041 | 1.4 |
| Non-degree-granting | 74,224 | 829 | 1.1 | 30,803 | 153 | 0.5 | 13,473 | 210 | 1.6 | 29,948 | 466 | 1.6 |
| Non-medical school | 2,652,083 | 22,272 | 0.8 | 1,791,644 | 17,081 | 1.0 | 754,044 | 3,684 | 0.5 | 106,395 | 1,507 | 1.4 |
| Medical school | 286,375 | 8,948 | 3.1 | 160,107 | 5,098 | 3.2 | 126,229 | 3,850 | 3.1 | 39 | 0 | 0.0 |

\#Rounds to zero.
NOTE: Table is restricted to U.S. institutions only. For institutions in outlying areas, 335 of 28,372 , or 1.1 percent of employees were imputed.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

Table M4. Salary outlays, amounts imputed, and percentages imputed for all Title IV institutions, by control of institution, contract length, gender, and academic rank: United States, academic year 2002-03
[Amounts except percentages are in thousands of dollars]


|  | Less-than-9-month contract |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | \$97,273 | \$7,385 | 7.6 | \$65,935 | \$6,707 | 10.2 | \$27,834 | \$0 | 0.0 | \$3,504 | \$678 | 19.4 |
| Men | 57,053 | 4,489 | 7.9 | 36,211 | 4,195 | 11.6 | 19,141 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,701 | 294 | 17.3 |
| Professor | 13,180 | 0 | 0.0 | 3,506 | 0 | 0.0 | 9,334 | 0 | 0.0 | 339 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Associate professor | 4,691 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,974 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,716 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ |
| Assistant professor | 6,417 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,767 | 0 | 0.0 | 3,650 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ |
| Instructors | 18,466 | 4,489 | 24.3 | 16,074 | 4,195 | 26.1 | 1,339 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,053 | 294 | 27.9 |
| Lecturers | 3,419 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,980 | 0 | 0.0 | 440 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ |
| No academic rank | 10,880 | 0 | 0.0 | 8,909 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,661 | 0 | 0.0 | 309 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Women | 40,220 | 2,897 | 7.2 | 29,724 | 2,512 | 8.5 | 8,693 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,803 | 384 | 21.3 |
| Professor | 3,001 | 0 | 0.0 | 639 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,029 | 0 | 0.0 | 332 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Associate professor | 1,399 | 0 | 0.0 | 538 | 0 | 0.0 | 861 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ |
| Assistant professor | 4,161 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,826 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,335 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ |
| Instructors | 16,846 | 2,897 | 17.2 | 14,934 | 2,512 | 16.8 | 709 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,204 | 384 | 31.9 |
| Lecturers | 4,566 | 0 | 0.0 | 3,943 | 0 | 0.0 | 603 | 0 | 0.0 | 20 | 0 | 0.0 |
| No academic rank | 10,246 | 0 | 0.0 | 7,844 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,155 | 0 | 0.0 | 247 | 0 | 0.0 |
|  | 9/10-month contract |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 26,087,806 | 23,697 | 0.1 | 18,096,905 | 10,053 | 0.1 | 7,971,166 | 13,643 | 0.2 | 19,735 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Men | 16,905,188 | 13,790 | 0.1 | 11,509,469 | 5,414 | \# | 5,384,406 | 8,375 | 0.2 | 11,313 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Professor | 7,936,119 | 5,613 | 0.1 | 5,122,440 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,812,797 | 5,613 | 0.2 | 881 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Associate professor | 3,664,718 | 1,226 | \# | 2,404,351 | 31 | \# | 1,259,487 | 1,194 | 0.1 | 880 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Assistant professor | 2,879,470 | 1,552 | 0.1 | 1,883,016 | 0 | 0.0 | 995,935 | 1,552 | 0.2 | 519 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Instructors | 1,377,599 | 5,399 | 0.4 | 1,233,774 | 5,383 | 0.4 | 141,193 | 16 | \# | 2,632 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Lecturers | 309,504 | 0 | 0.0 | 222,857 | 0 | 0.0 | 86,647 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ |
