# Features of Occupational Programs at the Secondary and Postsecondary Education Levels 



Fast Response Survey System


# Features of Occupational Programs at the Secondary and Postsecondary Education Levels 



## postsecondary education quick information system peqis

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report presents data collected from two surveys conducted in spring 1999: "Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools" and "Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions." The surveys were conducted to provide the U.S. Department of Education's Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) with national estimates on occupational program activities.

The secondary school survey was conducted through the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Fast Response Survey System (FRSS), and the postsecondary survey was conducted through the NCES Postsecondary Education Quick Information System (PEQIS). The FRSS survey was administered to public secondary schools that include grades 11 and 12; respondents were asked about program activities for 28 selected occupations within 6 broad occupational areas. The PEQIS survey was administered to less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions, and respondents were asked to report on program activities for 32 selected occupations in the same 6 occupational areas. Survey findings are presented by school type (comprehensive, vocational) for the FRSS survey, and by level of institution (2year, less-than-2-year) for the PEQIS survey. Most findings are based on schools and institutions that offered at least one of the listed occupational programs.

## Program Offerings

Overall, a majority of all public secondary schools offered at least one of the listed occupational programs: 35 percent of the schools offered 1 to 5 programs, 18 percent offered 6 to 10 programs, and another 13 percent offered more than 10 programs. However, about one-third of the schools did not offer any of these programs. As one might expect, vocational schools were more likely than comprehensive high schools to offer the listed occupational programs; 98 percent of vocational schools offered at least one listed program, compared to 63 percent of comprehensive schools. On average, vocational schools also offered more occupational programs than did comprehensive schools; for example, 44 percent of vocational schools compared with 9 percent of comprehensive schools offered more than 10 of the listed occupational programs.

Ninety percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offered at least one of the listed occupational programs. About half of the institutions offered 1 to 5 programs, another 11 percent offered 6 to 10 programs, and an additional 27 percent offered more than 10 programs. A similar percentage of

2-year and less-than-2-year institutions offered at least one listed occupational program; 91 percent of less-than-2-year institutions offered at least one of the listed programs, compared to 88 percent of 2-year institutions. However, 2-year institutions offered more of the listed occupational programs; for example, 43 percent of 2-year institutions compared with 5 percent of less-than-2-year institutions offered more than 10 programs. With one exception (cosmetology), each specific occupational program was more common among 2 -year institutions than among less-than-2-year institutions.

Among the public secondary schools and less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offered at least one listed occupational program, some broad program areas and some specific programs were more popular than others. A majority of these public secondary schools offered at least one program in two of the six broad program areas-business and marketing ( 85 percent) and technical occupations ( 60 percent). About half of these schools offered at least one program in each of the other broad program areas-mechanical occupations, the building trades, health/life sciences, and service occupations. Among less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering any listed program, a majority offered at least one program in three of the six broad program areas-service occupations ( 64 percent), health/life sciences (61 percent), and business and marketing (60 percent). About half of these institutions offered programs for technical occupations, and fewer than half offered at least one program in mechanical occupations and the building trades.

## Ensuring the Teaching of Relevant Job Skills

Educators responsible for occupationally specific courses typically attempt to ensure that the content of their courses relates well to the occupations for which they prepare students. Various procedures exist to ensure a match between course content and occupational skill requirements, five of which were included in the surveys. For public secondary schools, the five procedures listed were industry advisory committees, surveys of employers' skill needs, followup surveys of graduates, student work experience (e.g., internships), and faculty externships (occupational work experience). Except for faculty externships, each of these procedures was used by at least two-thirds of all public secondary schools that offered at least one of the listed occupational programs. About half of these schools used faculty externships to ensure that courses teach appropriate job skills. For less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions, the five listed procedures were industry advisory committees, surveys of employers' skill needs, followup surveys of graduates, mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience, and periodic internal reviews. Except for mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience, each of these procedures was used in at least one listed occupational program by about four-fifths of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offered at least one of the listed occupational programs. About half of these institutions used mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience.

## Skill Competency Lists

To examine the use of skill competencies in occupational programs, respondents in both surveys were asked whether skill competency lists had been developed or adopted for each listed occupational program. Most public secondary schools with one or more of the listed occupational programs had developed or adopted skill competency lists for their programs; 78 percent of these schools had developed or adopted skill competencies for all of their offered programs and 95 percent had developed or adopted skill competencies for at least one program. As with secondary schools, a large proportion of 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions that offered one or more of the listed occupational programs reported that skill competency lists had been developed or adopted for their programs; 77 percent of these institutions had developed or adopted skill competencies for all of their programs, and 93 percent had developed or adopted skill competencies for at least one program.

Secondary schools and postsecondary institutions also were asked to indicate the extent of educator and industry input in skill competency development-that is, whether the skill competency lists were developed or adopted exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators, primarily by educators with industry input, with about equal educator and industry input, or primarily or exclusively by industry. Skill competency lists for at least one program were developed or adopted exclusively by educators, without industry involvement, in about one-third of all public secondary schools that offered at least one listed occupational program. About half of these schools reported a minor level of industry involvement in the development or adoption of skill competency lists for at least one listed program, fewer ( 34 percent) reported equal industry and educator involvement, and fewer still ( 6 percent) reported primary or exclusive industry involvement. Industry seemed to have a comparable level of involvement in developing or adopting skill competency lists at the postsecondary level. Almost half of less-than-4-year institutions with one or more of the listed occupational programs reported a minor level of industry input for at least one program, 36 percent involved educators and industry equally, and 8 percent used primarily or exclusively industry input.

## Defining Vocational Program Completers

The FRSS survey asked secondary schools what criteria, if any, they used to determine whether a student is a "vocational program completer." The criteria listed were an end of program exam (not a course or graduation exam), passage of specific vocational courses, a minimum grade point average in the program, and passage of specific academic courses other than graduation requirements. The majority of public secondary schools with listed occupational programs used some criteria to determine whether a student was a program completer in at least one of their occupational programs ( 89 percent)
and in all of their programs ( 77 percent). The most commonly used vocational completer criterion was the passage of specific vocational courses; 75 percent of public secondary schools with listed occupational programs used this criterion in at least one program, while only 17 to 30 percent used each of the remaining criteria in at least one program.

## Credentialing Processes

Occupational programs are sometimes linked to a credentialing process, through which students are awarded official documentation that they have completed a program and/or passed a skills test. At the secondary level, potential credentials (other than the high school diploma) are state or industry regulatory exams (resulting in registrations, licenses, or certifications) and occupational skill certificates. The FRSS survey asked whether each occupational program prepared students to earn either of these credentials. Seven percent of public secondary schools with listed occupational programs prepared students in all of their programs for a state or industry regulatory exam (leading to registration, licensing, or certification), while 41 percent prepared students in at least one of their programs to do so. Thirty-one percent of public secondary schools with listed occupational programs prepared students in all of their programs to earn an occupational skill certificate, whereas 55 percent prepared students in at least one of their programs to do so.

The PEQIS survey asked less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions whether their occupational programs prepared students to earn various types of educational or occupational credentials. First, the survey asked about two standard academic credentials-associate's degrees and institutional certificates/diplomas. The survey also asked about regulatory credentials-state registrations, licenses, or certificates-and two types of credentials offered by industry, associations, or unions-industry/trade certificates or diplomas, and company certificates (e.g., Cisco Certified Internetwork Expert). About half of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offered at least one listed occupational program offered institutional certificates/diplomas in all of their programs, and 87 percent offered this type of credential for at least one of their programs. Next most common were associate's degrees and state-awarded regulatory credentials (registrations, licenses, or certificates), each offered by about half of these institutions for at least one of their programs. Industry/trade certificates or diplomas were available for at least one program at about one-third of these institutions, and company certificates were offered at about one-fifth of these institutions.

## Relationships Among Program Characteristics

Most program characteristics cited in the FRSS survey, such as offering skill certificates or defining vocational program completion, represent program quality-control structures. These qualitycontrol structures are often related to each other. That is, programs that used one quality-control structure often use another as well. Looking specifically at programs that offered skill certificates, these programs were found to be more likely than those that did not offer skill certificates to use skill competency lists, to have industry input in the development or adoption of their skill competency lists, and to define program completers. In contrast, programs that identified program completers were no more likely than programs that did not identify program completers to use skill competency lists, but they were more likely to involve industry in the development or adoption of competency lists and to offer skill certificates.

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## INTRODUCTION

This Statistical Analysis Report presents data collected from two surveys conducted in spring 1999: "Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools" and "Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions." ${ }^{1}$ The surveys were conducted to provide the U.S. Department of Education's Office of Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE) with national estimates on occupational program activities.

## Background

The surveys on occupational programs were conducted in response to increasing national concern over the gap between existing workforce skills and expanding workplace demands. That concern was triggered by the "workforce crisis" described in America's Choice: High Skills or Low Wages? (Commission on the Skills of the American Workforce 1990). It was also spurred by the recognition that with changing technology and work organizations, schools need to do more to equip students with the sophisticated and higher level skills that today's workplace requires (Grubb 1995). These concerns have set in motion a demand for clearer and higher standards in occupational education, and for increased industry input in the development of those standards (Lankard 1995).

The push for standards and accountability in occupational education was also intensified by several policy initiatives over the past decade. The 1990 Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied Technology Education Act required that states establish systems of standards and measures to assess vocational education programs. The 1990 Act also authorized federal support for business and education standards projects. In the early 1990s, the U.S. Departments of Education and Labor supported 22 projects to create skill standards for a wide variety of occupations and industries. The National Skill Standards Board (NSSB), authorized in 1994 by the Goals 2000: Educate America Act, builds on these projects and the efforts of other industry and occupational groups that have established skill standards. Its purpose is to stimulate the development of a voluntary national system of skill standards by creating a framework of career clusters within which skill standards can be developed. ${ }^{2}$ To achieve this goal, NSSB supports partnerships of business, trade associations, education and community organizations, and other

[^0]stakeholders to develop skill standards. It also endorses skill standards systems developed by industry, labor, and education partnerships.

The 1998 Perkins Act builds on the above efforts by expanding the requirements for states to develop performance accountability systems, including state-level measures of student skill attainment. In keeping with the legislation, performance accountability systems are intended to:

- Include four core indicators that measure student performance and post-vocational education experiences in further education, training, and employment;
- Set performance levels for vocational outcomes, including student attainment of skill proficiencies; and
- Measure and report the performance of the states on the indicators.

It should be noted that although skill competencies are often used as or with skill standards, the focus of the surveys is on skill competencies, because competencies were easier for respondents to report on reliably than were skill standards. ${ }^{3}$ These competencies might incorporate skill standards that were developed by the state and/or those developed locally through consultation between teachers and local employers. Some programs might have also integrated existing national standards. ${ }^{4}$ However, the use of skill standards cannot be determined from these surveys. The surveys also focus on the role of industry in the development or adoption of skill competencies. Industry involvement is critical to ensure that students are learning the skills currently required by the labor market, particularly in fast-changing industries such as information technology, health, and manufacturing.

The secondary school survey was conducted through the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Fast Response Survey System (FRSS), and the postsecondary survey was conducted through the NCES Postsecondary Education Quick Information System (PEQIS) during spring 1999. FRSS and PEQIS are survey systems designed to collect small amounts of issue-oriented data with minimal burden on respondents and within a relatively short timeframe. Survey data were weighted to produce national estimates. Survey findings are presented by school type (comprehensive, vocational) for the FRSS survey, and level of institution (2-year, less-than-2-year) for the PEQIS survey. All comparative statements made in this report have been tested for statistical significance at the 0.05 level. However, not all significant comparisons are presented in the report.

[^1]Secondary schools were defined in the FRSS survey as public comprehensive ${ }^{5}$ and vocational schools that include grades 11 and 12 (i.e., schools that may offer upper level occupational programs), and the schools were asked about program activities for 28 selected occupations within 6 broad occupational areas. The less-than-4-year institutions in the PEQIS survey included 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility, ${ }^{6}$ and the institutions were asked to report on program activities for 32 selected occupations. (Appendix A provides more detail on how programs were defined and how occupations were selected; appendix C contains copies of the survey instruments.) In this report, the FRSS data are often presented separately for comprehensive schools and for vocational schools; data for both types of schools collectively are presented as data for public secondary schools. Similarly, PEQIS survey data are often presented separately for 2-year institutions and for less-than-2-year institutions; data for both types of institutions collectively are presented as data for less-than-4-year institutions.

For the secondary school survey, questionnaires were mailed to a national sample of 1,200 public secondary schools, comprising 600 vocational schools (including area or regional vocational schools) and 600 comprehensive schools. A total of 517 vocational and 561 comprehensive schools responded to the survey; another 38 entities were found not to be regular public secondary schools. The resulting secondary sample represents a national population of about 1,800 public vocational schools and 15,000 public comprehensive schools (table 1). For the survey of postsecondary institutions, 1,289 less-than-4-year institutions were sampled, comprising 6892 -year and 600 less-than- 2 -year institutions. A total of 5952 -year institutions and 505 less-than-2-year institutions completed the survey; another 117 entities were found not to be qualified postsecondary institutions. The postsecondary sample represents a national sample of about 2,000 2-year and 1,600 less-than-2-year institutions that includes public, private nonprofit, and private proprietary (i.e., for-profit) institutions (table 1). Further information on methodological issues can be found in appendix A.

Overall, a majority ( 66 percent) of all public secondary schools offered at least one occupational program that prepared students for the listed occupations: 35 percent of the schools offered 1 to 5 programs, 18 percent offered 6 to 10 programs, and another 13 percent offered more than 10 programs (table 2). However, about one-third (34 percent) of the schools did not offer any programs that prepare

[^2]students for these occupations. ${ }^{7}$ On average, vocational schools offered more occupational programs than did comprehensive schools; for example, 44 percent of vocational schools compared with 9 percent of comprehensive schools offered more than 10 programs for the listed occupations. Since comprehensive schools offer fewer programs than do vocational schools, it is easier for comprehensive schools to possess any given characteristic in "all of their programs." For this reason, comparisons between vocational and comprehensive schools are limited to the percentages that meet the various criteria for "at least one of their programs."

Ninety percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offered at least one program for the selected occupations (table 2 and figure 1). About half of the institutions offered 1 to 5 programs, another 11 percent offered 6 to 10 programs, and an additional 27 percent offered more than 10 programs. Two-year institutions offered considerably more programs than less-than-2-year institutions; for example, 43 percent of 2-year institutions compared with 5 percent of less-than-2-year institutions offered more than 10 programs that prepared students for the listed occupations.

## Organization of the Report

This report contains 29 tables: 2 tables ( 1 and 2 ) presenting data for both surveys; 17 tables ( 3 to 19) for the FRSS secondary school survey; and 10 tables ( 20 to 29) for the PEQIS postsecondary institution survey. The section immediately following this introduction provides selected highlights from the tables. The following section presents the tables. After the tables, the reader will find the appendices, consisting of a methodology section (appendix A), references (appendix B), and copies of the survey instruments (appendix C).

## Presentation of the Data

This report presents three types of numbers: counts (of schools or institutions), percentages (of schools or institutions), and standard errors of all estimated counts and percentages. Every table except table 1 is presented as part of a pair, with each part on a facing page. On the left-hand-side pages, the reader will find tables of counts and percentages listed for certain program or sample characteristics; on the facing right-hand-side pages are tables of the standard errors associated with those counts and percentages.

[^3]

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades and on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999; Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999. See also table 2.

Percentages are calculated for four different groups of secondary schools and postsecondary institutions (see figure 2). The largest group is the entire sample of responding schools (for the FRSS survey) or institutions (for the PEQIS survey). Only a few tables in this report-tables 1, 2, 4, and 2325 -use this group as a base. These tables present statistics that describe the total population of schools or institutions, including schools and institutions that offer none of the occupational programs listed in the survey instruments.

The next largest group includes all the schools from the FRSS survey, or institutions from the PEQIS survey, that offered at least one of the listed occupational programs. (As mentioned above, this group includes 66 percent of secondary schools and 90 percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions.) A common type of percentage calculated on this base divides the number of schools or

## Figure 2.-Percentage bases used to examine different groups of public secondary schools and less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions

All schools or institutions
(tables 1, 2, 4, 23-25)

Schools or institutions that offer at least one of the listed occupational programs

- numerator counts schools/institutions that have a given characteristic for all offered programs
- numerator counts schools/institutions that have a given characteristic for at least one offered program
(tables 3-11, 20-29)

Schools or institutions that offer at least one of the listed occupational programs within a broad program area

- numerator counts schools/institutions that have a given characteristic for all offered programs
- numerator counts schools/institutions that have a given characteristic for at least one offered program
(tables 3, 5-11, 21, 22, 26-29)

institutions that possessed a certain program characteristic in all of their occupational programs by the number of schools or institutions with at least one occupational program. Another type of percentage divides the number of schools or institutions that possessed a certain program characteristic in at least one of their occupational programs by the number of schools or institutions with at least one occupational program. However, the large differences in the number of programs offered by comprehensive versus vocational secondary schools and by 2-year versus less-than-2-year institutions may skew the results for analyses that determine the percentage of schools that possess a certain characteristic in "all of their programs." So comparisons between comprehensive and vocational secondary schools and between 2year and less-than-2-year institutions focus on the percentages that meet various criteria for "at least one of their programs." (This base is used in at least part of each of tables 3-11 and 20-29.)

The third, and next largest, group includes all the schools or institutions that had at least one occupational program within a broad program area (i.e., business and marketing, technical, mechanical, building trades, health/life sciences, or service occupations). A common type of percentage calculated on this base divides the number of schools or institutions that possessed a certain program characteristic in all of their occupational programs in a broad program area by the number of schools or institutions with at least one occupational program in that broad program area. Another type divides the number of schools or institutions that possessed a certain program characteristic in at least one of their occupational programs in a broad program area by the number of schools or institutions with at least one occupational program in the broad program area. (This base is used in at least part of each of tables $3,5-11,21,22$, and 26-29.)