| No academic rank | 737,778 | 0 | 0.0 | 643,031 | 0 | 0.0 | 88,347 | 0 | 0.0 | 6,401 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Women | 9,182,618 | 9,907 | 0.1 | 6,587,435 | 4,639 | 0.1 | 2,586,760 | 5,268 | 0.2 | 8,422 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Professor | 2,230,581 | 2,414 | 0.1 | 1,498,767 | 0 | 0.0 | 731,360 | 2,414 | 0.3 | 454 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Associate professor | 2,166,098 | 1,089 | 0.1 | 1,415,261 | 67 | \# | 750,170 | 1,022 | 0.1 | 666 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Assistant professor | 2,308,728 | 1,672 | 0.1 | 1,511,169 | 0 | 0.0 | 796,424 | 1,672 | 0.2 | 1,135 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Instructors | 1,450,990 | 4,733 | 0.3 | 1,288,847 | 4,572 | 0.4 | 158,728 | 161 | 0.1 | 3,414 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Lecturers | 330,938 | 0 | 0.0 | 244,384 | 0 | 0.0 | 86,554 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0 | $\dagger$ |
| No academic rank | 695,282 | 0 | 0.0 | 629,007 | 0 | 0.0 | 63,523 | 0 | 0.0 | 2,752 | 0 | 0.0 |
|  | 11/12-month contract |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 6,231,572 | 19,982 | 0.3 | 4,037,825 | 4,249 | 0.1 | 1,719,275 | 3,508 | 0.2 | 474,472 | 12,225 | 2.6 |
| Men | 4,196,855 | 13,083 | 0.3 | 2,758,155 | 3,646 | 0.1 | 1,121,920 | 3,209 | 0.3 | 316,780 | 6,227 | 2.0 |
| Professor | 1,919,816 | 1,671 | 0.1 | 1,411,001 | 310 | \# | 468,159 | 1,360 | 0.3 | 40,656 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Associate professor | 823,767 | 1,454 | 0.2 | 536,691 | 393 | 0.1 | 270,717 | 954 | 0.4 | 16,359 | 106 | 0.7 |
| Assistant professor | 638,101 | 624 | 0.1 | 382,055 | 265 | 0.1 | 243,496 | 325 | 0.1 | 12,549 | 34 | 0.3 |
| Instructors | 525,919 | 6,133 | 1.2 | 237,318 | 2,677 | 1.1 | 82,391 | 569 | 0.7 | 206,210 | 2,886 | 1.4 |
| Lecturers | 61,638 | 0 | 0.0 | 45,756 | 0 | 0.0 | 9,639 | 0 | 0.0 | 6,244 | 0 | 0.0 |
| No academic rank | 227,613 | 3,201 | 1.4 | 145,334 | 0 | 0.0 | 47,517 | 0 | 0.0 | 34,762 | 3,201 | 9.2 |
| Women | 2,034,717 | 6,899 | 0.3 | 1,279,670 | 603 | \# | 597,356 | 299 | \# | 157,691 | 5,998 | 3.8 |
| Professor | 429,740 | 187 | \# | 295,376 | 151 | 0.1 | 120,848 | 36 | \# | 13,515 | 0 | 0.0 |
| Associate professor | 418,241 | 435 | 0.1 | 269,757 | 209 | 0.1 | 141,326 | 109 | 0.1 | 7,159 | 118 | 1.6 |
| Assistant professor | 508,916 | 338 | 0.1 | 295,296 | 25 | \# | 207,408 | 0 | 0.0 | 6,212 | 313 | 5.0 |
| Instructors | 458,052 | 3,247 | 0.7 | 271,217 | 219 | 0.1 | 80,850 | 154 | 0.2 | 105,984 | 2,874 | 2.7 |
| Lecturers | 45,535 | 0 | 0.0 | 36,604 | 0 | 0.0 | 7,172 | 0 | 0.0 | 1,759 | 0 | 0.0 |
| No academic rank | 174,233 | 2,693 | 1.5 | 111,419 | 0 | 0.0 | 39,752 | 0 | 0.0 | 23,062 | 2,693 | 11.7 |

## $\dagger$ Not applicable.

\#Rounds to zero.
NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Table is restricted to U.S. institutions only. For institutions in outlying areas, no salary outlays were imputed because all in-scope institutions in outlying areas reported Salaries data.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

## Data Perturbation and Confidentiality

Five laws cover protection of the confidentiality of individually identifiable information collected by NCES - the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended, the E-Government Act of 2002, the Education Sciences Reform Act of 2002, and the US Patriot Act of 2001. Therefore,

Under law, public use data collected and distributed by the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) may be used only for statistical purposes. Any effort to determine the identity of any reported case by public-use data users is prohibited by law. Violations are subject to Class E felony charges of a fine up to $\$ 250,000$ and/or a prison term up to 5 years.

In order to preserve the confidentiality of individuals' salaries, data in the Fall Staff and Salaries data files are subject to perturbation. Perturbation of the Salaries data was performed in such a manner that the average salaries by institutional level were not affected by perturbation. All Salaries data in this report are based on the perturbed data. Fall Staff and Salaries data included in the Peer Analysis System (PAS) are perturbed.

## Glossary of IPEDS Terms

11/12-month contract: The contracted teaching period of faculty employed for the entire year, usually for a period of 11 or 12 months.

2-year institution: A postsecondary institution that offers programs of at least 2 but less than 4 years' duration. Includes occupational and vocational schools with programs of at least 1,800 hours and academic institutions with programs of less than 4 years. Does not include bachelor's degree-granting institutions where the baccalaureate program can be completed in 3 years.

4-year institution: A postsecondary institution that offers programs of at least 4 years' duration or one that offers programs at or above the baccalaureate level. Includes schools that offer postbaccalaureate certificates only or those that offer graduate programs only. Also includes free-standing medical, law, or other first-professional schools.

9/10-month contract: The contracted teaching period of faculty employed for two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, two 4-month sessions, or the equivalent.

Child institution: An institution that has its data reported by another institution, known as the parent institution.

Clerical and secretarial: A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons whose assignments typically are associated with clerical activities or are specifically of a secretarial nature. Includes personnel who are responsible for internal and external communications, recording and retrieval of data (other than computer programmer), and/or information and other paperwork required in an office. Also includes such occupational titles such as switchboard operators, including answering service; telephone operators; bill and account collectors; billing and posting clerks and machine operators; bookkeeping, accounting, and auditing clerks; payroll and timekeeping clerks; procurement clerks; file clerks; clerical library assistants; human resources assistants, except payroll and timekeeping; shipping, receiving, and traffic clerks; secretaries and administrative assistants; computer operators; data entry and information processing workers; desktop publishers; mail clerks and mail machine operators (except postal service); office clerks (general); office machine operators (except computer); and proofreaders and copy markers.

Control of institution: A classification of whether an institution is operated by publicly elected or appointed officials (public control) or by privately elected or appointed officials and derives its major source of funds from private sources (private control).

Coordinator: The person who ensures that all data have been entered correctly by each institution under their jurisdiction. Coordinators can be designated for any group of institutions.

Degree-granting institution: An institution offering an associate's, bachelor's, master's, doctor's, or first-professional degree.

Donor institution: A responding institution whose values are assigned to the imputee.

Executive/administrative/managerial: A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons whose assignments require management of the institution, or a customarily recognized department or subdivision thereof. Assignments require the performance of work directly related to management policies or general business operations of the institution, department, or subdivision. Assignments in this category customarily and regularly require the incumbent to exercise discretion and independent judgment. Included in this category are employees holding titles such as top executives; chief executives; general and operations managers; advertising, marketing, promotions, public relations, and sales managers; operations specialties managers; administrative services managers; computer and information systems managers; financial managers; human resources managers; purchasing managers; postsecondary education administrators, such as presidents, vice presidents (including assistants and associates), deans (including assistants and associates) if their principal activity is administrative and not primarily instruction, research, or public service, directors (including assistants and associates), department heads (including assistants and associates) if their principal activity is administrative and not primarily instruction, research, or public service, and assistant and associate managers (including first-line managers of service, production, and sales workers who spend more than 80 percent of their time performing supervisory activities); engineering managers; food service managers; lodging managers; and medical and health services managers.