The last and smallest group includes only those schools or institutions that have a program for a specific occupation (e.g., accountant/bookkeeper). The percentage calculated using this base divides the number of schools or institutions that possess a certain program characteristic for that specific occupational program by the number of schools or institutions with that specific occupational program. (This base is used in tables 3, 10-19, 21, and 22.)

The number of schools or institutions contained in the second, third, and fourth groups can be located in table 3 (for secondary schools) and table 20 (for postsecondary institutions). The top line lists the number of schools or institutions with at least one occupational program, which is then broken out into vocational and comprehensive categories for FRSS and 2-year and less-than-2-year categories for PEQIS. Below the top line are six rows representing the number of schools or institutions with at least one occupational program in each of the listed broad program areas. These numbers are then broken out into vocational and comprehensive categories for FRSS, and 2-year and less-than-2-year categories for PEQIS, in their respective columns to the right. Below the broad program area section are 28 rows of numbers, in the case of FRSS, and 32 rows of numbers, in the case of PEQIS. These numbers represent the number of
schools or institutions with the occupational program indicated for the row. These numbers are then broken out into vocational and comprehensive categories for FRSS, and 2-year and less-than-2-year categories for PEQIS, in their respective columns to the right. Similar data for the percentage of schools or institutions in each group are listed in table 4 (for secondary schools) and table 23 (for postsecondary institutions).

## SELECTED FINDINGS

This report examines survey data on occupational program activities at the public secondary and less-than-4-year postsecondary education levels. Most findings are based on schools and institutions that offered at least one occupational program that prepared students for the occupations listed in the surveys.

## Program Offerings Across Secondary Schools

In 1999, 66 percent of all public secondary schools, or over 11,000 such schools, offered at least one of the listed occupational education programs (tables 3 and 4). The distribution of offerings largely follows the distribution of schools: 89 percent of all public secondary schools are comprehensive high schools, and 84 percent of the schools that offer at least one of the listed occupational programs are comprehensive high schools (figure 3). Likewise, 11 percent of all public secondary schools are vocational schools, and 16 percent of the schools that offer at least one of the listed programs are vocational schools.

Among all public secondary schools that offered at least one occupational program in 1999, some broad program areas and some specific programs were more popular than others. A majority of these schools offered at least one program in two broad program areas-business and marketing (85 percent) and technical occupations ( 60 percent). About half of the schools offered at least one program in each of the other broad program areas-mechanical occupations, the building trades, health/life sciences, and service occupations (table 4). Within each broad program area, vocational schools make up from 15 percent to 27 percent of the public secondary schools that offer at least one program in that area (figure 4). Other findings follow:

- Several specific occupational programs were offered at over 4,000 schools in 1999. These include accountant/bookkeeper (7,783), administrative assistant/secretary $(6,019)$, drafter or CADD operator $(5,344)$, and carpenter $(4,703)^{7}$ (table 3$)$.
- The following specific occupational programs were offered at fewer than 1,000 schools in 1999: medical/life sciences lab technician (718); AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician (709); engineering technician (466); and paralegal/legal assistant (313) ${ }^{8}$ (table 3).

[^4]Figure 3.-Percentage distribution of types of public secondary schools and types of less-than-4year postsecondary institutions, overall and among schools and institutions offering at least one listed occupational program: 1999


NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades and on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999; Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999. See also tables 1 and 3.

- At the specific program level, vocational schools have a relatively large share of the market for some offerings. Despite vocational schools' lower number overall, the majority ( 58 percent) of secondary schools that offer occupational programs in $\mathrm{AC} /$ heating/refrigeration repair are vocational schools, and about half of the schools that offer programs in cosmetology ( 49 percent) and plumbing ( 46 percent) are vocational schools (table 3).
- There are more comprehensive schools than vocational schools in the United States, and most public secondary schools offering at least one of the listed occupational programs were comprehensive schools. The distribution of these schools by type varied by broad program area, however, ranging from vocational schools representing 15 percent of the schools offering at least one business and marketing occupational program to 27 percent of the schools offering at least one mechanical occupations program (figure 4).

Figure 4.-Percentage distribution of types of public secondary schools that offer at least one listed occupational program, for all program areas, and in each broad program area: 1999


NOTE: Data presented in "All occupational areas" bar represent the distribution for all public secondary schools that offer one or more occupational programs. Data presented in each of the other bars are based on the number of public secondary schools that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs in that broad program area. Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11 th and 12 th grades.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999. See also table 3.

## Program Offerings Within Each Type of Secondary School

As one might expect, vocational schools were more likely than comprehensive schools to offer the listed occupational programs; 98 percent of vocational schools offered at least one of the listed programs, compared to 63 percent of comprehensive schools. In addition, most comprehensive schools offered either no occupational programs or just a few programs ( 75 percent offered up to 5 programs); they tend to limit their vocational curriculum (figure 1). Vocational schools, by contrast, tend to offer a wider range of occupational programs. Seventeen percent of public vocational schools offered up to 5 occupational programs, whereas 83 percent offered 6 or more programs.

One result of the disparity in the number of offerings between comprehensive and vocational schools is that with few exceptions (as noted below), specific occupational programs are more common among vocational schools than among comprehensive schools.

- Most occupational programs were offered by comprehensive schools, simply because there were so many more comprehensive schools (table 3). Any given vocational school, however, was more likely than a comprehensive school to offer occupational programs in each of the six broad program areas (table 4).
- Vocational schools were also more likely than comprehensive high schools to offer a program in each specific program area, with the exception of accounting/bookkeeping, which was offered equally often by comprehensive ( 52 percent) and vocational schools (46 percent) (table 4).
- Among schools that offered at least one vocational program, some occupational programs commonly found in vocational schools were relatively rare among comprehensive schools, for example, plumber ( 80 versus 7 percent), electrician (49 versus 14 percent), auto body repair ( 46 versus 10 percent), computer/electronics technician ( 44 versus 17 percent), and cosmetologist ( 42 versus 9 percent) (table 4 ).


## Program Offerings Across Postsecondary Institutions

In 1999, 90 percent of all less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions, or 3,277 institutions, offered at least one of the listed occupational programs (tables 2 and 20). The distribution of offerings follows the distribution of schools: 57 percent of all less-than-4-year institutions are 2-year institutions, and 56 percent of the institutions that offer at least one of the listed occupational programs are 2-year institutions (tables 1 and 20). Likewise, 43 percent of all less-than-4-year institutions are less-than-2-year institutions, and 44 percent of the institutions that offer at least one of the listed programs are less-than-2year institutions (figures 3 and 5).

Figure 5.-Percentage distribution of types of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer at least one listed occupational program, for all program areas, and in each broad program area: 1999


NOTE: Data presented in "All occupational areas" bar represent the distribution for all less-than 4-year postsecondary institutions that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs. Data presented in each of the other bars are based on the number of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs in that broad program area. Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999. See also table 20.

Among less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offered at least one occupational program in 1999, some broad program areas and some specific programs were more popular than others. A majority of these institutions offered at least one program in three broad program areas-services ( 64 percent), health/life sciences ( 61 percent), and business and marketing ( 60 percent). About half of these institutions offered programs for technical occupations ( 53 percent). Fewer than half of these institutions offered at least one program in two other broad program areas-mechanical occupations ( 33 percent), and the building trades ( 30 percent) (table 23). Other findings include:

- Several specific occupational programs were offered at over 1,000 institutions in 1999, including administrative assistant/secretary ( 1,749 ); accountant/bookkeeper $(1,608)$;
computer technician $(1,200)$; cosmetologist $(1,141)$; and medical or dental assistant $(1,095)^{9}$ (table 20).

■ The following specific occupational programs were offered at fewer than 300 institutions in 1999: bricklayer/mason (191); agriscience technician (126); and veterinary assistant (89) ${ }^{10}$ (table 20).

- The prevalence of offerings at 2-year (rather than less-than-2-year) institutions increases at the level of specific occupational programs. In general, 2-year institutions account for 80 to 90 percent of the institutions that offer a specific occupational program. Cosmetology was the only occupational program more likely to be offered by a less-than-2-year institution than by a 2 -year institution ( 69 percent versus 31 percent, respectively) (table 20).


## Program Offerings Within Each Type of Postsecondary Institution

A similar percentage of 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions offered at least one listed occupational program; 91 percent of less-than-2-year institutions offered at least one of the listed programs, compared to 88 percent of 2-year institutions (table 23). However, on average, 2-year institutions offered a greater number of occupational programs. Most less-than-2-year institutions focus on one or a few occupational fields; they tend to specialize their curriculum. Two-year institutions, in contrast, tend to be larger institutions that offer a broader selection of programs; they are more likely to generalize their curriculum. As shown in figure 1, 58 percent of 2-year institutions offered more than five specific occupational programs, compared to 10 percent of less-than-2-year institutions. One result of this disparity in the number of offerings is that with one exception (cosmetology), specific occupational programs are more common among 2-year institutions than among less-than-2-year institutions. Other findings include:

- Two-year institutions were more likely than less-than-2-year institutions to offer a program in five of the six broad program areas; less-than-2-year institutions were as likely as 2 -year institutions to offer a program in service occupations (which includes cosmetology) (table 23).
- The likelihood of offering a program differs even among those institutions that offer programs. Among the 90 percent of less-than- 4 -year institutions that offered at least one occupational program, 2 -year institutions were more likely than less-than-2-year institutions to offer a program in each specific program area. The sole exception was cosmetology, which was offered by 54 percent of less-than-2-year institutions that offered at least one program but only 20 percent of comparable 2 -year institutions (table 23).

[^5]- Among institutions that offered at least one occupational program, many programs commonly found in 2-year institutions were relatively rare among less-than-2-year institutions, for example, electronics technician ( 50 versus 8 percent), computer programmer ( 48 versus 6 percent), childcare worker ( 42 versus 4 percent), and emergency medical technician ( 38 versus 5 percent) (table 23).

The PEQIS survey asked respondents at less-than-4-year institutions to identify which occupational programs they offered for academic credit and which they offered through noncredit courses.

- Overall, 71 percent of less-than-4-year institutions offered at least one of the listed occupational programs on a for-credit basis, and 41 percent offered at least one program on a noncredit basis. More specifically, 49 percent of these institutions offered one or more programs only on a for-credit basis; 19 percent offered one or more programs only on a noncredit basis; and 22 percent offered programs on both a for-credit and noncredit basis (not in a table) (tables 23 to 25). (The remaining 10 percent offered none of the listed programs.)
- Nearly all 2-year institutions with occupational programs ( 97 percent) offered at least one program on a for-credit basis. Fewer less-than-2-year institutions with occupational programs ( 57 percent) offered at least one program on a for-credit basis (table 25 and figure 6).
- By contrast, less-than-2-year institutions were more likely to offer at least one noncredit course. Fifty-three percent of less-than-2-year institutions with occupational programs offered at least one occupational program as a noncredit course, while 41 percent of 2-year institutions did the same (table 24 and figure 6).
- Less-than-2-year institutions were a minority of the postsecondary institutions offering noncredit programs in five of the six broad program areas; they were a majority of those offering noncredit programs in service occupations, largely because of the relative prevalence of noncredit cosmetology programs (table 21).


## Procedures Used to Ensure that Courses Teach Relevant Job Skills

Educators responsible for occupationally specific courses typically attempt to ensure that the content of their courses relates well to the occupations for which they prepare their students. Various procedures exist for ensuring a match between course content and occupational skill requirements, five of which were included in the surveys. For public secondary schools, the five listed procedures were industry advisory committees, surveys of employers' skill needs, followup surveys of graduates, student work experience (e.g., internships), and faculty externships (work experience). Multiple responses were allowed to this survey item. Specific findings include:


NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999. See also tables 24 and 25.

- Each of four of these procedures-industry advisory committees, surveys of employers' skill needs, surveys of student graduates, and student work experience-was used by at least two-thirds of all public secondary schools with occupational programs. Almost half of these schools used faculty externships to ensure that courses teach appropriate job skills (table 5).
- Faculty externships were often the least frequently used procedure across broad program areas and types of institution (table 5).
- Among schools with occupational programs, vocational schools were more likely than comprehensive schools to use four of the five procedures (all except surveys of employers' skill needs, where the difference was not statistically significant) for at least one of their occupational programs (table 5 and figure 7).

For less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions, five procedures were listed in the survey: industry advisory committees; surveys of employers' skill needs; followup surveys of graduates; mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience; and periodic internal reviews. Again, multiple responses were allowed to this survey item. Specific findings include:


NOTE: Data are presented for public secondary schools that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs. Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999. See also table 5.

- Each of four of these procedures-industry advisory committees, surveys of employers' skill needs, surveys of student graduates, and periodic internal reviews-was used by about four-fifths of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions with occupational programs in at least one of their programs. About half of these institutions used mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience (table 26).
- Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience tended to be the least frequently used procedure across broad program areas and types of institution (table 26).
- Less-than-2-year institutions with occupational programs were as likely as 2 -year institutions to use each of the five procedures for at least one of their occupational programs (table 26 and figure 8).


## Figure 8.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering at least one listed occupational program that use each of five procedures to ensure they teach jobs skills, by type of institution: 1999



NOTE: Data are presented for less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs. Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999. See also table 26.

## Use of Skill Competencies

To provide a description of the use of skill competencies in occupational programs, respondents in both surveys were asked whether skill competency lists had been developed or adopted for programs that prepared students for each occupation listed in the surveys.

Most secondary schools with one or more of the listed occupational programs had developed or adopted skill competency lists for their programs. Specific findings include:

- In 1999, 78 percent of public secondary schools that offered at least one listed program had developed or adopted skill competencies for all of their programs and 95 percent had developed or adopted skill competencies for at least one program (table 6).
- A large majority of the schools had skill competency lists for programs within each of the six occupation areas. For example, 85 percent had competencies for all of the programs offered for business and marketing occupations, and 89 percent used competencies for at least one business and marketing program (table 6).
- Vocational schools were slightly more likely than comprehensive schools (99 versus 94 percent) to use a skill competency list for at least one of their listed occupational programs. This was true for occupational programs overall and for those in five of the six broad program areas (all except business and marketing) (table 6 and figure 9).



NOTE: Data are presented for public secondary schools that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs in that broad program area. Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999. See also table 6.

As with secondary schools, a large proportion of 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions that offered one or more of the relevant occupational programs reported that skill competency lists had been developed or adopted for their programs. Specific findings include:

- In 1999, 77 percent of less-than-4-year institutions that offered at least one listed program had developed or adopted skill competencies for all of their programs and 93
percent had developed or adopted skill competencies for at least one program (table 27).
- A majority of the institutions had skill competency lists for programs within each of the six occupation areas. For example, 75 percent had competencies for all of their business and marketing programs, and 82 percent used competencies for at least one business and marketing program (table 27).
- There was no significant difference between 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions' use of skill competencies for at least one occupational program ( 92 compared with 96 percent). However, within each broad program area, less-than-2-year institutions were more likely than 2-year institutions to use a skill competency list for at least one of their occupational programs (table 27 and figure 10).


NOTE: Data are presented for less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs in that broad program area. Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999. See also table 27.

## Educator and Industry Involvement in Skill Competency Development

Schools and postsecondary institutions were asked to indicate the extent of educator and industry involvement in skill competency development-that is, whether the skill competency lists were developed or adopted exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators, primarily by educators with industry input, with about equal educator and industry input, or primarily or exclusively by industry.

Skill competency lists for at least one program were developed or adopted exclusively by educators, without industry input, in about one-third ( 32 percent) of all public secondary schools that offered at least one listed occupational program. About half of these schools ( 54 percent) reported a minor level of industry input in developing or adopting skill competency lists for at least one of their programs. Fewer schools indicated that industry was equally involved in the procedure ( 34 percent), and fewer still reported primary or exclusive industry input in skill competency development (6 percent) (table 7). Other specific findings include:

- Involvement "primarily by educators with industry input" was the most common strategy for the development or adoption of skill competency lists. This strategy was used by 54 percent of public secondary schools that offered at least one listed occupational program for least one of their skill competency lists (table 7).
- Vocational schools were more likely than comprehensive schools to involve industry in the development or adoption of skill competency lists. Vocational schools were more likely than comprehensive schools to report that developing or adopting skill competency lists for at least one of their occupational programs was done primarily by educators with industry input ( 62 versus 53 percent), or that it was done with about equal educator or industry input (49 versus 31 percent). Comprehensive schools, on the other hand, were more likely than vocational schools to develop or adopt skill competency lists exclusively by educators ( 35 versus 19 percent) (table 7 and figure 11).
- The use of skill competencies developed or adopted primarily by industry was relatively uncommon in both types of schools. Only 5 percent of comprehensive schools and 9 percent of vocational schools reported using this type of competency list for at least one of their occupational programs (table 7 and figure 11).

Industry seemed to have a comparable level of involvement in skill competency lists at the postsecondary level. Eight percent of less-than-4-year institutions with at least one of the listed programs involved industry primarily or exclusively (versus 6 percent at the secondary level), 36 percent involved educators and industry equally (versus 34 percent at the secondary level), and 44 percent used primarily educators with industry input (versus 54 percent at the secondary level) (tables 28 and 7). Other findings include:

Figure 11.-Percent of public secondary schools offering at least one listed occupational program that report different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists for at least one program, by school type: 1999


NOTE: Data are presented for public secondary schools that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs. Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999. See also table 7.

- Involvement "primarily by educators with industry input" was the most common strategy for the development or adoption of skill competency lists. Forty-four percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering at least one listed program had at least one list developed primarily by educators with industry input (table 28).
- It was most common for institutions to have their skill competency lists developed or adopted primarily by educators with industry input. For at least one program in each of the broad program areas, about half of the institutions (ranging from 42 to 51 percent) used this strategy. Development of competency lists with industry's primary or exclusive involvement was least common, ranging from 1 percent of institutions for the business and marketing program area to 12 percent for the building trades (table 28).
- Two-year institutions with occupational programs were more likely than their less-than-2-year counterparts to involve industry in the development or adoption of skill competency lists. For at least one program, 11 percent of 2-year institutions involved industry exclusively, versus 5 percent for less-than-2-year institutions; 38 percent of 2-
year institutions involved industry and educators equally, versus 34 percent for less-than-2-year institutions; and 52 percent primarily used educators with industry input, versus 33 percent for less-than-2-year institutions (table 28 and figure 12).
- The development or adoption of skill competencies primarily or exclusively by industry was relatively uncommon in both types of institutions. As noted above, among institutions that offered at least one occupational program, only 11 percent of 2year institutions and 5 percent of less-than-2-year institutions reported using this method for at least one of their occupational programs (table 28 and figure 12).