Faculty: Persons identified by the institution as such and typically those whose initial assignments are made for the purpose of conducting instruction, research, or public service as a principal activity (or activities). They may hold academic rank titles of professor, associate professor, assistant professor, instructor, lecturer, or the equivalent of any of those academic ranks. Faculty may also include the chancellor/president, provost, vice provosts, deans, directors, or the equivalent, as well as associate deans, assis tant deans, and executive officers of academic departments (chairpersons, heads, or the equivalent) if their principal activity is instruction combined with research and/or public service. The designation as "faculty" is separate from the activities to which they may be currently assigned. For example, a newly appointed president of an institution may also be appointed as a faculty member. Graduate, instruction, and research assistants are not included in this category.

Fringe benefits: Cash contributions in the form of supplementary or deferred compensation other than salary. Excludes the employee's contribution. Employee fringe benefits include retirement plans, Social Security taxes, medical/dental plans, guaranteed disability income protection plans, tuition plans, housing plans, unemployment compensation plans, group life insurance plans, worker's compensation plans, and other benefits in kind with cash options.

Full-time instructional faculty: Those members of the instruction/research staff who are employed full time and whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Also includes full-time faculty for whom it is not possible to differentiate between teaching, research, and public service because each of these functions is an integral component of his/her regular assignment.

Graduate assistant: Graduate-level students who are employed on a part-time basis for the primary purpose of assisting in classroom or laboratory instruction or in the conduct of research.

Graduate students with titles such as graduate assistant, teaching assistant, teaching associate, teaching fellow, or research assistant typically hold these positions.

Imputee: A nonresponding institution that has its values imputed.
Institutions (excluding medical schools): The term that refers to the group of institutions that includes all postsecondary institutions that are not affiliated with a medical school and the nonmedical component of an institution that has a medical school. (The non-medical component includes all parts of the institution except the medical school.)

Instruction combined with research and/or public service: A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons for whom it is not possible to differentiate between teaching, research, and public service because each of these functions is an integral component of his/her regular assignment. These employees may hold academic rank titles of professor, associate professor, assistant professor, instructor, lecturer, or the equivalent. This category includes all officers holding titles such as associate deans, assistant deans, and executive officers of academic departments (chairpersons, heads, or equivalent) if their principal activity is instruction combined with research and/or public service.

Keyholder: The person designated by an official institutional representative to have in their possession the necessary UserID and password to gain access to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) data collection system to complete the survey. The keyholder is responsible for entering data and locking the site by each survey completion date.

Less-than-2-year institution: A postsecondary institution that offers programs below the baccalaureate level of less than 2 years' duration. Includes occupational and vocational schools with programs that do not exceed 1,800 contact hours.

Less-than-9-month contract: The contracted teaching period of faculty employed for less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two 4-month sessions.

Level of institution: A classification of whether an institution's programs are 4 years or higher (4 year), at least 2 but less than 4 years ( 2 year), or less than 2 years.

Medical schools: (As used in this report) The term used to describe the group of institutions that includes all medical schools affiliated with an institution of higher education and all freestanding medical schools (those that are not affiliated with an institution of higher education). (For example: Duke University and the University of Pennsylvania have medical schools affiliated with the university; whereas, the Medical College of Georgia is considered a freestanding medical school.)

Medical school staff: Staff employed by or employees working in the medical school component of a postsecondary institution or in a freestanding medical school. Does not include staff employed by or employees working strictly in a hospital associated with a medical school or those who work in health or allied health schools or departments such as dentistry, veterinary medicine, nursing, or dental hygiene.

Non-degree-granting institution: An institution offering only postbaccalaureate, post-master's, or first-professional certificates, or certificates or diplomas of 4 years or less.

Non-professional: Non-professional staff include those staff in technical, paraprofessional, clerical, secretarial, skilled crafts, service, and maintenance positions.

## OPE: Office of Postsecondary Education

Other professional (support/service): A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons employed for the primary purpose of performing academic support, student service, and institutional support, whose assignments would require either a baccalaureate degree or higher or experience of such kind and amount as to provide a comparable background. Included in this category are all employees holding titles such as business operations specialists; buyers and purchasing agents; human resources, training, and labor relations specialists; management analysts; meeting and convention planners; miscellaneous business operations specialists; financial specialists; accountants and auditors; budget analysts; financial analysts and advisors; financial examiners; loan counselors and officers; computer specialists; computer and information scientists, research; computer programmers; computer software engineers; computer support specialists; computer systems analysts; database administrators; network and computer systems administrators; network systems and data communication analysts; counselors, social workers, and other community and social service specialists; counselors; social workers; health educators; clergy; directors, religious activities and education; lawyers; librarians, curators, and archivists; museum technicians and conservators; librarians; artists and related workers; designers; athletes, coaches, and umpires; dancers and choreographers; music directors and composers; chiropractors; dentists; dietitians and nutritionists; optometrists; pharmacists; physicians and surgeons; podiatrists; registered nurses; therapists; and veterinarians.