Figure 12.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering at least one listed occupational program that report different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists for at least one program, by type of institution: 1999


NOTE: Data are presented for less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs. Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999. See also table 28.

## Criteria Used to Determine if a Student is a Program Completer

Traditionally, secondary schools have not formally designated students as "vocational," "technical," or "occupational" students. This type of labeling can be viewed as a form of tracking, which
is in turn viewed by some educators and researchers as an inequitable process for sorting students (e.g., Oakes 1985). The 1998 Perkins Act, however, encourages schools to develop coherent vocational programs and to identify the students who participate in these programs. State and local efforts to improve vocational education, such as efforts that encourage or require students to select a career pathway or career major, also can lead to the development of criteria for determining whether students complete occupational programs. As a result of these various pressures, some schools have developed criteria for determining whether a student has completed an occupational program-that is, whether a student is a "vocational program completer."

The FRSS survey instrument asked secondary schools what criteria, if any, they used to determine whether a student is a "vocational program completer." The criteria include end of program exam (not a course or graduation exam); passage of specific vocational courses; minimum grade point average in program; and passage of specific academic courses other than graduation requirements. Findings include:

- In 1999, the majority of public secondary schools with listed occupational programs used some criteria to determine whether a student was a program completer in at least one of their occupational programs ( 89 percent) and in all of their programs ( 77 percent) (table 8).
- Eighty to 88 percent of public secondary schools with listed occupational programs used some criteria to determine whether a student was a program completer in all of their programs within each of the six broad occupational program areas (table 8).
- The most commonly used vocational completer criterion was the passage of specific vocational courses; 75 percent of public secondary schools with at least one of the listed occupational programs used this criterion, while only 17 to 30 percent used each of the remaining criteria in at least one of their occupational programs (table 9).
- Vocational schools were more likely than comprehensive schools to use criteria to determine whether a student was a program completer. Ninety-eight percent of vocational schools had such criteria for at least one of their listed occupational programs, compared to 87 percent of comprehensive high schools. Likewise, vocational schools were more likely to use vocational completer criteria in at least one of their occupational programs within five of the six broad program areas (the exception being health/life sciences occupations) (table 8).
- Vocational schools were more likely than comprehensive schools to use the passage of specific vocational courses or a minimum program grade point average as completer criteria in at least one of their programs in most broad occupational areas (with the exceptions of health/life sciences programs for the passage of specific vocational courses, and the service programs for minimum grade point average). For example, in business and marketing programs, the passage of vocational courses was used by 84 percent of vocational schools and 67 percent of comprehensive schools, and a
minimum program grade point average was used by 34 percent of vocational schools and 20 percent of comprehensive schools (table 9).


## Credentialing Mechanisms

Occupational programs are sometimes linked to a credentialing process, through which students are awarded official documentation that they have completed a program and/or passed a skills test. At the secondary level, potential credentials (other than the high school diploma) are state- or industry-awarded regulatory credentials (a registration, license, or certification) and school-awarded occupational skill certificates. The FRSS public secondary school survey asked whether programs for each occupation prepared students either for a state or industry regulatory examination or to earn an occupational skill certificate. Specific findings include:

- In 1999, seven percent of public secondary schools with listed occupational programs prepared students in all of their occupational programs for a state or industry regulatory exam, while 41 percent did so in at least one of their programs (table 10).
- Programs that prepared students for state or industry regulatory exams were more common in the health/life sciences ( 47 percent) and service ( 36 percent) occupational areas than they were in the business and marketing (10 percent) or technical (16 percent) occupational areas (table 10).
- More than half of the programs in nursing and in cosmetology prepared students to take state or industry regulatory exams ( 63 percent and 80 percent, respectively) (table 10).
- Vocational schools were more likely than comprehensive schools to prepare students for a state or industry regulatory exam in at least one of their offered occupational programs ( 67 versus 36 percent, respectively) (table 10).
- In 1999, 31 percent of public secondary schools with occupational programs prepared students in all of their occupational programs to earn an occupational skill certificate, whereas 55 percent did so in at least one of their programs (table 11).
- Within each of the six broad occupational program areas, between 43 and 56 percent of public secondary schools prepared students to earn occupational skill certificates for at least one program in the area (table 11).
- More than half of the following specific occupational programs prepared students to earn occupational skill certificates: AC/heating/refrigeration technician (72 percent), auto body repairer ( 69 percent), computer/electronics technician ( 66 percent), nurse or nurses' aide ( 64 percent), cosmetologist ( 63 percent), machinist ( 61 percent), and automotive mechanic/technician (59 percent) (table 11).
- Among schools with listed occupational programs, vocational schools were more likely than comprehensive schools to offer at least one program that prepared students to earn occupational skill certificates ( 81 versus 50 percent) (table 11).

At the postsecondary level, the PEQIS survey asked less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions whether their occupational programs prepared students to earn a range of credentials. First, the survey asked about two standard academic credentials-associate's degrees and institutional certificate/diploma. The survey also asked about regulatory credentials-state registrations, licenses, or certificates-and two types of credentials offered by industry, associations, or unions-industry/trade certificates or diplomas, and company certificates (e.g., Cisco Certified Internetwork Expert). The latter category was meant to represent the credential obtained for completion of a company's training program through a postsecondary institution. Specific findings include:

- In 1999, about half (53 percent) of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions with listed occupational programs offered institutional certificates/diplomas in all of their programs, and 87 percent offered this type of credential for at least one of their programs. Next most common were associate's degrees and state-awarded regulatory credentials (registrations, licenses, or certificates), each offered by about half of these institutions for at least one of their programs. Industry/trade certificates or diplomas were available for at least one program at about one-third of these institutions, and company certificates were available at about one-fifth of these institutions (table 29).
- Postsecondary institutions were less likely to offer associate's degrees or institutional certificates/diplomas in all of their building trades programs ( 5 and 19 percent, respectively) than in any of the other broad program areas ( 24 to 59 percent for associate's degrees, and 50 to 69 percent for institutional certificates/diplomas) (table 29).
- Fewer than one-third of 2-year institutions with listed occupational programs offered any one credential in all of their programs. However, a large majority ( 84 percent) of less-than-2-year institutions with occupational programs offered institutional certificates/diplomas in all of their programs, and 56 percent offered a state registration, license, or certificate in all of their programs (table 29). (This difference between institutions may be partially due to the fact that 2 -year institutions tend to offer more programs than do less-than-2-year institutions.)
- Among all less-than-4-year institutions, company certificates were the least common of the five types of credential offered. This credential is particularly infrequent at less-than-2-year institutions. Twenty-three percent of 2 -year institutions offered company certificates in at least one of their occupational programs; only 9 percent of less-than-2year institutions did so (table 29 and figure 13).


## Figure 13.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering at least one occupational program that offer each type of credential for at least one program, by type of institution: 1999



NOTE: Data are presented for less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer one or more of the listed occupational programs. Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999. See also table 29.

## Relationships Among Program Characteristics

Most of the tables in this report present the percentages of schools or institutions possessing a certain characteristic, such as the proportion of schools that had developed or adopted a skill competency list for their occupational programs. In tables 12 to 19, the FRSS survey data from public secondary schools are examined in a relational context. In other words, these tables represent the extent to which programs that possess one characteristic tend to also possess (or not possess) a second program characteristic-that is, the extent to which program characteristics tend to be associated with each other. For example, table 18 allows one to determine whether programs that offered vocational skill certificates were more likely than those that did not offer skill certificates to use skill competency lists. So, for example, 92 percent of accounting/bookkeeping programs that offered skill certificates used skill
competency lists, while 84 percent of accounting/bookkeeping programs that did not offer skill certificates used competency lists.

In concise form, the six program characteristics featured in tables 12 to 19 are as follows:

- Whether the program uses a skill competency list;
- Whether the program involves industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists;
- Whether the program uses any criterion to determine if a student is a program completer;
- Whether the program uses a particular criterion to determine if a student is a program completer (e.g., end of program exam, minimum grade point average in program);
- Whether the program prepares students for state or industry regulatory exam; and
- Whether the program prepares students for an occupational skill certificate.

These program characteristics indicate ways in which programs can provide quality-control mechanisms. Data from tables 12 to 19 show how these potential quality-control structures relate to each other. Do programs that have one quality-control structure tend to have others as well? Are there two types of occupational programs: those with quality-control structures and those without? Or, does one find that certain types of quality-control structures tend to be found with certain other types?

More specifically, tables 12 to 19 are organized to investigate whether programs that offered skill certificates or that used criteria to identify program completers were more or less likely to have other quality-control structures. Taking each question in turn:

Were programs that offered skill certificates more or less likely to have other qualitycontrol structures? (see tables $13,14,17$, and 18)

- Overall, programs that offered skill certificates were more likely than programs that did not offer skill certificates to use skill competency lists (table 18). ${ }^{11}$
- Programs that offered skill certificates were also more likely that those that did not offer skill certificates to involve industry in the development or adoption of their skill competency lists (table 13).

[^6]- Programs that offered skill certificates were more likely than those that did not offer skill certificates to define vocational program completers (table 17).
- In addition, programs that offered skill certificates were more likely than those that did not offer skill certificates to define program completers based on the students' grade point average or on their vocational courses; however, programs that offered skill certificates were no more likely than those that did not offer certificates to define program completers based on their academic courses or on an end of program exam (table 14).

Were programs that used criteria to identify program completers more or less likely to have other quality-control structures? (see tables 15,16 , and 19)

- Overall, programs that identified program completers were no more likely than programs that did not identify program completers to use skill competency lists (table 15).
- However, programs that identified vocational completers were more likely than programs that did not identify completers to involve industry in the development or adoption of their skill competency lists (table 16).
- In addition, programs that identified program completers were more likely than those that did not identify completers to offer skill certificates (table 19). ${ }^{12}$

[^7]Table 1.-Number and percent of public secondary schools and less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions responding, and the estimated number and percent of public secondary schools and less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions nationally, by type of school or institution: 1999

| School/institution | Survey respondents |  | National population estimates |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent | Number | Percent |
| All public secondary schools*............................... | 1,078 | 100 | 16,821 | 100 |
| Vocational ... | 517 | 48 | 1,816 | 11 |
| Comprehensive............................................... | 561 | 52 | 15,005 | 89 |
| All less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions ......... | 1,100 | 100 | 3,660 | 100 |
| 2-year ............................................................ | 595 | 54 | 2,073 | 57 |
| Less-than-2-year............................................... | 505 | 46 | 1,587 | 43 |

*Definitions of public secondary schools as vocational and comprehensive were based on school type as reported in the questionnaire.
NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades and on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999; Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 2.-Percent of public secondary schools and less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions, by the number of occupational programs offered and type of school or institution: 1999

| School/institution | Number of occupational programs offered |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 1-5 | 6-10 | More than 10 |
| All public secondary schools ${ }^{1}$................................ | 34 | 35 | 18 | 13 |
| Vocational ${ }^{2}$...................................................... | 2 | 15 | 39 | 44 |
| Comprehensive................................................. | 37 | 38 | 16 | 9 |
| All less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions......... | 10 | 52 | 11 | 27 |
| 2-year ............................................................. | 12 | 30 | 15 | 43 |
| Less-than-2-year.............................................. | 9 | 81 | 5 | 5 |

${ }^{1}$ Definitions of public secondary schools as vocational and comprehensive were based on school type as reported in the questionnaire.
${ }^{2}$ Two percent of vocational schools did not offer any program that prepared students for the occupations examined in this survey. (These were most likely vocational schools that focused their curriculum on one or a few occupational areas not included in the FRSS survey.)

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades and on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility. For public secondary schools that offer programs, the number of programs could range from 1 to 28 . For the postsecondary institutions, the programs could include credit and noncredit courses, and the number of programs could range from 1 to 32 .
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999; Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 2a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools and less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions, by the number of occupational programs offered and type of school or institution: 1999

| School/institution | Number of occupational programs offered |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 0 | 1-5 | 6-10 | More than 10 |
| All public secondary schools................................. | 2.1 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 0.9 |
| Vocational..................................................... | 0.4 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 3.9 |
| Comprehensive................................................ | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 1.0 |
| All less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions......... | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| 2-year ............................................................. | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
| Less-than-2-year............................................... | 1.2 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.4 |

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades and on 2-year and less-than-2-year postsecondary institutions with Title IV eligibility. For schools that offer programs, the number of programs could range from 1 to 28 . For the postsecondary institutions, the programs could include credit and noncredit courses, and the number of programs could range from 1 to 32 .

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999; Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 3.-Distribution of public secondary schools that offer at least one listed occupational
program, by broad program area and specific program: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer: | All schools | Vocational |  | Comprehensive |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Percent of schools that offer programs | Number | Percent of schools that offer programs |
| At least one of the listed programs................. | 11,186 | 1,784 | 16 | 9,402 | 84 |
| At least one of the listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations .............. | 9,488 | 1,420 | 15 | 8,068 | 85 |
| Technical occupations ................................. | 6,711 | 1,364 | 20 | 5,347 | 80 |
| Mechanical occupations............................... | 5,285 | 1,426 | 27 | 3,859 | 73 |
| Building trades........................................... | 6,079 | 1,547 | 25 | 4,532 | 75 |
| Health/life sciences occupations .................... | 5,380 | 1,367 | 25 | 4,014 | 75 |
| Service occupations .................................... | 5,446 | 1,332 | 24 | 4,114 | 76 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper............................ | 7,783 | 943 | 12 | 6,840 | 88 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .............. | 6,019 | 971 | 16 | 5,048 | 84 |
| Restaurant/food service manager................ | 2,352 | 513 | 22 | 1,839 | 78 |
| Sales associate........................................ | 2,859 | 434 | 15 | 2,426 | 85 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ............................. | 1,915 | 519 | 27 | 1,397 | 73 |
| Computer graphics designer ...................... | 2,229 | 547 | 25 | 1,683 | 76 |
| Computer/electronics technician ................ | 2,392 | 779 | 33 | 1,613 | 67 |
| Engineering technician ............................. | 466 | 160 | 34 | 306 | 66 |
| Drafter or CADD operator........................ | 5,344 | 964 | 18 | 4,380 | 82 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician .. | 709 | 408 | 58 | 301 | 42 |
| Auto body repairer .................................. | 1,789 | 819 | 46 | 970 | 54 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............... | 4,558 | 1,302 | 29 | 3,256 | 71 |
| Machinist ............................................... | 1,657 | 681 | 41 | 976 | 59 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ................................ | 1,289 | 461 | 36 | 828 | 64 |
| Carpenter............................................... | 4,703 | 1,334 | 28 | 3,369 | 72 |
| Electrician .............................................. | 2,177 | 874 | 40 | 1,303 | 60 |
| Plumber ................................................. | 1,136 | 528 | 46 | 608 | 54 |
| Welder................................................. | 3,913 | 1,180 | 30 | 2,733 | 70 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician.................. | 1,064 | 355 | 33 | 709 | 67 |
| Medical or dental assistant ........................ | 1,534 | 596 | 39 | 938 | 61 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide................................ | 3,235 | 1,077 | 33 | 2,157 | 67 |
| Medical/life science lab technician............. | 718 | 196 | 27 | 522 | 73 |
| Agriscience technician ............................ | 2,283 | 407 | 18 | 1,876 | 82 |
| Veterinary assistant ................................. | 1,022 | 303 | 30 | 719 | 70 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook............................................... | 3,420 | 965 | 28 | 2,455 | 72 |
| Cosmetologist......................................... | 1,549 | 756 | 49 | 793 | 51 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide ............. | 3,369 | 745 | 22 | 2,624 | 78 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant............................ | 313 | 101 | 32 | 212 | 68 |

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 3a.-Standard errors of the distribution of public secondary schools that offer at least one listed occupational program, by broad program area and specific program: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer: | All schools | Vocational |  | Comprehensive |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Percent of schools that offer programs | Number | Percent of schools that offer programs |
| At least one of the listed programs .................. | 344.4 | 133.1 | 1.1 | 321.9 | 1.1 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations .............. | 422.4 | 131.7 | 1.3 | 391.5 | 1.3 |
| Technical occupations .................................. | 307.0 | 102.0 | 1.1 | 244.6 | 1.1 |
| Mechanical occupations................................ | 291.4 | 90.1 | 1.7 | 264.6 | 1.7 |
| Building trades.... | 304.6 | 118.7 | 1.9 | 278.6 | 1.9 |
| Health/life sciences occupations .................... | 262.9 | 105.9 | 2.0 | 251.5 | 2.0 |
| Service occupations ..................................... | 250.3 | 117.0 | 1.9 | 221.1 | 1.9 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper............................ | 427.2 | 111.6 | 1.4 | 413.4 | 1.4 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .............. | 347.2 | 89.0 | 1.4 | 324.5 | 1.4 |
| Restaurant/food service manager............... | 196.0 | 51.2 | 2.6 | 194.0 | 2.6 |
| Sales associate........................................ | 218.5 | 53.0 | 1.9 | 207.9 | 1.9 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ............................. | 212.3 | 77.4 | 3.1 | 172.7 | 5.5 |
| Computer graphics designer...................... | 160.1 | 61.3 | 2.6 | 144.2 | 4.2 |
| Computer/electronics technician ................ | 158.4 | 58.3 | 2.8 | 152.5 | 2.1 |
| Engineering technician ............................. | 108.9 | 34.0 | 8.0 | 95.7 | 3.3 |
| Drafter or CADD operator........................ | 293.9 | 66.8 | 1.2 | 273.6 | 1.2 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician .. | 96.0 | 36.9 | 5.5 | 74.1 | 5.5 |
| Auto body repairer ................................. | 143.4 | 63.3 | 4.2 | 134.9 | 4.2 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............... | 298.9 | 90.4 | 2.1 | 271.5 | 2.1 |
| Machinist ... | 153.3 | 55.1 | 3.3 | 128.3 | 3.3 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ................................. | 148.8 | 47.2 | 4.2 | 134.9 | 4.2 |
| Carpenter............................................... | 299.8 | 117.1 | 2.1 | 255.1 | 2.1 |
| Electrician .............................................. | 186.1 | 81.3 | 3.1 | 149.1 | 3.1 |
| Plumber................................................. | 168.7 | 87.2 | 4.8 | 112.6 | 4.8 |
| Welder.................................................. | 256.6 | 95.9 | 2.7 | 250.1 | 2.7 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician.................. | 146.5 | 82.0 | 6.5 | 116.3 | 6.5 |
| Medical or dental assistant ........................ | 138.0 | 70.4 | 4.3 | 120.6 | 4.3 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ............................... | 187.1 | 79.8 | 2.2 | 158.8 | 2.2 |
| Medical/life science lab technician............. | 103.0 | 57.3 | 7.8 | 96.2 | 7.8 |
| Agriscience technician ............................. | 189.8 | 89.6 | 4.0 | 196.3 | 4.0 |
| Veterinary assistant................................. | 144.9 | 84.1 | 6.8 | 113.8 | 6.8 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook............................................... | 283.7 | 103.2 | 2.4 | 232.3 | 2.4 |
| Cosmetologist......................................... | 127.3 | 64.1 | 3.4 | 98.7 | 3.4 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide ............. | 219.4 | 79.8 | 2.4 | 210.4 | 2.4 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant............................ | 63.9 | 22.6 | 9.0 | 62.3 | 9.0 |