Outlying areas: Areas outside the United States that are surveyed as part of IPEDS include American Samoa, the Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, the Marshall Islands, the Northern Marianas, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands

Parent institution: An institution that reports data for another institution, known as the child institution.

PEPS: Postsecondary Education Participation System (used by OPE for Title IV federal student financial aid programs).

Postsecondary education: The provision of a formal instructional program whose curriculum is designed primarily for students who are beyond the compulsory age for high school. This includes programs whose purpose is academic, vocational, and continuing professional education and excludes avocational and adult basic education programs.

Postsecondary education institution: An institution that has as its sole purpose or one of its primary missions the provision of postsecondary education.

Primarily instruction: A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons whose specific assignments are customarily made for the purpose of conducting instruction or teaching and who hold academic titles of professor, associate professor, assistant professor, instructor, lecturer, or the equivalent. Includes deans, directors, or the equivalent, as well as associate deans, assistant deans, and executive officers of academic departments (chairpersons, heads, or equivalent) if their principal activity is instruction.

Primarily public service: A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of carrying out public service activities such as agricultural extension services, clinical services, or continuing education and who may hold academic titles of professor, associate professor, or assistant professor. Includes deans, directors, or the equivalent, as well as associate deans, assistant deans, and executive officers of academic departments (chairpersons, heads, or equivalent) if their principal activity is public service.

Primarily research: A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons whose specific assignments are customarily made for the purpose of conducting research and who hold academic titles of professor, associate professor, assistant professor, or titles such as research associate or postdoctoral fellow. Includes deans, directors, or the equivalent, as well as associate deans, assistant deans, and executive officers of academic departments (chairpersons, heads, or equivalent) if their principal activity is research.

Primary occupational activity: The principal activity of a staff member as determined by the institution. If an individual participates in two or more activities, the primary activity is normally determined by the amount of time spent in each activity. Occupational activities are designated as follows: executive, administrative, and managerial; faculty (instruction/research/public service); graduate assistants; other professional (support/service); technical and paraprofessional; clerical and secretarial; skilled crafts; and service/maintenance (see separate definitions).

Professional staff: Employees of an institution whose primary function or occupational activity is classified as one of the following: faculty; executive, administrative, managerial, or other professional.

Program Participation Agreement (PPA): A written agreement between a postsecondary institution and the Secretary of Education. This agreement allows institutions to participate in any of the Title IV student assistance programs other than the State Student Incentive Grant (SSIG) and the National Early Intervention Scholarship and Partnership (NEISP) programs. The PPA conditions the initial and continued participation of an eligible institution in any Title IV program upon compliance with the General Provisions regulations, the individual program regulations, and any additional conditions specified in the program participation agreement that the Department of Education requires the institution to meet. Institutions with such an agreement are referred to as Title IV institutions.

Sector: One of nine institutional categories resulting from dividing the universe according to control and level. Control categories are public, private not-for-profit, and private for-profit.

Level categories are 4 years and higher (4 year), at least 2 but less than 4 years ( 2 year), and less than 2 year. For example: public 4 -year institutions.

Service/maintenance: A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons whose assignments require limited degrees of previously acquired skills and knowledge and in which workers perform duties that result in or contribute to the comfort, convenience, and hygiene of personnel and the student body or that contribute to the upkeep of the institutional property. Includes titles such as fire fighters; law enforcement workers; parking enforcement workers; police officers; security guards; lifeguards; ski patrol; cooks and food preparation workers; food and beverage serving workers; fast food and counter workers; waiters and waitresses; other food preparation- and serving-related workers; building cleaning and pest control workers; grounds maintenance workers; electrical and electronic equipment mechanics; installers and repairers; radio and telecommunications equipment installers and repairers; avionics technicians; electric motor, power tool, and related repairers; vehicle and mobile equipment mechanics, installers, and repairers; control and valve installers and repairers; heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration me chanics and installers; air transportation workers; motor vehicle operators; and parking lot attendants.