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 4.-Percent of public secondary schools that offer occupational programs, by school type, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer: | Percent of all schools ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Percent of schools with one or more programs ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | Vocational | Comprehensive | All | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| At least one of the listed programs ................ | 66 | 98 | 63 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations.............. | 56 | 78 | 54 | 85 | 80 | 86 |
| Technical occupations................................. | 40 | 75 | 36 | 60 | 76 | 57 |
| Mechanical occupations ............................... | 31 | 79 | 26 | 48 | 80 | 41 |
| Building trades ........................................... | 36 | 85 | 30 | 55 | 87 | 49 |
| Health/life sciences occupations.................... | 32 | 75 | 27 | 48 | 77 | 42 |
| Service occupations................................... | 32 | 73 | 27 | 49 | 75 | 44 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .......................... | 46 | 52 | 46 | 70 | 53 | 73 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary............. | 36 | 53 | 34 | 54 | 54 | 54 |
| Restaurant/food service manager .............. | 14 | 28 | 12 | 21 | 29 | 19 |
| Sales associate ....................................... | 17 | 24 | 16 | 26 | 24 | 26 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer............................ | 11 | 29 | 9 | 17 | 29 | 15 |
| Computer graphics designer..................... | 13 | 30 | 11 | 20 | 31 | 18 |
| Computer/electronics technician............... | 14 | 43 | 11 | 21 | 44 | 17 |
| Engineering technician ............................ | 3 | 9 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 3 |
| Drafter or CADD operator ....................... | 32 | 53 | 29 | 48 | 54 | 47 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician.. | 4 | 22 | 2 | 6 | 23 | 3 |
| Auto body repairer................................. | 11 | 45 | 6 | 16 | 46 | 10 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician............... | 27 | 72 | 22 | 41 | 73 | 35 |
| Machinist.............................................. | 10 | 37 | 7 | 15 | 38 | 11 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason................................ | 8 | 25 | 6 | 12 | 26 | 9 |
| Carpenter ............................................. | 28 | 73 | 22 | 42 | 75 | 36 |
| Electrician............................................. | 13 | 48 | 9 | 20 | 49 | 14 |
| Plumber | 7 | 29 | 4 | 10 | 80 | 7 |
| Welder | 23 | 65 | 18 | 35 | 66 | 29 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ................. | 6 | 20 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 8 |
| Medical or dental assistant....................... | 9 | 33 | 6 | 14 | 33 | 10 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ............................... | 19 | 59 | 14 | 29 | 60 | 23 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ............ | 4 | 11 | 3 | 6 | 11 | 6 |
| Agriscience technician ............................. | 14 | 22 | 13 | 20 | 23 | 19 |
| Veterinary assistant................................. | 6 | 17 | 5 | 9 | 17 | 8 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................. | 20 | 53 | 16 | 31 | 54 | 26 |
| Cosmetologist ........................................ | 9 | 42 | 5 | 14 | 42 | 9 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide............. | 20 | 41 | 17 | 30 | 42 | 28 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ........................... | 2 | 6 | 1 | 3 | 6 | 2 |

${ }^{1}$ Percentages represent the number of schools with a program among all schools of that type.
${ }^{2}$ Percentages represent the number of schools with a program among all schools of that type that offer at least one listed occupational program. NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 4a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools that offer occupational programs, by school type, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer: | Percent of all schools |  |  |  |  | Percent of schools with one or more programs |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

## The listed program for:

## Business and marketing occupations

| Accountant/bookkeeper ........................... | 2.6 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 3.7 | 3.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.............. | 2.1 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ............... | 1.2 | 2.9 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 2.2 |
| Sales associate ....................................... | 1.3 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer............................ | 1.3 | 3.4 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 1.7 |
| Computer graphics designer..................... | 1.0 | 3.4 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 1.7 |
| Computer/electronics technician............... | 1.0 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 3.9 | 1.8 |
| Engineering technician ............................ | 0.6 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 1.0 |
| Drafter or CADD operator ....................... | 1.8 | 4.0 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 2.6 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician.. | 0.6 | 2.6 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 2.7 | 0.8 |
| Auto body repairer.................................. | 0.9 | 4.2 | 0.9 | 1.2 | 4.4 | 1.5 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician............... | 1.8 | 4.3 | 1.9 | 2.5 | 4.4 | 2.8 |
| Machinist.............................................. | 0.9 | 3.3 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 3.4 | 1.5 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason............................... | 0.9 | 3.1 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 3.1 | 1.4 |
| Carpenter ............................................. | 1.8 | 3.7 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 3.0 |
| Electrician........................................... | 1.1 | 4.0 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 4.1 | 1.7 |
| Plumber ................................................ | 1.0 | 4.2 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 4.2 | 1.3 |
| Welder | 1.5 | 3.7 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 3.8 | 2.6 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ................. | 0.9 | 4.2 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 4.2 | 1.2 |
| Medical or dental assistant....................... | 0.8 | 3.6 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 1.3 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ............................... | 1.1 | 4.4 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 4.5 | 1.7 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ............ | 0.6 | 3.0 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 3.1 | 1.0 |
| Agriscience technician............................ | 1.1 | 4.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 4.2 | 1.9 |
| Veterinary assistant................................ | 0.9 | 4.1 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 4.2 | 1.2 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .............................................. | 1.7 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 2.6 |
| Cosmetologist ........................................ | 0.8 | 3.9 | 0.7 | 1.1 | 4.0 | 1.1 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide............. | 1.3 | 3.8 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 3.8 | 2.1 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ............................ | 0.4 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 0.7 |

* Not applicable.

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 5.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use each of 5 procedures to ensure they teach jobs skills, by school type and broad program area: 1999

| Public secondary schools that use procedure in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee. | 51 | 70 | 47 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs.. | 46 | 55 | 44 |
| Followup survey of graduates | 51 | 71 | 47 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship) | 37 | 49 | 35 |
| Faculty externship (work experience)................................................... | 24 | 26 | 23 |
| At least one of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee ..... | 70 | 91 | 65 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs......................................................... | 67 | 73 | 66 |
| Followup survey of graduates ............................................................. | 72 | 88 | 69 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship) ............................................. | 72 | 83 | 70 |
| Faculty externship (work experience).................................................... | 48 | 58 | 46 |


| All of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.......................................................... | 56 | 73 | 53 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 55 | 60 | 54 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 62 | 79 | 59 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship). | 55 | 72 | 52 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) .............................................. | 31 | 39 | 29 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.. | 56 | 81 | 49 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs. | 50 | 68 | 46 |
| Followup survey of graduates.. | 55 | 78 | 49 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship). | 42 | 64 | 36 |
| Faculty externship (work experience). | 33 | 36 | 32 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 71 | 90 | 64 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs | 58 | 67 | 55 |
| Followup survey of graduates. | 64 | 80 | 58 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)......................................... | 56 | 72 | 49 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 36 | 41 | 34 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 63 | 84 | 55 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 56 | 64 | 54 |
| Followup survey of graduates. | 66 | 82 | 60 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)......................................... | 47 | 68 | 39 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 38 | 44 | 36 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 76 | 90 | 71 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 64 | 70 | 62 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 64 | 84 | 57 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)........................................ | 68 | 77 | 66 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 34 | 46 | 31 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 65 | 81 | 59 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 56 | 61 | 54 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 64 | 80 | 58 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)......................................... | 65 | 68 | 64 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 32 | 35 | 31 |

Table 5.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use each of 5 procedures to ensure they teach jobs skills, by school type and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Public secondary schools that use procedure in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.......................................................... | 58 | 80 | 55 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs. | 59 | 63 | 58 |
| Followup survey of graduates | 66 | 85 | 63 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship). | 64 | 76 | 62 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ................................................ | 37 | 48 | 35 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 62 | 83 | 56 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs | 58 | 70 | 54 |
| Followup survey of graduates | 61 | 82 | 55 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship). | 51 | 71 | 46 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 41 | 42 | 40 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 74 | 93 | 67 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 61 | 72 | 57 |
| Followup survey of graduates .......................................................... | 67 | 85 | 60 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)......................................... | 61 | 78 | 54 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 41 | 47 | 39 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 66 | 88 | 59 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 58 | 69 | 55 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 69 | 86 | 63 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)......................................... | 51 | 74 | 44 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 41 | 50 | 38 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................ | 77 | 92 | 72 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ...................................................... | 65 | 72 | 63 |
| Followup survey of graduates .......................................................... | 65 | 86 | 58 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)......................................... | 71 | 80 | 68 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) | 39 | 50 | 36 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 67 | 82 | 62 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ...................................................... | 60 | 64 | 58 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 66 | 82 | 61 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)......................................... | 73 | 75 | 72 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 36 | 41 | 34 |

${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program. The numerator is the number of those schools using the procedure (in all programs or in at least one program).
${ }^{2}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area. The numerator is the number of those schools using the procedure (in all programs or in at least one program).
NOTE: Subtotals sum to more than 100 percent because multiple responses were allowed. Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

## Table 5a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use each of 5 procedures to ensure they teach jobs skills, by school type and broad program area: 1999

| Public secondary schools that use procedure in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

All of the listed programs:

| Industry advisory committee.. | 2.6 | 3.9 | 3.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 2.7 | 4.8 | 3.0 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 3.0 | 3.8 | 3.3 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)......................................... | 2.5 | 3.7 | 3.1 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.4 |

At least one of the listed programs:

| Industry advisory committee. | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 2.2 | 4.3 | 2.6 |
| Followup survey of graduates. | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.5 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship). | 2.4 | 3.9 | 2.8 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................. | 2.6 | 3.8 | 3.1 |

All of the listed programs for:
Business and marketing occupations
Industry advisory committee.................................................................. 2.6

Survey of employers' skill needs ........................................................... 2.8
Followup survey of graduates ................................................................. 2.9
Student work experience (e.g., internship).............................................. 2.5
Faculty externship (work experience) ................................................... 2.4
Technical occupations
Industry advisory committee.................................................................. 3.0
Survey of employers' skill needs .......................................................... 3.2
Followup survey of graduates ................................................................ 3.3
Student work experience (e.g., internship)............................................. 2.8
Faculty externship (work experience) ..................................................... 3.1
Mechanical occupations
Industry advisory committee.................................................................. 3.1
Survey of employers' skill needs ............................................................ 3.9
Followup survey of graduates ............................................................... 3.5
Student work experience (e.g., internship)............................................... 3.5
Faculty externship (work experience) ...................................................... 3.9

## Building trades

Industry advisory committee.................................................................. 2.7
Survey of employers' skill needs .......................................................... 3.1
Followup survey of graduates ................................................................ 3.8
Student work experience (e.g., internship)............................................. 3.0
Faculty externship (work experience) .................................................... 3.1
Health/life sciences occupations
Industry advisory committee................................................................... 3.2
Survey of employers' skill needs .......................................................... 3.7
Followup survey of graduates ................................................................ 3.4
Student work experience (e.g., internship)............................................... 2.9
Faculty externship (work experience) ..................................................... 3.0
Service occupations
Industry advisory committee.................................................................... 3.2

| 3.7 | 5.3 | 4.9 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Survey of employers' skill needs .......................................................... 3.7
Followup survey of graduates ................................................................ 3.3
$2.8 \quad 4.3$

Student work experience (e.g., internship)............................................ $2.8 \quad 4.0$
Faculty externship (work experience) .................................................... $\quad 3.2$ 4.1 3.8

Table 5a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use each of 5 procedures to ensure they teach jobs skills, by school type and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Public secondary schools that use procedure in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................ | 2.5 | 4.5 | 3.0 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 2.6 | 6.1 | 3.1 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)........................................ | 2.3 | 4.8 | 2.7 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 2.7 | 3.9 | 3.2 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 3.1 | 4.9 | 4.0 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 3.6 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.8 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)........................................ | 2.6 | 4.5 | 3.6 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 3.4 | 4.4 | 4.0 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................ | 3.3 | 2.5 | 4.2 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 3.9 | 3.1 | 5.3 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 3.1 | 2.8 | 4.3 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)........................................ | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.7 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 4.1 | 3.3 | 5.4 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee....... | 2.7 | 4.1 | 3.5 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ................................................ | 2.7 | 4.3 | 3.5 |
| Followup survey of graduates ........................................................... | 3.7 | 2.7 | 5.2 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship). | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.3 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) .............................................. | 3.1 | 3.3 | 4.3 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.......................................................... | 3.1 | 2.9 | 4.0 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs .................................................... | 3.5 | 4.6 | 4.6 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 3.4 | 2.7 | 4.4 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)......................................... | 2.6 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 3.1 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee........................................................... | 3.2 | 5.0 | 4.2 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................... | 3.8 | 5.7 | 5.0 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................... | 3.4 | 2.8 | 4.3 |
| Student work experience (e.g., internship)........................................ | 2.7 | 4.8 | 3.9 |
| Faculty externship (work experience) ............................................... | 3.3 | 4.9 | 4.1 |

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 6.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use a skill competency list, by school type and broad program area: 1999

| Public secondary schools using a skill competency list in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 78 | 84 | 77 |
| At least one of the listed programs ${ }^{1}$.................................................... | 95 | 99 | 94 |
| All of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations................................................ | 85 | 90 | 84 |
| Technical occupations.................................................................... | 83 | 93 | 80 |
| Mechanical occupations................................................................. | 89 | 95 | 87 |
| Building trades.............................................................................. | 85 | 94 | 82 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ...................................................... | 95 | 97 | 95 |
| Service occupations ..................................................................... | 90 | 96 | 88 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations................................................ | 89 | 92 | 89 |
| Technical occupations................................................................... | 88 | 94 | 86 |
| Mechanical occupations................................................................ | 91 | 97 | 89 |
| Building trades.............................................................................. | 88 | 97 | 86 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ...................................................... | 96 | 99 | 95 |
| Service occupations ...................................................................... | 91 | 98 | 89 |

${ }^{1}$ These figures vary slightly from those presented in a previous NCES report (NCES 2000-023) and reflect a slight refinement in computer programming since that report was issued.
${ }^{2}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area. The numerator is the number of those schools using a skill competency list (in all programs or in at least one program).
NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 6a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use a skill competency list, by school type and broad program area: 1999

| Public secondary schools using a skill competency list in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs ................................................................. | 2.3 | 3.8 | 2.6 |
| At least one of the listed programs ................................................... | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| All of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations................................................ | 2.1 | 4.2 | 2.3 |
| Technical occupations.................................................................... | 2.5 | 2.5 | 3.2 |
| Mechanical occupations................................................................. | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| Building trades............................................................................. | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.1 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ...................................................... | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.6 |
| Service occupations ...................................................................... | 2.6 | 1.3 | 3.5 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations................................................. | 1.8 | 4.2 | 1.9 |
| Technical occupations.................................................................. | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| Mechanical occupations................................................................. | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.5 |
| Building trades.............................................................................. | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.7 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ...................................................... | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
| Service occupations ...................................................................... | 2.3 | 1.3 | 3.2 |

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

\section*{Table 7.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs with different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists, by school type and broad program area: 1999 <br> | Public secondary schools with each level of educator/industry involvement in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |}

## All of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$

| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ....................... | 8 | 4 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input ......................................................... | 15 | 8 | 16 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input. | 7 | 4 | 8 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry | - | - | - |
| At least one of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ...................... | 32 | 19 | 35 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input .......................................................... | 54 | 62 | 53 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input........................................................ | 34 | 49 | 31 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ....................................................................... | 6 | 9 | 5 |

## All of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ <br> Business and marketing occupations

Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators .....................
Done primarily by educators with industry input............................................................ 41
Done with about equal educator and industry input .......................................................... 21
Done primarily/exclusively by industry $\qquad$
Technical occupations
Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators $\qquad$
Done primarily by educators with industry input39

Done with about equal educator and industry input 20
Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................................ 1
Mechanical occupations
Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators $\qquad$
Done primarily by educators with industry input
Done with about equal educator and industry input
Done primarily/exclusively by industry .......................................................................... 2

## Building trades

Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators. $\qquad$
Done primarily by educators with industry input39

Done with about equal educator and industry input ......................................................... 22
Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................................. 2

## Health/life sciences occupations

Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators
Done primarily by educators with industry input

| 14 | 8 | 16 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

34
Done primarily/exclusively by industry ......................................................................... 4
4

42
36
Done with about equal educator and industry input
4

## Service occupations

Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators. $\qquad$
Done primarily by educators with industry input
Done with about equal educator and industry inpu
Done primarily/exclusively by industry ........................................................................... 2
Done primarily/exclusively by industry ...................................................................... 2

\section*{Table 7.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs with different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists, by school type and broad program area: 1999 (continued) <br> | Public secondary schools with each level of educator/industry involvement in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |}


| At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators..... | 23 | 13 | 25 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input. | 46 | 50 | 45 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input. | 23 | 33 | 22 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry. | 1 | 1 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators .................... | 22 | 14 | 24 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input. | 46 | 52 | 44 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input | 26 | 33 | 24 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.. | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators .................... | 16 | 8 | 18 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input. | 48 | 54 | 46 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input. | 29 | 37 | 26 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.. | 4 | 5 | 3 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators .................... | 20 | 5 | 25 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input. | 44 | 55 | 40 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input. | 25 | 37 | 20 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry .. | 2 | 3 | 2 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators .................... | 15 | 10 | 17 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input. | 40 | 46 | 38 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input. | 37 | 44 | 35 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry. | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators .................... | 18 | 14 | 19 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input. | 45 | 48 | 44 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input.. | 28 | 36 | 26 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ................................................................ | 4 | 7 | 4 |
| - Too few cases for reliable estimate. |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program. The numerator is the number of those schools with each level of involvement (in all programs or in at least one program). |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area |  |  |  |
| The numerator is the number of those schools with each level of involvement (in all programs or in at least one program). NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades. |  |  |  |
| SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999. |  |  |  |

Table 7a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs with different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists, by school type and broad program area: 1999

| Public secondary schools with each level of educator/industry involvement in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs: |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ...................... | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input .......................................................... | 1.6 | 2.4 | 2.0 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input...................................................... | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.4 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry | - | - | - |
| At least one of the listed programs: |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ...................... | 2.3 | 4.0 | 2.8 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input .......................................................... | 2.4 | 3.2 | 2.9 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input. | 2.4 | 4.2 | 2.7 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| All of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................... | 1.6 | 3.1 | 1.9 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input. | 2.8 | 3.8 | 3.4 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input | 2.5 | 3.6 | 2.7 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry . | - | 0.2 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................... | 2.2 | 4.4 | 2.8 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input. | 2.9 | 4.2 | 3.3 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input | 2.4 | 3.2 | 3.0 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry. | 0.4 | 0.4 | - |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators .................. | 2.3 | 1.7 | 3.0 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input..................................................... | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input | 2.7 | 2.9 | 3.4 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry. | 1.1 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................... | 2.5 | 1.3 | 3.2 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input...................................................... | 2.9 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................... | 2.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry .................................................................. | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1.0 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................... | 2.8 | 4.1 | 3.5 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input..................................................... | 3.2 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................... | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.0 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ................................................................... | 1.2 | 0.4 | 1.6 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................... | 2.6 | 5.1 | 3.2 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input...................................................... | 3.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................... | 2.5 | 4.7 | 3.0 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ................................................................. | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.0 |

Table 7a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs with different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists, by school type and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Public secondary schools with each level of educator/industry involvement in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ............... | 1.9 | 4.1 | 2.3 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input .................................................... | 2.9 | 3.6 | 3.4 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................. | 2.6 | 3.8 | 2.8 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry . | 0.3 | 0.4 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 2.6 | 4.5 | 3.0 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input ................................................... | 2.7 | 4.4 | 3.1 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input. | 2.6 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.9 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ............... | 2.3 | 2.0 | 3.2 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input .................................................. | 3.3 | 3.5 | 4.4 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................ | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.4 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................... | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.5 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 2.9 | 1.3 | 3.5 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input .................................................. | 2.7 | 3.7 | 3.9 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input............................................... | 2.6 | 3.6 | 3.1 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry .............................................................. | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 2.8 | 4.4 | 3.6 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input ................................................... | 3.1 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................. | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................... | 1.2 | 0.8 | 1.6 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 2.5 | 5.1 | 3.1 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input ................................................... | 3.3 | 4.3 | 4.4 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................ | 2.5 | 4.7 | 2.9 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................... | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.2 |

## - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 8.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use any criteria to determine whether a student is a program completer, by school type and broad program area: 1999

| Public secondary schools that use program completer criteria in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| All of the listed programs ...................................................................................... | 77 | 90 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs .............................................................................. | 89 | 98 |



At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{1}$

| Business and marketing occupations......................................................................... | 85 | 97 | 83 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Technical occupations........................................................................................... | 84 | 97 | 81 |
| Mechanical occupations.. | 87 | 98 | 82 |
| Building trades.. | 84 | 95 | 81 |
| Health/life sciences occupations. | 89 | 94 | 87 |
| Service occupations .................................................................................................. | 87 | 97 | 84 |

${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area.
The numerator is the number of those schools using any criteria (in all programs or in at least one program). NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 8a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use any criteria to determine whether a student is a program completer, by school type and broad program area: 1999

| Public secondary schools that use program completer criteria in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs ..................................................................................... | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
| At least one of the listed programs ......................................................................... | 1.8 | 1.5 | 2.1 |
| All of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations...................................................................... | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.3 |
| Technical occupations.. | 2.9 | 2.0 | 3.6 |
| Mechanical occupations. | 2.5 | 0.6 | 3.4 |
| Building trades.. | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.6 |
| Health/life sciences occupations .. | 2.6 | 2.3 | 3.4 |
| Service occupations ... | 3.2 | 1.7 | 4.2 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations.................................................................. | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Technical occupations... | 2.7 | 2.0 | 3.4 |
| Mechanical occupations................................................................................ | 2.4 | 0.5 | 3.4 |
| Building trades ............................................................................................... | 2.8 | 2.2 | 3.7 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ........................................................................ | 2.4 | 2.3 | 3.1 |
| Service occupations ................................................................................... | 2.9 | 1.6 | 3.7 |

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

## Table 9.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use each of 4 criteria to determine whether a student is a program completer, by school type and broad program area: 1999

| Public secondary schools that use each criterion to define a program completer in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## All of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$

| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam).................................................... | 17 | 18 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pass specific vocational courses .................................................................................. | 59 | 66 |
| Minimum grade point average in program ................................................................... | 18 | 27 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements ............................ | 9 | 6 |


| At least one of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam)..................................................... | 30 | 32 | 30 |
| Pass specific vocational courses.. | 75 | 84 | 73 |
| Minimum grade point average in program . | 25 | 37 | 23 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements ............................ | 17 | 12 | 18 |


| All of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 20 | 17 | 21 |
| Pass specific vocational courses............................................................................... | 67 | 80 | 65 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................ | 20 | 31 | 18 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 12 | 7 | 13 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ............................................... | 20 | 22 | 19 |
| Pass specific vocational courses................................................................................. | 61 | 77 | 57 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................ | 20 | 30 | 18 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 7 | 6 | 8 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 21 | 26 | 20 |
| Pass specific vocational courses............................................................................... | 66 | 75 | 63 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................ | 22 | 32 | 18 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 9 | 9 | 9 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 21 | 21 | 22 |
| Pass specific vocational courses.............................................................................. | 66 | 75 | 63 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................ | 19 | 27 | 16 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 9 | 8 | 10 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 27 | 26 | 28 |
| Pass specific vocational courses............................................................................... | 70 | 70 | 66 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................ | 25 | 33 | 22 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 14 | 10 | 11 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 23 | 24 | 6 |
| Pass specific vocational courses.............................................................................. | 68 | 77 | 18 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................ | 24 | 29 | 6 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 10 | 8 | 3 |

## Table 9.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use each of 4 criteria to determine whether a student is a program completer, by school type and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Public secondary schools that use each criterion to define a program completer in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ......................................... | 23 | 19 | 23 |
| Pass specific vocational courses. | 70 | 84 | 67 |
| Minimum grade point average in program. | 22 | 34 | 20 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation | 14 | 10 | 15 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) .......................................... | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| Pass specific vocational courses. | 67 | 79 | 64 |
| Minimum grade point average in program ......................................................... | 22 | 31 | 20 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 10 | 9 | 11 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) .......................................... | 24 | 26 | 23 |
| Pass specific vocational courses......................................................................... | 69 | 78 | 65 |
| Minimum grade point average in program ........................................................... | 23 | 32 | 19 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 10 | 9 | 10 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ......................................... | 24 | 23 | 24 |
| Pass specific vocational courses........................................................................ | 67 | 78 | 64 |
| Minimum grade point average in program .......................................................... | 21 | 29 | 18 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 10 | 8 | 11 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ......................................... | 29 | 27 | 30 |
| Pass specific vocational courses........................................................................ | 71 | 72 | 71 |
| Minimum grade point average in program ........................................................... | 25 | 34 | 22 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ...................................... | 14 | 10 | 15 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ......................................... | 24 | 27 | 24 |
| Pass specific vocational courses........................................................................ | 71 | 78 | 68 |
| Minimum grade point average in program .......................................................... | 24 | 30 | 22 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 11 | 9 | 11 |

[^8]Table 9a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use each of 4 criteria to determine whether a student is a program completer, by school type and broad program area: 1999

| Public secondary schools that use each criterion to define a program completer in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## All of the listed programs:

| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam). | 1.6 | 3.6 | 1.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pass specific vocational courses | 2.4 | 3.9 | 2.8 |
| Minimum grade point average in program | 1.2 | 3.1 | 1.4 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements | 1.3 | 0.9 | 1.5 |


| At least one of the listed programs: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam)..................................................... | 2.2 | 3.7 | 2.6 |
| Pass specific vocational courses. | 2.1 | 3.0 | 2.4 |
| Minimum grade point average in program . | 1.6 | 3.5 | 1.8 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements ....................... | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.7 |


| All of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 2.1 | 3.3 | 2.5 |
| Pass specific vocational courses................................................................................ | 2.2 | 4.0 | 2.6 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................. | 1.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.7 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 2.2 | 3.4 | 2.4 |
| Pass specific vocational courses.. | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.7 |
| Minimum grade point average in program............................................................... | 2.4 | 3.8 | 2.8 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 1.5 | 0.8 | 1.9 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 2.2 | 3.7 | 3.1 |
| Pass specific vocational courses................................................................................ | 2.7 | 4.6 | 3.7 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................. | 2.3 | 3.4 | 2.8 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 1.7 | 1.0 | 2.3 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.3 |
| Pass specific vocational courses.............................................................................. | 3.4 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................ | 2.0 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 1.8 | 1.0 | 2.4 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.8 |
| Pass specific vocational courses................................................................................ | 3.1 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................. | 1.9 | 3.2 | 2.3 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ................................................ | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.6 |
| Pass specific vocational courses................................................................................ | 3.6 | 3.2 | 4.6 |
| Minimum grade point average in program................................................................. | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.6 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements......................... | 1.9 | 1.1 | 2.5 |

Table 9a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that use each of 4 criteria to determine whether a student is a program completer, by school type and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Public secondary schools that use each criterion to define a program completer in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) .......................................... | 2.2 | 3.4 | 2.5 |
| Pass specific vocational courses......................................................................... | 2.3 | 3.5 | 2.7 |
| Minimum grade point average in program ........................................................... | 1.4 | 3.5 | 1.6 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.9 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ......................................... | 2.6 | 3.5 | 2.9 |
| Pass specific vocational courses.. | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| Minimum grade point average in program | 2.7 | 3.8 | 3.1 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 1.9 | 1.5 | 2.4 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) ......................................... | 2.7 | 3.7 | 3.8 |
| Pass specific vocational courses....................................................................... | 2.8 | 4.5 | 3.6 |
| Minimum grade point average in program ......................................................... | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.8 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 1.7 | 1.1 | 2.3 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) .......................................... | 2.9 | 3.6 | 3.6 |
| Pass specific vocational courses. | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.4 |
| Minimum grade point average in program ........................................................... | 2.5 | 3.1 | 3.2 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 1.8 | 1.0 | 2.4 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) .......................................... | 2.9 | 3.4 | 3.7 |
| Pass specific vocational courses. | 3.0 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| Minimum grade point average in program ........................................................... | 1.9 | 3.2 | 2.3 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.1 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| End of program exam (not course or graduation exam) .......................................... | 3.1 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| Pass specific vocational courses......................................................................... | 3.3 | 3.1 | 4.0 |
| Minimum grade point average in program ........................................................... | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.7 |
| Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation ..................................... | 1.9 | 1.1 | 2.6 |

[^9]SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 10.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that prepare students for a state or industry regulatory exam, by school type, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Public secondary schools that prepare students for state or industry regulatory exam in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| All of the listed programs ............................................................................................ | 7 | 7 | 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs ................................................................................ | 41 | 67 | 36 |
| All the listed programs for: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations. | 7 | 8 | 6 |
| Technical occupations. | 9 | 16 | 7 |
| Mechanical occupations. | 19 | 18 | 19 |
| Building trades ....................................................................................................... | 14 | 15 | 14 |
| Health/life sciences occupations. | 36 | 40 | 34 |
| Service occupations.................................................................................................. | 19 | 22 | 18 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations | 10 | 12 | 9 |
| Technical occupations. | 16 | 28 | 13 |
| Mechanical occupations. | 28 | 37 | 25 |
| Building trades. | 22 | 31 | 18 |
| Health/life sciences occupations. | 47 | 63 | 41 |
| Service occupations.................................................................................................. | 36 | 57 | 30 |
| The listed program for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper | 8 | 7 | 8 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary. | 8 | 7 | 8 |
| Restaurant/food service manager | 8 | 21 | 4 |
| Sales associate . | 9 | 6 | 10 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer. | 12 | 29 | 6 |
| Computer graphics designer. | 8 | 17 | 5 |
| Computer/electronics technician. | 27 | 33 | 24 |
| Engineering technician | - | 8 | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator. | 10 | 15 | 9 |
| Mechanical occupation |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician.. | 44 | 51 | 36 |
| Auto body repairer. | 25 | 30 | 21 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician. | 29 | 33 | 27 |
| Machinist.............................................................................................................. | 15 | 17 | 14 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason.............................................................................................. | 18 | 19 | 17 |
| Carpenter. | 13 | 17 | 11 |
| Electrician. | 21 | 32 | 13 |
| Plumber | 16 | 22 | 10 |
| Welder | 20 | 26 | 17 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ................................................................................. | 42 | 63 | 32 |
| Medical or dental assistant. | 33 | 33 | 32 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide | 63 | 71 | 59 |
| Medical/life science lab technician | 26 | 32 | 23 |
| Agriscience technician. | 11 | 5 | 13 |
| Veterinary assistant.............................................................................................. | 19 | 9 | 24 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .............................................................................................................. | 13 | 14 | 13 |
| Cosmetologist ........................................................................................................ | 80 | 88 | 72 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.......................................................................... | 21 | 24 | 20 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ........................................................................................ | - | - | - |

[^10]
# Table 10a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that prepare students for a state or industry regulatory exam, by school type, broad program area, and specific program: 1999 

| Public secondary schools that prepare students for state or industry regulatory exam in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


| All of the listed programs ............................................................................................... | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs ................................................................................ | 2.1 | 4.9 | 2.3 |
| All the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations........................................................................... | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Technical occupations.................................................................................................. | 1.5 | 3.2 | 1.7 |
| Mechanical occupations ............................................................................................... | 2.8 | 2.5 | 3.6 |
| Building trades. | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.9 |
| Health/life sciences occupations................................................................................. | 2.6 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
| Service occupations............................................................................................... | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.0 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations........................................................................... | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
| Technical occupations ................................................................................................. | 1.6 | 3.7 | 1.9 |
| Mechanical occupations area. | 2.7 | 3.6 | 3.3 |
| Building trades. | 2.6 | 3.3 | 3.2 |
| Health/life sciences occupations. | 2.6 | 4.3 | 3.4 |
| Service occupations area ........................................................................................... | 3.3 | 5.3 | 3.6 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.7 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| Restaurant/food service manager | 2.0 | 4.5 | 2.0 |
| Sales associate | 2.6 | 1.6 | 3.0 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer. | 3.3 | 8.0 | 2.9 |
| Computer graphics designer. | 2.1 | 6.6 | 2.1 |
| Computer/electronics technician. | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5.1 |
| Engineering technician | - | 2.7 | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator | 1.8 | 3.3 | 2.0 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician................................................................. | 5.8 | 3.9 | 13.0 |
| Auto body repairer.. | 4.9 | 3.7 | 8.5 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician............................................................................. | 3.0 | 3.1 | 4.0 |
| Machinist. | 4.1 | 3.4 | 6.5 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason. | 4.1 | 4.8 | 6.1 |
| Carpenter | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Electrician. | 3.3 | 4.4 | 5.0 |
| Plumber. | 4.2 | 5.0 | 7.2 |
| Welder .. | 3.3 | 3.1 | 4.5 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ............................................................................... | 7.0 | 5.6 | 9.0 |
| Medical or dental assistant....................................................................................... | 4.6 | 5.1 | 6.2 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide .............................................................................................. | 2.9 | 4.9 | 4.2 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ......................................................................... | 6.6 | 13.8 | 8.6 |
| Agriscience technician. | 3.1 | 1.8 | 3.8 |
| Veterinary assistant. | 7.1 | 3.4 | 9.4 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ........................................................................................................... | 3.0 | 2.8 | 4.0 |
| Cosmetologist .................................................................................................... | 4.1 | 4.3 | 7.6 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide............................................................................ | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.4 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .......................................................................................... | - | - | - |