Skilled crafts: A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons whose assignments typically require special manual skills and a thorough and comprehensive knowledge of the processes involved in the work, acquired through on-the-job-training and experience or through apprenticeship or other formal training programs. Includes occupational titles such as welders, cutters, solderers, and brazers; bookbinders and bindery workers; printers; cabinetmakers and bench carpenters; plant and system operators; stationary engineers and boiler operators; water and liquid waste treatment plant and system operators; crushing, grinding, polishing, mixing, and blending workers; medical, dental, and ophthalmic laboratory technicians; painting workers; photographic process workers and processing machine operators; and etchers and engravers.

Technical/paraprofessional: A primary function or occupational activity category used to classify persons whose assignments require specialized knowledge or skills which may be acquired through experience, apprenticeship, on-the-job training, or academic work in occupationally specific programs that result in a 2-year degree or other certificate or diploma. Includes persons who perform some of the duties of a professional in a supportive role, which usually requires less formal training and/or experience than normally required for professional status. Includes mathematical technicians; life, physical, and social science technicians; agricultural and food science technicians; chemical technicians; geological and petroleum technicians; nuclear technicians; paralegals and legal assistants; miscellaneous legal support workers; health technologists and technicians; dietetic technicians; pharmacy technicians; licensed practical and licensed vocational nurses; medical records and health information technicians; opticians, dispensing; healthcare support occupations; nursing aides, orderlies, and attendants; physical therapist assistants and aides; massage therapists; dental assistants; medical assistants; and pharmacy aides.

Title IV institution: An institution that has a written agreement with the Secretary of Education that allows the institution to participate in any of the Title IV federal student financial assistance programs (other than the State Student Incentive Grant [SSIG] and the National Early Intervention Scholarship and Partnership [NEISP] programs).

UserID: A series of numbers possibly with an alpha prefix that is created for a specific user to be able to access a system. Each user is required to have a UserID and a password in order to access the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) data collection system for security purposes.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ The term "staff," as used in this report, is synonymous with employees and includes faculty.
    ${ }^{2}$ Instructional faculty are those whose specific assignments customarily are made for the purpose of providing instruction or teaching, or for whom it is not possible to differentiate between teaching, research, and public service because each of these functions is an integral component of their regular assignment.
    ${ }^{3}$ The outlying areas are American Samoa, the Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, the Marshall Islands, the Northern Marianas, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.
    ${ }^{4}$ Institutions participating in Title IV programs are accredited by an agency or organization recognized by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education, have a program of over 300 clock hours or 8 credit hours, have been in business for at least 2 years, and have a signed Program Participation Agreement (PPA) with the Office of Postsecondary Education (OPE), U.S. Department of Education.

[^1]:    ${ }^{7}$ Professionals include faculty; staff in executive, administrative, and other managerial positions; and other professional (support/service) staff.

[^2]:    $\dagger$ Not applicable. There are no employees in this cell.
    \#Rounds to zero.
    NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

[^3]:    $\dagger$ Not applicable. There are no employees in this cell.
    \#Rounds to zero.
    NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes 6,508 institutions and 80 central or system offices.
    ${ }^{2}$ The outlying areas are American Samoa, the Federated States of Micronesia, Guam, the Marshall Islands, the Northern Marianas, Palau, Puerto Rico, and the Virgin Islands.

[^5]:    Number of institutions that responded for 11/12-month contract length.
    ${ }^{2}$ Number of institutions that are overall current year nonrespondents because indicators of nonresponse are not available by the contract length.
    NOTE: All instructional faculty in the private for-profit nonrespondent institutions were imputed as being on 11/12-month contracts, because very few faculty in these institutions are on 9/10-month contracts.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS), Winter 2002-03.

[^6]:    ${ }^{3}$ Institutions that did not respond were verified as currently active (open for business) prior to imputation through telephone calls and/or e-mail.
    ${ }^{4}$ A child is one that has all of its data reported by the parent institution.