[^11]
## Table 11.-Percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational programs that prepare students to earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by school type, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Public secondary schools that prepare students to earn a skill certificate in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs .............................................................................................. | 31 | 52 | 27 |
| At least one of the listed programs ............................................................................... | 55 | 81 | 50 |
| All the listed programs for: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations........................................................................... | 40 | 65 | 36 |
| Technical occupations ............................................................................................... | 37 | 62 | 30 |
| Mechanical occupations ............................................................................................ | 52 | 70 | 45 |
| Building trades ......................................................................................................... | 46 | 68 | 39 |
| Health/life sciences occupations............................................................................... | 48 | 69 | 41 |
| Service occupations................................................................................................. | 49 | 68 | 43 |
| At least one of the listed programs in the area: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations ............................................................................ | 45 | 69 | 41 |
| Technical occupations.. | 43 | 67 | 37 |
| Mechanical occupations ............................................................................................ | 56 | 73 | 49 |
| Building trades ......................................................................................................... | 50 | 70 | 42 |
| Health/life sciences occupations................................................................................ | 53 | 77 | 45 |
| Service occupations................................................................................................. | 54 | 76 | 47 |
| The listed program for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper ........................................................................................ | 43 | 65 | 40 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary ........................................................................... | 48 | 68 | 44 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ............................................................................ | 52 | 78 | 45 |
| Sales associate ......... | 44 | 66 | 40 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer........................................................................................... | 51 | 70 | 45 |
| Computer graphics designer............................................................................... | 49 | 70 | 43 |
| Computer/electronics technician | 66 | 88 | 55 |
| Engineering technician .......................................................................................... | 42 | 61 | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator. | 38 | 69 | 31 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician................................................................. | 72 | 83 | - |
| Auto body repairer............................................................................................... | 69 | 83 | 58 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician............................................................................ | 59 | 75 | 53 |
| Machinist. | 61 | 83 | 45 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason.............................................................................................. | 61 | 76 | 52 |
| Carpenter ........................................................................................................... | 51 | 70 | 43 |
| Electrician......................................................................................................... | 54 | 79 | 36 |
| Plumber ............................................................................................................... | 57 | 73 | 43 |
| Welder ................................................................................................................ | 46 | 69 | 36 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ............................................................................... | 52 | 71 | 42 |
| Medical or dental assistant...................................................................................... | 62 | 84 | 48 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ............................................................................................ | 64 | 76 | 58 |
| Medical/life science lab technician .......................................................................... | 57 | 85 | - |
| Agriscience technician.......................................................................................... | 34 | 67 | 27 |
| Veterinary assistant.............................................................................................. | 45 | 62 | 38 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................................................................................ | 53 | 71 | 45 |
| Cosmetologist ....................................................................................................... | 63 | 75 | 52 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide............................................................................ | 50 | 80 | 42 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .......................................................................................... | 39 | 63 | - |

[^12]Table 11a.-
Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering listed occupational
programs that prepare students to earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by
school type, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Public secondary schools that prepare students to earn a skill certificate in: | All schools | Vocational | Comprehensive |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs ............................................................................................. | 2.1 | 4.8 | 2.3 |
| At least one of the listed programs ............................................................................... | 1.9 | 4.5 | 2.0 |
| All the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations........................................................................... | 2.5 | 5.9 | 2.8 |
| Technical occupations .............................................................................................. | 2.6 | 4.5 | 3.1 |
| Mechanical occupations. | 3.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 |
| Building trades... | 2.5 | 5.2 | 3.3 |
| Health/life sciences occupations.. | 3.7 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Service occupations............................................................................................... | 4.0 | 6.0 | 4.8 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations........................................................................... | 2.3 | 6.0 | 2.6 |
| Technical occupations... | 2.3 | 4.9 | 2.7 |
| Mechanical occupations. | 3.3 | 4.2 | 4.3 |
| Building trades.. | 2.5 | 5.3 | 3.2 |
| Health/life sciences occupations. | 3.6 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Service occupations................................................................................................. | 3.8 | 4.9 | 4.8 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper . | 2.7 | 6.8 | 3.0 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary. | 3.0 | 6.8 | 3.7 |
| Restaurant/food service manager | 6.0 | 5.9 | 7.4 |
| Sales associate . | 4.0 | 7.9 | 4.3 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer. | 5.7 | 11.4 | 6.2 |
| Computer graphics designer... | 4.3 | 7.9 | 5.9 |
| Computer/electronics technician. | 3.7 | 2.3 | 4.9 |
| Engineering technician. | 9.1 | 15.2 | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator. | 2.7 | 5.2 | 3.1 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician.............................................................. | 7.1 | 5.1 | - |
| Auto body repairer........ | 5.4 | 3.6 | 9.4 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician. | 3.7 | 4.4 | 5.1 |
| Machinist.......................................................................................................... | 5.4 | 4.8 | 8.4 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason.............................................................................................. | 6.7 | 5.6 | 10.0 |
| Carpenter ............................................................................................................ | 3.0 | 5.8 | 3.9 |
| Electrician.......................................................................................................... | 5.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Plumber ................................................................................................................. | 6.7 | 10.7 | 11.7 |
| Welder ................................ | 3.6 | 5.7 | 4.5 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ............................................................................ | 5.4 | 6.8 | 8.2 |
| Medical or dental assistant.. | 5.2 | 5.4 | 7.3 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide .. | 3.2 | 3.6 | 4.7 |
| Medical/life science lab technician .......................................................................... | 8.0 | 6.9 | - |
| Agriscience technician ........................................................................................... | 6.4 | 13.4 | 7.2 |
| Veterinary assistant.............................................................................................. | 7.5 | 16.3 | 9.3 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................................................................................ | 4.8 | 7.9 | 6.2 |
| Cosmetologist ................................................................................................... | 4.5 | 4.9 | 7.0 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide........................................................................... | 5.0 | 4.9 | 6.2 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ......................................................................................... | 8.5 | 17.4 | - |

[^13]NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

# Table 12.-Percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that have or have not developed or adopted skill competency lists for the program, by whether the program prepares students to earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate: 1999 

| Pubic secondary schools that offer each program: | A skill competency list has been developed or adopted for program? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | $\qquad$ | Program prepares students to earn skill certificate? |  | All schools <br> with program | Program prepares students to earn skill certificate? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .............................................. | 88 | 45 | 55 | 12 | 27 | 73 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .................................. | 89 | 51 | 49 | 11 | 24 | 76 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ................................... | 96 | 53 | 47 | 4 | - | - |
| Sales associate .......................................................... | 89 | 46 | 54 | 11 | 28 | 72 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................ | 90 | 51 | 49 | 10 | 53 | 47 |
| Computer graphics designer......................................... | 84 | 54 | 46 | 16 | 27 | 73 |
| Computer/electronics technician.................................... | 88 | 72 | 28 | 12 | - | 86 |
| Engineering technician ............................................... | 91 | 46 | 54 | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ............................................. | 88 | 40 | 60 | 12 | 17 | 83 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician........................ | 99 | 72 | 29 | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer...................................................... | 85 | 76 | 24 | 15 | 31 | 69 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician................................... | 95 | 60 | 40 | 5 | 44 | 56 |
| Machinist................................................................ | 91 | 65 | 35 | 9 | - | 84 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason................................................... | 93 | 63 | 37 | 7 | - | 71 |
| Carpenter ................................................................ | 88 | 56 | 44 | 12 | 12 | 88 |
| Electrician............................................................... | 81 | 62 | 38 | 19 | 17 | 83 |
| Plumber .................................................................. | 87 | 62 | 38 | 13 | - | 79 |
| Welder .................................................................... | 86 | 49 | 51 | 14 | 26 | 74 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ..................................... | 95 | 55 | 45 | 5 | - | 95 |
| Medical or dental assistant........................................... | 95 | 65 | 35 | 5 | - | 96 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ................................................. | 97 | 65 | 35 | 3 | - | 68 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician ................................................ | 94 | 35 | 65 | 6 | - | 98 |
| Veterinary assistant.................................................... | 97 | 46 | 54 | - | - | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................................... | 92 | 56 | 44 | 8 | - | 84 |
| Cosmetologist .......................................................... | 98 | 64 | 36 | - | - | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide................................. | 91 | 54 | 46 | 9 | 17 | 83 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ............................................ | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^14]
## Table 12a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that have or have not developed or adopted skill competency lists for the program, by whether the program prepares students to earn a vocational/ occupational skill certificate: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer each program: | A skill competency list has been developed or adopted for program? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | Program prepares students to earn skill certificates? |  | All schools <br> with program | Program prepares students to earn skill certificates? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper . | 2.1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 2.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................. | 1.8 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 8.4 | 8.4 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ................................... | 2.2 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 2.2 | - | - |
| Sales associate ....................................................... | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 17.4 | 17.4 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer.. | 4.2 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 4.2 | 16.1 | 16.1 |
| Computer graphics designer......................................... | 3.3 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 3.3 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| Computer/electronics technician................................... | 1.6 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 1.6 | - | 9.3 |
| Engineering technician ............................................... | 8.3 | 9.3 | 9.3 | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ........................................... | 2.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician....................... | 0.4 | 7.2 | 7.2 | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer....... | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 22.9 | 22.9 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.... | 2.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 22.8 | 22.8 |
| Machinist............. | 1.8 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 1.8 | - | 13.1 |
| Building trades occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason.. | 3.4 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 3.4 | - | 35.6 |
| Carpenter.... | 1.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 1.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Electrician.. | 3.1 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 3.1 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| Plumber . | 4.1 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 4.1 | - | 19.0 |
| Welder ....... | 4.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 4.5 | 15.2 | 15.2 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician. | 0.4 | 6.3 | 6.3 | 0.4 | - | 6.4 |
| Medical or dental assistant.. | 0.2 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 0.2 | - | 4.3 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ............................................... | 1.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 1.3 | - | 30.4 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician .................................................. | 0.3 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 0.3 | - | 2.2 |
| Veterinary assistant................................................... | 2.0 | 7.3 | 7.3 | - | - | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................................. | 1.5 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 1.5 | - | 8.9 |
| Cosmetologist .......................................................... | 0.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 | - | - | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide................................. | 1.9 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 1.9 | 8.4 | 8.4 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .............................................. | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^15]| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Level of educator or industry involvement in developing or adopting program's competency list: |  |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | Done exclusively by educators | Done primarily by educators with industry input | Done with about equal educator and industry input | Done primarily/ exclusively by industry |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper | 45 | 13 | 53 | 34 | - |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 51 | 7 | 60 | 32 | - |
| Restaurant/food service manager | 53 | 12 | 51 | 36 | - |
| Sales associate | 46 | 12 | 58 | 27 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................... | 51 | 7 | 56 | 33 | - |
| Computer graphics designer............................................ | 54 | 8 | 65 | 26 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician...................................... | 72 | 8 | 57 | 31 | 4 |
| Engineering technician. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ............................................... | 40 | 9 | 57 | 32 | - |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | 72 | - | 53 | 41 | - |
| Auto body repairer................ | 76 | 9 | 55 | 33 | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician..................................... | 60 | 8 | 54 | 35 | 4 |
| Machinist.................................................................... | 65 | - | 54 | 39 | - |
| Building trades occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason....................................................... | 63 | 9 | 46 | 44 | - |
| Carpenter ..................................................................... | 56 | 10 | 55 | 32 | 2 |
| Electrician.................................................................... | 62 | 5 | 60 | 34 | - |
| Plumber | 62 | - | 53 | 43 | - |
| Welder | 50 | 11 | 51 | 37 | 2 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | 55 | - | 50 | 40 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant. | 64 | - | 56 | 37 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ...................................................... | 65 | 6 | 40 | 47 | 6 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician ................................................... | 36 | 8 | 41 | 50 | - |
| Veterinary assistant....................................................... | 46 | - | 32 | 63 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ..................................................................... | 55 | 10 | 53 | 37 | - |
| Cosmetologist ................................................................ | 64 | 7 | 35 | 46 | 13 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 53 | 11 | 57 | 31 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 13.-_Percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or
do not prepare program students for a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by level of
educator and industry involvement in developing or adopting skill competency list for the
program: 1999 (continued)

| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper ................................................... | 55 | 41 | 42 | 16 | - |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 49 | 26 | 52 | 21 | - |
| Restaurant/food service manager ...................................... | 47 | 12 | 56 | 29 | - |
| Sales associate . | 54 | 10 | 66 | 21 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................... | 49 | 32 | 50 | 18 | - |
| Computer graphics designer.. | 46 | 24 | 48 | 25 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician. | 28 | 12 | 49 | 34 | 5 |
| Engineering technician | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator. | 60 | 35 | 42 | 22 | - |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician........................ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer....................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.. | 40 | 30 | 43 | 25 | 3 |
| Machinist. | 35 | 24 | 43 | 33 | - |
| Building trades occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason....................................................... | 37 | 25 | 49 | 27 | - |
| Carpenter ..................................................................... | 44 | 28 | 53 | 17 | - |
| Electrician.................................................................... | 38 | 25 | 50 | 22 | - |
| Plumber ....................................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Welder ........................................................................ | 50 | 38 | 36 | 22 | 4 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | 45 | - | 48 | 42 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant............................................ | 36 | - | 50 | 49 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide | 35 | - | 46 | 40 | 12 |
| Medical/life science lab technician . | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician................................................... | 64 | 42 | 38 | 20 | - |
| Veterinary assistant....................................................... | 54 | 37 | 32 | 30 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .................................................................. | 45 | 32 | 45 | 21 | - |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................... | 36 | 9 | 38 | 40 | 13 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 47 | 28 | 43 | 26 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |

[^16]\section*{Table 13a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not prepare program students for a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by level of educator and industry involvement in developing or adopting skill competency list for the program: 1999 <br> | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yes |  |  |  |  |
|  | Level of educator or industry involvement in developing or adopting program's competency list: |  |  |  |
| All schools with program | Done exclusively by educators | Done primarily by educators with industry input | Done with about equal educator and industry input | Done primarily/ exclusively by industry |


| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .................................................. | 3.2 | 2.3 | 5.2 | 4.7 | - |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 3.0 | 1.9 | 4.8 | 4.6 | - |
| Restaurant/food service manager ..................................... | 6.0 | 3.3 | 7.1 | 7.8 | - |
| Sales associate .............................................................. | 4.7 | 4.2 | 6.1 | 5.1 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................... | 6.4 | 3.4 | 8.6 | 6.9 | - |
| Computer graphics designer............................................. | 5.1 | 2.6 | 6.4 | 5.4 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician...................................... | 3.9 | 1.7 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 1.8 |
| Engineering technician .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator .............................................. | 3.1 | 2.6 | 5.4 | 4.6 | - |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | 7.2 | - | 6.0 | 5.5 | - |
| Auto body repairer......................................................... | 4.5 | 1.6 | 4.8 | 4.2 | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician..................................... | 3.8 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 1.7 |
| Machinist. | 5.2 | - | 5.7 | 5.2 | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason....................................................... | 7.1 | 4.9 | 8.3 | 7.7 | - |
| Carpenter ...................................................................... | 3.3 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 1.2 |
| Electrician..................................................................... | 5.2 | 1.6 | 4.6 | 4.6 | - |
| Plumber ....................................................................... | 8.0 | - | 8.2 | 8.1 | - |
| Welder ......................................................................... | 3.5 | 3.2 | 5.1 | 4.1 | 0.4 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | 6.3 | - | 9.3 | 8.5 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant.............................................. | 5.4 | - | 6.4 | 6.2 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ...................................................... | 3.2 | 2.3 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 2.4 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician ................................................... | 6.9 | 5.4 | 6.3 | 7.2 | - |
| Veterinary assistant....................................................... | 7.3 | - | 8.2 | 8.9 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .................................................................... | 5.0 | 2.4 | 7.0 | 5.8 | - |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................... | 4.5 | 2.2 | 5.6 | 5.4 | 3.3 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 5.4 | 2.6 | 6.3 | 5.0 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 13a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not prepare program students for a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by level of educator and industry involvement in developing or adopting skill competency list for the program: 1999 (continued)

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Level of educator or industry involvement in developing or adopting program's competency list: |  |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | Done exclusively by educators | Done primarily by educators with industry input | Done with about equal educator and industry input | Done primarily/ exclusively by industry |


| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .................................................. | 3.2 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 3.2 | - |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 3.0 | 3.7 | 6.2 | 3.6 | - |
| Restaurant/food service manager ...................................... | 6.0 | 3.7 | 8.6 | 6.5 | - |
| Sales associate | 4.7 | 4.1 | 6.6 | 5.4 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................... | 6.4 | 19.3 | 8.8 | 7.7 | - |
| Computer graphics designer............................................ | 5.1 | 10.7 | 9.4 | 6.2 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician....................................... | 3.9 | 5.1 | 11.2 | 8.6 | 4.7 |
| Engineering technician ................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ............................................... | 3.1 | 6.8 | 5.0 | 3.9 | - |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer...................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician..................................... | 3.8 | 4.6 | 7.2 | 5.4 | 1.4 |
| Machinist | 5.2 | 8.2 | 10.4 | 8.5 | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason. | 7.1 | 8.8 | 15.2 | 12.3 | - |
| Carpenter | 3.3 | 4.4 | 6.2 | 4.8 | - |
| Electrician. | 5.2 | 7.3 | 11.8 | 6.6 | - |
| Plumber | - | - | - | - | - |
| Welder | 3.5 | 7.1 | 5.5 | 6.6 | 2.5 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ....................................... | 6.3 | - | 9.2 | 8.5 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant............................................. | 5.4 | - | 8.3 | 8.3 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ..................................................... | 3.2 | - | 7.5 | 7.2 | 4.8 |
| Medical/life science lab technician .................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician. | 6.9 | 8.0 | 9.6 | 4.9 | - |
| Veterinary assistant....................................................... | 7.3 | 11.5 | 9.9 | 9.7 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .................................................................... | 5.0 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 4.2 | - |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................... | 4.5 | 5.3 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 5.9 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 5.4 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 4.6 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |

[^17]SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 14.-Percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or
do not prepare program students for a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by criterion
used to determine whether student is a program completer: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Criterion used to determine whether a student is a program completer: |  |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | End of program exam | Pass specific vocational courses | Minimum grade point average in program | Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements |


| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper ................................................... | 46 | 28 | 81 | 34 | 17 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 50 | 22 | 86 | 34 | 16 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ...................................... | 55 | 23 | 80 | 31 | - |
| Sales associate ............................................................... | 45 | 27 | 76 | 34 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................... | 53 | 21 | 83 | 29 | - |
| Computer graphics designer............................................ | 50 | - | 75 | 31 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician...................................... | 68 | 23 | 81 | 31 | - |
| Engineering technician .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator .............................................. | 41 | 23 | 80 | 24 | 16 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | 70 | - | 85 | - | - |
| Auto body repairer......................................................... | 72 | - | 85 | 39 | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.................................... | 61 | 26 | 78 | 30 | - |
| Machinist. | 61 | - | 88 | - | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason..................................................... | 64 | - | 90 | - | - |
| Carpenter | 55 | 28 | 82 | 26 | 10 |
| Electrician.. | 57 | 19 | 84 | 35 | - |
| Plumber | 60 | - | 90 | - | - |
| Welder | 50 | 27 | 79 | 27 | 12 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ....................................... | 51 | 52 | 71 | 45 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant.............................................. | 62 | 33 | 80 | 41 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ..................................................... | 62 | 36 | 81 | 43 | 23 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................... | 55 | - | 81 | - | - |
| Agriscience technician ................................................... | 38 | 31 | 81 | 28 | - |
| Veterinary assistant....................................................... | 48 | - | 83 | 49 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .................................................................... | 53 | 26 | 83 | 32 | 13 |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................... | 63 | 24 | 83 | 42 | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide................................... | 54 | 29 | 80 | 43 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |

## Table 14.-Percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not prepare program students for a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by criterion used to determine whether a student is a program completer: 1999 (continued)

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Criterion used to determine whether a student is a program completer: |  |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | End of program exam | Pass specific vocational courses | Minimum grade point average in program | Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements |


| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .................................................. | 54 | 28 | 80 | 15 | 13 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 50 | 16 | 85 | 20 | 11 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ...................................... | 45 | 21 | 79 | 36 | 16 |
| Sales associate . | 55 | 17 | 85 | 24 | 15 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................... | 47 | 31 | - | 22 | - |
| Computer graphics designer............................................ | 50 | 11 | 79 | 26 | 10 |
| Computer/electronics technician...................................... | 32 | 22 | 71 | 37 | 8 |
| Engineering technician | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator. | 59 | 31 | 77 | 16 | 6 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician........................ | 30 | - | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer..................................................... | 28 | 21 | - | - | 16 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.. | 40 | 30 | 77 | 22 | - |
| Machinist. | 40 | 35 | - | 15 | 7 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason....................................................... | 36 | 34 | - | 9 | 21 |
| Carpenter ..................................................................... | 45 | 20 | 81 | 22 | 13 |
| Electrician.................................................................. | 43 | 18 | - | 20 | 27 |
| Plumber ....................................................................... | 40 | 24 | - | 18 | 30 |
| Welder ........................................................................ | 50 | 26 | 82 | 21 | 14 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | 49 | 29 | - | 30 | 28 |
| Medical or dental assistant.............................................. | 38 | 24 | - | 14 | 22 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ..................................................... | 38 | 34 | 71 | 18 | 14 |
| Medical/life science lab technician | 45 | 36 | - | 16 | 30 |
| Agriscience technician ................................................... | 62 | 22 | - | 22 | 4 |
| Veterinary assistant....................................................... | 52 | 17 | - | 21 | 10 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook | 47 | 24 | 80 | 20 | 12 |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................... | 38 | 29 | - | 14 | 5 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 46 | 28 | 79 | 23 | 10 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |

[^18]
## Table 14a.-Standard errors of percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not prepare program students for a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by criterion used to determine whether student is a program completer: 1999

Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate?

| Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yes |  |  |  |  |
|  | Criterion used to determine whether a student is a program completer: |  |  |  |
| All schools with program | End of program exam | Pass specific vocational courses | Minimum grade point average in program | Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements |


| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .............................................. | 2.9 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 4.5 | 3.0 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................. | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 4.4 | 3.2 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ................................... | 6.1 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 5.7 | - |
| Sales associate .......................................................... | 4.2 | 5.2 | 6.0 | 4.9 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................. | 6.5 | 5.4 | 6.4 | 6.7 | - |
| Computer graphics designer.......................................... | 4.5 | - | 4.7 | 5.4 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician....................................... | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.4 | 4.5 | - |
| Engineering technician ................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ............................................ | 3.4 | 4.1 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | 7.2 | - | 5.7 | - | - |
| Auto body repairer...................................................... | 6.5 | - | 3.5 | 4.9 | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician... | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.9 | 4.4 | - |
| Machinist............................................................... | 5.8 | - | 3.2 | - | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason.............................................................. | 7.0 | - | 3.1 | - | - |
| Carpenter .................................................................... | 3.7 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 2.7 |
| Electrician.............................................................. | 5.6 | 4.4 | 5.5 | 4.7 | - |
| Plumber . | 6.4 | - | 3.6 | - | - |
| Welder. | 4.6 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.0 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ...................................... | 5.2 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 7.8 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant. | 5.9 | 6.0 | 4.0 | 6.5 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ... | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 3.9 |
| Medical/life science lab technician .................................. | 9.1 | - | 7.9 | - | - |
| Agriscience technician.. | 7.1 | 9.6 | 5.3 | 10.2 | - |
| Veterinary assistant................................................... | 7.7 | - | 6.8 | 10.8 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ................................................................ | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 2.5 |
| Cosmetologist ... | 5.1 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 5.8 | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide................................. | 5.2 | 5.4 | 4.3 | 6.8 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .............................................. | - | - | - | - | - |

Table 14a.-Standard errors of percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not prepare program students for a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by criterion used to determine whether student is a program completer: 1999 (continued)

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Criterion used to determine whether a student is a program completer: |  |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | End of program exam | Pass specific vocational courses | Minimum grade point average in program | Pass specific academic courses, different from graduation requirements |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .................................................. | 2.9 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 2.5 | 3.4 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.1 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ...................................... | 6.1 | 5.4 | 6.5 | 5.4 | 6.6 |
| Sales associate .............................................................. | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 5.6 | 4.4 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................... | 6.5 | 6.5 | - | 9.0 | - |
| Computer graphics designer............................................ | 4.5 | 4.5 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 6.5 |
| Computer/electronics technician...................................... | 4.0 | 6.7 | 10.9 | 11.7 | 5.0 |
| Engineering technician ................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator .............................................. | 3.4 | 5.2 | 5.4 | 3.9 | 3.0 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | 7.2 | - | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer......................................................... | 6.5 | 11.1 | - | - | 14.2 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician..................................... | 3.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 4.8 | - |
| Machinist .................................................................... | 5.8 | 10.7 | - | 6.0 | 4.3 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason...................................................... | 7.0 | 11.3 | - | 5.4 | 10.9 |
| Carpenter ................................................................... | 3.7 | 5.3 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 4.4 |
| Electrician.................................................................... | 5.6 | 8.4 | - | 8.1 | 9.3 |
| Plumber ...................................................................... | 6.4 | 10.8 | - | 8.7 | 11.8 |
| Welder ........................................................................ | 4.6 | 6.7 | 5.7 | 4.7 | 5.2 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | 5.2 | 9.0 | - | 10.7 | 8.9 |
| Medical or dental assistant.............................................. | 5.9 | 8.4 | - | 8.3 | 8.1 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ...................................................... | 3.8 | 5.8 | 6.9 | 4.9 | 4.6 |
| Medical/life science lab technician .................................. | 9.1 | 12.7 | - | 10.7 | 10.9 |
| Agriscience technician ................................................... | 7.1 | 5.4 | - | 5.9 | 2.8 |
| Veterinary assistant....................................................... | 7.7 | 8.3 | - | 9.5 | 6.8 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ..................................................................... | 4.9 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 5.2 |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................... | 5.1 | 7.9 | - | 7.6 | 3.5 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 5.2 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.5 | 4.7 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |

- Too few cases for reliable estimate.

NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

# Table 15.-Percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that have or have not developed or adopted skill competency lists for the program, by whether criteria are used to identify program completers: 1999 

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | A skill competency list has been developed or adopted for program? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All schools } \\ \text { with } \\ \text { program } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  | All schools <br> with program | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .............................................. | 88 | 83 | 17 | 12 | 80 | 20 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................. | 89 | 89 | 11 | 11 | 88 | 12 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ................................... | 94 | 90 | - | 6 | 58 | - |
| Sales associate .......................................................... | 89 | 90 | - | 11 | 81 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer.. | 90 | 89 | - | 10 | 56 | - |
| Computer graphics designer......................................... | 84 | 87 | - | 16 | 87 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician.. | 88 | 90 | - | 12 | 80 | - |
| Engineering technician | 91 | 100 | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator... | 88 | 83 | 17 | 12 | 68 | 32 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{AC} /$ heating/refrigeration repair technician........................ | 99 | 94 | - | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer.. | 85 | 90 | - | 15 | 68 | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.................................. | 95 | 90 | 10 | 5 | 65 | 35 |
| Machinist... | 91 | 90 | - | 9 | 84 | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason.................................................. | 93 | 85 | - | 7 | 100 | - |
| Carpenter ................................................................ | 87 | 88 | 12 | 13 | 91 | 9 |
| Electrician... | 81 | 88 | - | 19 | 96 | - |
| Plumber ................................................................. | 87 | 93 | - | 13 | 100 | - |
| Welder ..... | 85 | 83 | 17 | 15 | 73 | 27 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ..................................... | 95 | 89 | - | 5 | 100 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant........................................... | 96 | 91 | - | 4 | 100 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide .................................................. | 97 | 92 | - | 3 | 100 | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................. | 90 | 93 | - | 10 | 100 | - |
| Agriscience technician ............................................... | 94 | 86 | 14 | 6 | 44 | 56 |
| Veterinary assistant................................................... | 97 | 93 | - | - | - | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ................................................................ | 91 | 88 | 12 | 9 | 95 | - |
| Cosmetologist .......................................................... | 98 | 91 | - | 2 | 100 | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide................................. | 91 | 85 | 15 | 9 | 70 | 30 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .............................................. | 90 | 84 | - | - | - | - |

[^19]Table 15a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that have or have not developed or adopted skill competency lists for the program, by whether criteria are used to identify program completers : 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | A skill competency list has been developed or adopted for program? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | All schools <br> with program | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  | All schools <br> with program | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |


| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .............................................. | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 7.2 | 7.2 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 6.3 | 6.3 |
| Restaurant/food service manager. | 2.7 | 3.7 | - | 2.7 | 39.4 | - |
| Sales associate | 3.2 | 3.2 | - | 3.2 | 18.8 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................ | 3.6 | 4.9 | - | 3.6 | 19.7 | - |
| Computer graphics designer. | 3.1 | 4.5 | - | 3.1 | 8.9 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician.................................... | 3.5 | 3.1 | - | 3.5 | 13.9 | - |
| Engineering technician ................................................ | 8.3 | 0.0 | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ........................................... | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 10.4 | 10.4 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician....................... | 0.3 | 3.4 | - | - | 0.0 | - |
| Auto body repairer.. | 5.0 | 3.1 | - | 5.0 | 23.4 | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician................................... | 1.6 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 1.6 | 24.3 | 24.3 |
| Machinist................................................................ | 3.4 | 3.5 | - | 3.4 | 16.6 | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason................................................... | 3.6 | 5.5 | - | 3.6 | 0.0 | - |
| Carpenter .............................................................. | 3.1 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 3.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Electrician............................................................... | 5.0 | 3.9 | - | 5.0 | 4.4 | - |
| Plumber .................................................................. | 5.7 | 4.2 | - | 5.7 | 0.0 | - |
| Welder ................................................................... | 3.1 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 11.4 | 11.4 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ......................................... | 3.1 | 3.7 | - | 3.1 | 0.0 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant............................................ | 2.4 | 3.4 | - | 2.4 | 0.0 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide .................................................... | 1.3 | 2.3 | - | 1.3 | 0.0 | - |
| Medica//life science lab technician ................................. | 5.1 | 3.7 | - | 5.1 | 0.0 | - |
| Agriscience technician ............................................... | 3.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 39.6 | 39.6 |
| Veterinary assistant..................................................... | 2.1 | 3.5 | - | - | - | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................................... | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 5.7 | - |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................ | 1.2 | 3.1 | - | 1.2 | 0.0 | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide................................. | 3.2 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.2 | 16.0 | 16.0 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .............................................. | 6.9 | 10.3 | - | - | - | - |

[^20]Table 16.-Percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not use criteria to identify program completers, by level of educator and industry involvement in developing or adopting skill competency list for program: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Level of educator or industry involvement in developing or adopting competency list for program: |  |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | Done exclusively by educators | Done primarily by educators with industry input | Done with about equal educator and industry input | Done primarily/ exclusively by industry |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper ................................................ | 83 | 24 | 49 | 27 | - |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................. | 89 | 14 | 57 | 28 | - |
| Restaurant/food service manager................................... | 90 | 12 | 52 | 34 | - |
| Sales associate ............................................................ | 90 | 9 | 64 | 25 | 2 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................ | 89 | 20 | 49 | 29 | - |
| Computer graphics designer ......................................... | 87 | 14 | 55 | 29 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician................................... | 90 | 7 | 56 | 32 | 5 |
| Engineering technician ............................................... | 100 | - | 49 | 36 | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator........................................... | 83 | 19 | 49 | 29 | 2 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician....................... | 94 | - | 53 | 39 | - |
| Auto body repairer..................................................... | 90 | 11 | 56 | 32 | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.................................... | 90 | 12 | 51 | 33 | 4 |
| Machinist.................................................................... | 90 | 8 | 52 | 36 | 4 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason...................................................... | 85 | 8 | 50 | 41 | - |
| Carpenter .................................................................... | 88 | 14 | 57 | 27 | 2 |
| Electrician................................................................. | 88 | 7 | 59 | 32 | - |
| Plumber .................................................................... | 93 | - | 60 | 37 | - |
| Welder .................................................................... | 82 | 16 | 52 | 30 | 3 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ...................................... | 89 | - | 45 | 45 | 7 |
| Medical or dental assistant............................................ | 91 | - | 52 | 42 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ................................................... | 92 | 4 | 43 | 45 | 9 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................ | 93 | - | 31 | 56 | - |
| Agriscience technician................................................ | 87 | 23 | 41 | 36 | - |
| Veterinary assistant ................................................... | 93 | 21 | 31 | 48 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ................................................................... | 88 | 17 | 50 | 32 | - |
| Cosmetologist............................................................ | 91 | 5 | 36 | 45 | 14 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide ................................. | 85 | 14 | 53 | 31 | 2 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant................................................ | 84 | - | 40 | 58 | - |


| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Level of educator or industry involvement in developing or adopting competency list for program: |  |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | Done exclusively by educators | Done primarily by educators with industry input | Done with about equal educator and industry input | Done primarily/ exclusively by industry |
| The listed program in the area: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper. | 17 | 50 | 37 | 12 | - |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 11 | 38 | 53 | 10 | - |
| Restaurant/food service manager ...................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sales associate | - | - | - | - | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer.................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Computer graphics designer............................................ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Computer/electronics technician...................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Engineering technician ................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator .............................................. | 17 | 50 | 37 | 13 | - |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer........................................................ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician..................................... | 10 | 51 | 30 | 18 | - |
| Machinist.................................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason....................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Carpenter ..................................................................... | 12 | 49 | 34 | 14 | - |
| Electrician.................................................................... | - | - | - | 12 | - |
| Plumber ...................................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Welder ........................................................................ | 18 | 67 | - | 28 | - |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Medical or dental assistant.............................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ...................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician .................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veterinary assistant........................................................ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .................................................................... | 12 | 50 | 40 | 10 | - |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 15 | 44 | 37 | 19 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |

[^21]NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

Table 16a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not use criteria to identify program completers, by level of educator and industry involvement in developing or adopting skill competency list for program: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Level of educator or industry involvement in developing or adopting competency list for program: |  |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | Done exclusively by educators | Done primarily by educators with industry input | Done with about equal educator and industry input | Done primarily/ exclusively by industry |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper ................................................. | 2.4 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 3.8 | - |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 2.4 | 1.9 | 4.4 | 3.5 | - |
| Restaurant/food service manager ..................................... | 3.7 | 2.6 | 5.4 | 4.7 | - |
| Sales associate ............................................................. | 3.2 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 1.4 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................... | 4.9 | 4.8 | 7.4 | 5.6 | - |
| Computer graphics designer............................................ | 4.5 | 3.0 | 5.1 | 4.3 | - |
| Computer/electronics technician..................................... | 3.1 | 1.9 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 1.9 |
| Engineering technician ................................................. | 0.0 | - | 8.1 | 8.2 | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ............................................. | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 1.0 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | 3.4 | - | 5.9 | 5.3 | - |
| Auto body repairer........................................................ | 3.2 | 4.2 | 5.0 | 4.5 | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician..................................... | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 1.5 |
| Machinist. | 3.5 | 2.6 | 5.2 | 4.0 | 1.8 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason...................................................... | 5.5 | 2.5 | 6.8 | 6.9 | - |
| Carpenter ..................................................................... | 2.4 | 2.0 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 0.8 |
| Electrician................................................................ | 3.9 | 2.1 | 5.1 | 4.0 | - |
| Plumber ...................................................................... | 4.2 | - | 7.9 | 7.7 | - |
| Welder .......................................................................... | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 4.0 | 1.4 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ......................................... | 3.7 | - | 6.4 | 5.9 | 3.1 |
| Medical or dental assistant.............................................. | 3.5 | - | 4.9 | 4.5 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ...................................................... | 2.3 | 1.1 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 2.3 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................... | 3.7 | - | 6.9 | 8.5 | - |
| Agriscience technician ................................................... | 4.9 | 4.8 | 6.2 | 5.4 | - |
| Veterinary assistant...................................................... | 3.5 | 7.0 | 7.5 | 8.8 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .................................................................... | 3.3 | 2.5 | 4.2 | 4.3 | - |
| Cosmetologist .............................................................. | 3.1 | 1.4 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 3.0 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 5.1 | 2.8 | 5.4 | 2.7 | 1.3 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ................................................. | 10.3 | - | 13.5 | 13.7 | - |

## Table 16a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not use criteria to identify program completers, by level of educator and industry involvement in developing or adopting skill competency list for program: 1999 (continued)

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Level of educator or industry involvement in developing or adopting competency list for program: |  |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | Done exclusively by educators | Done primarily by educators with industry input | Done with about equal educator and industry input | Done <br> primarily/ <br> exclusively <br> by industry |


| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper ................................................. | 2.4 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 4.4 | - |
| Administrative assistant/secretary..................................... | 2.4 | 11.9 | 14.7 | 5.5 | - |
| Restaurant/food service manager ..................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Sales associate . | - | - | - | - | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer.................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Computer graphics designer.......................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Computer/electronics technician...................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Engineering technician .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator .............................................. | 3.0 | 25.7 | 8.5 | 6.2 | - |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer....................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.................................... | 2.2 | 10.3 | 14.4 | 8.9 | - |
| Machinist | - | - | - | - | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason....................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Carpenter ..................................................................... | 2.4 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 6.5 | - |
| Electrician. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Plumber | - | - | - | - | - |
| Welder | 3.4 | 10.2 | - | 8.8 | - |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | - | - | - | - | - |
| Medical or dental assistant............................................. | - | - | - | - | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide | - | - | - | - | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician .................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Veterinary assistant....................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .................................................................... | 3.3 | 14.9 | 15.5 | 7.5 | - |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................... | - | - | - | - | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 5.1 | 11.6 | 11.4 | 8.1 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ................................................. | - | - | - | - | - |

[^22]SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

# Table 17.-Percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not prepare program students to earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by whether criteria are used to identify program completers: 1999 

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | All schools <br> with program | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  | All schools with program | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |

## Business and marketing occupations

| Accountant/bookkeeper ............................................... | 43 | 90 | 10 | 57 | 78 | 22 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................. | 48 | 92 | 8 | 52 | 86 | 14 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ................................... | 52 | 94 | 6 | 48 | 86 | 14 |
| Sales associate .......................................................... | 44 | 91 | 9 | 56 | 88 | 12 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................ | 51 | 89 | 11 | 49 | 81 | 19 |
| Computer graphics designer......................................... | 49 | 89 | 11 | 51 | 86 | 14 |
| Computer/electronics technician.................................... | 65 | 92 | 8 | 35 | 82 | 18 |
| Engineering technician ............................................... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ........................................... | 37 | 89 | 11 | 63 | 76 | 24 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician........................ | 72 | 92 | - | 28 | 100 | - |
| Auto body repairer..................................................... | 69 | 91 | 9 | 31 | 78 | 22 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.................................... | 59 | 91 | 9 | 41 | 85 | 15 |
| Machinist.................................................................. | 61 | 90 | 10 | 39 | 88 | 12 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason.................................................... | 61 | 91 | 9 | 39 | 78 | 22 |
| Carpenter ................................................................ | 51 | 95 | 5 | 49 | 81 | 14 |
| Electrician............................................................... | 54 | 95 | 5 | 46 | 82 | 18 |
| Plumber ................................................................... | 57 | 100 | - | 43 | 86 | 14 |
| Welder ................................................................... | 46 | 87 | 13 | 54 | 75 | 25 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ..................................... | 51 | 90 | 10 | 49 | 93 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant........................................... | 62 | 93 | 7 | 38 | 92 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide .................................................. | 63 | 90 | 10 | 37 | 96 | 4 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician ................................................ | 33 | 96 | - | 67 | 79 | 21 |
| Veterinary assistant.................................................... | 44 | 98 | - | 56 | 89 | 11 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................................... | 53 | 89 | 11 | 47 | 88 | 12 |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................ | 63 | 91 | 9 | 37 | 91 | 9 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide................................. | 50 | 90 | 10 | 50 | 78 | 22 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant. | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^23]Table 17a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not prepare program students to earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by whether criteria are used to identify program completers: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | All schools <br> with program | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  | All schools <br> with program | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |


| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .................................................. | 2.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................... | 3.1 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ...................................... | 6.0 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Sales associate . | 4.1 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer.................................................... | 5.7 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 5.9 |
| Computer graphics designer............................................ | 4.2 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 4.2 | 6.1 | 6.1 |
| Computer/electronics technician...................................... | 3.7 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 7.5 | 7.5 |
| Engineering technician ................................................ | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ............................................... | 2.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician.......................... | 7.1 | 4.9 | - | 7.1 | 0.0 | - |
| Auto body repairer......................................................... | 5.4 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 9.9 | 9.9 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician..................................... | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 |
| Machinist. | 5.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 5.4 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason....................................................... | 6.8 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 7.2 |
| Carpenter ...................................................................... | 3.0 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| Electrician.................................................................... | 5.0 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 5.0 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Plumber ....................................................................... | 6.7 | 0.0 | - | 6.7 | 8.1 | 8.1 |
| Welder ........................................................................ | 3.6 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 3.6 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | 5.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 5.3 | 5.4 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant.............................................. | 5.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5.3 | 4.9 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 2.5 |
| Medical/life science lab technician .................................. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician .................................................... | 6.3 | 3.7 | - | 6.3 | 6.7 | 6.7 |
| Veterinary assistant........................................................ | 7.5 | 1.0 | - | 7.5 | 6.0 | 6.0 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .................................................................... | 4.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Cosmetologist ................................................................ | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.5 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide..................................... | 4.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 7.9 | 7.9 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^24]SOURCE: US Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

## Table 18.-Percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not prepare program students to earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by whether program has developed or adopted skill competency lists: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | A skill competency list has been developed or adopted? |  | All schools <br> with program | A skill competency lis has been developed or adopted? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |

Business and marketing occupations

| Accountant/bookkeeper ................................................... | 43 | 92 | 8 | 57 | 84 | 16 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative assistant/secretary ..................................... | 48 | 95 | 5 | 52 | 84 | 16 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ...................................... | 52 | 96 | - | 48 | 96 | - |
| Sales associate ............................................................. | 44 | 93 | 7 | 56 | 86 | 14 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................... | 51 | 90 | 10 | 49 | 90 | 10 |
| Computer graphics designer............................................ | 49 | 91 | 9 | 51 | 77 | 23 |
| Computer/electronics technician...................................... | 66 | 98 | - | 34 | 71 | 29 |
| Engineering technician ................................................... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator .............................................. | 38 | 95 | 5 | 62 | 84 | 16 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | 72 | 99 | - | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer......................................................... | 69 | 93 | 7 | 31 | 66 | 34 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician..................................... | 59 | 96 | 4 | 41 | 93 | 7 |
| Machinist ..................................................................... | 61 | 98 | - | 39 | 81 | 19 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason....................................................... | 61 | 97 | - | 39 | 87 | 13 |
| Carpenter ..................................................................... | 51 | 97 | 3 | 49 | 79 | 21 |
| Electrician.. | 54 | 94 | 6 | 46 | 66 | 34 |
| Plumber | 57 | 95 | - | 43 | 76 | 24 |
| Welder | 46 | 92 | 8 | 54 | 81 | 19 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | 52 | 100 | - | 48 | 90 | 10 |
| Medical or dental assistant............................................... | 62 | 100 | - | 38 | 88 | 12 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ..................................................... | 64 | 99 | - | 36 | 94 | 6 |
| Medical/life science lab technician .................................. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician .................................................... | 33 | 100 | - | 67 | 91 | 9 |
| Veterinary assistant....................................................... | 45 | 100 | - | 55 | 95 | 5 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook .................................................................... | 53 | 98 | - | 47 | 86 | 14 |
| Cosmetologist ............................................................... | 63 | 100 | - | 37 | 96 | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................... | 50 | 97 | 3 | 50 | 84 | 16 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^25]Table 18a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that do or do not prepare program students to earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate, by whether program has developed or adopted skill competency lists: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | All schools <br> with program | A skill competency list has been developed or adopted? |  | All schools <br> with program | A skill competency list has been developed or adopted? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |

Business and marketing occupations

| Accountant/bookkeeper ............................................... | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .................................. | 2.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Restaurant/food service manager .................................... | 1.5 | 2.2 | - | 1.5 | 2.3 | - |
| Sales associate ............................................................ | 3.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer................................................ | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 5.2 | 5.2 |
| Computer graphics designer.......................................... | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Computer/electronics technician.................................... | 1.6 | 1.6 | - | 1.6 | 8.8 | 8.8 |
| Engineering technician .................................................. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ........................................... | 2.6 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician.......................... | 0.3 | 0.4 | - | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer....................................................... | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 11.9 | 11.9 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.................................. | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 2.9 | 2.9 |
| Machinist................................................................ | 3.5 | 1.8 | - | 3.5 | 7.2 | 7.2 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason......................................................... | 3.6 | 3.4 | - | 3.6 | 8.3 | 8.3 |
| Carpenter ..................................................................... | 3.1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 5.6 | 5.6 |
| Electrician............................................................... | 5.0 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 5.0 | 9.0 | 9.0 |
| Plumber .................................................................. | 5.7 | 4.1 | - | 5.7 | 11.9 | 11.9 |
| Welder ................................................................... | 3.1 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ......................................... | 3.1 | 0.0 | - | 3.1 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Medical or dental assistant.. | 2.4 | 0.0 | - | 2.4 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Nurse or nurses' aide .. | 1.3 | 1.3 | - | 1.3 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician.. | 3.1 | 0.0 | - | 3.1 | 4.8 | 4.8 |
| Veterinary assistant.. | 2.0 | 0.0 | - | 2.0 | 3.7 | 3.7 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook | 2.8 | 1.5 | - | 2.8 | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| Cosmetologist ... | 1.2 | 0.0 | - | 1.2 | 3.2 | - |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.. | 3.3 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 5.5 | 5.5 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant. | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^26]
## Table 19.-Percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that use any criteria within program to identify program completers, by whether program prepares students to earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | All schools <br> with program | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  | All schools <br> with program | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |

## Business and marketing occupations

| Accountant/bookkeeper .............................................. | 83 | 46 | 54 | 17 | 26 | 74 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative assistant/secretary................................... | 89 | 50 | 50 | 11 | 33 | 67 |
| Restaurant/food service manager .... | 90 | 55 | 45 | 10 | 32 | 68 |
| Sales associate .... | 89 | 45 | 55 | 11 | 36 | 64 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer. | 85 | 53 | 47 | 15 | 37 | 63 |
| Computer graphics designer. | 87 | 50 | 50 | 13 | 43 | 57 |
| Computer/electronics technician.. | 89 | 68 | 32 | 11 | 44 | 56 |
| Engineering technician . | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator... | 81 | 41 | 59 | 19 | 22 | 78 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician......................... | 94 | 70 | 30 | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer.. | 87 | 72 | 28 | 13 | 49 | 51 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician.................................... | 88 | 61 | 39 | 12 | 47 | 53 |
| Machinist... | 89 | 61 | 39 | 11 | 56 | 44 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason...................................................... | 86 | 64 | 36 | 14 | 38 | 62 |
| Carpenter .............................................................. | 88 | 55 | 45 | 12 | 22 | 78 |
| Electrician... | 89 | 57 | 43 | 11 | 23 | 77 |
| Plumber .... | 94 | 60 | 40 | 6 | - | 97 |
| Welder. | 81 | 50 | 50 | 19 | 31 | 69 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ........................................ | 92 | 51 | 49 | 8 | 59 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant.... | 92 | 62 | 38 | 8 | 60 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ................................................ | 92 | 62 | 38 | 8 | 79 | 21 |
| Medical/life science lab technician... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician.... | 85 | 38 | 62 | 15 | - | 92 |
| Veterinary assistant............... | 93 | 47 | 53 | 7 | - | 90 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................................... | 89 | 53 | 47 | 11 | 50 | 50 |
| Cosmetologist .......................................................... | 91 | 63 | 37 | 9 | 64 | 36 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................. | 84 | 54 | 46 | 16 | 30 | 70 |
| Paralega//legal assistant | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^27]NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

## Table 19a.-Standard errors of the percent of public secondary schools offering each listed occupational program that use any criteria within program to identify program completers, by whether program prepares students to earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate: 1999

| Public secondary schools that offer program for: | Criteria used to identify program completers? |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Yes |  |  | No |  |  |
|  | All schools with program | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  | All schools with program | Program prepares students to earn a skill certificate? |  |
|  |  | Yes | No |  | Yes | No |

## Business and marketing occupations

| Accountant/bookkeeper .............................................. | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 8.0 | 8.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative assistant/secretary.................................. | 2.2 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 12.4 | 12.4 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ................................... | 3.7 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 3.7 | 15.3 | 15.3 |
| Sales associate .......................................................... | 3.2 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 3.2 | 16.8 | 16.8 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer............................................... | 4.6 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 4.6 | 18.1 | 18.1 |
| Computer graphics designer......................................... | 4.0 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 20.8 | 20.8 |
| Computer/electronics technician.................................... | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.5 | 15.2 | 15.2 |
| Engineering technician ............................................... | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator ........................................... | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 5.7 | 5.7 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician....................... | 3.6 | 7.2 | 7.2 | - | - | - |
| Auto body repairer..................................................... | 4.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 4.0 | 21.9 | 21.9 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician................................... | 2.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 16.8 | 16.8 |
| Machinist............................................................... | 3.4 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 3.4 | 21.2 | 21.2 |
| Building trades occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason................................................... | 5.2 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 20.0 | 20.0 |
| Carpenter ................................................................ | 2.3 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 2.3 | 7.9 | 7.9 |
| Electrician............................................................... | 3.2 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 3.2 | 14.2 | 14.2 |
| Plumber .................................................................. | 3.6 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 3.6 | - | 3.6 |
| Welder ................................................................... | 3.9 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 9.3 | 9.3 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ..................................... | 3.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 3.3 | 31.4 | - |
| Medical or dental assistant........................................... | 2.6 | 5.8 | 5.8 | 2.6 | 22.2 | - |
| Nurse or nurses' aide ................................................. | 2.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 2.3 | 9.2 | 9.2 |
| Medical/life science lab technician ................................. | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Agriscience technician................................................ | 5.0 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 5.0 | - | 8.2 |
| Veterinary assistant.................................................... | 3.5 | 7.7 | 7.7 | 3.5 | - | 9.3 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................................... | 3.1 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 3.1 | 14.9 | 14.9 |
| Cosmetologist ........................................................... | 3.1 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 3.1 | 21.5 | 21.5 |
| Childcare worker or teachers' aide.................................. | 4.6 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 13.4 | 13.4 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant.. | - | - | - | - | - | - |

[^28]Table 20.-Distribution of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer at least one listed occupational program, by broad program area and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer: | All institutions | 2-year |  | Less-than-2-year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Percent of all institutions that offer programs | Number | Percent of all institutions that offer programs |
| At least one of the listed programs ................... | 3,277 | 1,832 | 56 | 1,445 | 44 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations ................. | 1,950 | 1,568 | 80 | 382 | 20 |
| Technical occupations................................... | 1,723 | 1,402 | 81 | 321 | 19 |
| Mechanical occupations ................................. | 1,072 | 910 | 85 | 162 | 15 |
| Building trades ............................................. | 997 | 835 | 84 | 162 | 16 |
| Health/life sciences occupations...................... | 1,991 | 1,474 | 74 | 517 | 26 |
| Service occupations....................................... | 2,108 | 1,225 | 58 | 883 | 42 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper ............................. | 1,608 | 1,407 | 87 | 201 | 13 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary................ | 1,749 | 1,410 | 81 | 339 | 19 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ................. | 469 | 431 | 92 | 38 | 8 |
| Sales associate .......................................... | 598 | 577 | 97 | 21 | 4 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer............................... | 969 | 879 | 91 | 90 | 9 |
| Computer graphics designer......................... | 692 | 616 | 89 | 76 | 11 |
| Computer technician .................................. | 1,200 | 987 | 82 | 213 | 18 |
| Electronics technician................................ | 1,036 | 917 | 89 | 119 | 11 |
| Engineering technician .............................. | 384 | 371 | 97 | 13 | 3 |
| Drafter or CADD operator .......................... | 975 | 870 | 89 | 105 | 11 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician..... | 657 | 560 | 85 | 97 | 15 |
| Auto body repairer.................................... | 462 | 395 | 85 | 67 | 15 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician................. | 902 | 787 | 87 | 115 | 13 |
| Machinist ................................................. | 614 | 521 | 85 | 93 | 15 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason................................... | 191 | 159 | 83 | 32 | 17 |
| Carpenter ................................................ | 496 | 399 | 80 | 97 | 20 |
| Electrician................................................ | 627 | 522 | 83 | 105 | 17 |
| Plumber ................................................... | 291 | 229 | 79 | 62 | 21 |
| Welder .................................................... | 828 | 712 | 86 | 116 | 14 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician .................... | 766 | 694 | 91 | 72 | 9 |
| Medical or dental assistant.......................... | 1,095 | 744 | 68 | 351 | 32 |
| Nurses aide or home health aide .................. | 913 | 729 | 80 | 184 | 20 |
| Licensed practical nurse............................. | 946 | 760 | 80 | 186 | 20 |
| Registered nurse........................................ | 776 | 773 | $(\dagger \dagger)$ | - | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician ............... | 313 | 274 | 87 | 39 | 13 |
| Agriscience technician ............................... | 126 | 122 | 96 | - | - |
| Veterinary assistant................................... | 89 | 76 | 85 | 13 | 15 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ................................................ | 425 | 376 | 89 | 49 | 11 |
| Cosmetologist ........................................... | 1,141 | 358 | 31 | 783 | 69 |
| Childcare worker ...................................... | 833 | 777 | 93 | 56 | 7 |
| Teachers' aide.......................................... | 274 | 263 | 96 | 11 | 4 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant .............................. | 736 | 678 | 92 | 58 | 8 |

$\dagger \dagger$ Estimate greater than or equal to 99.5 percent.
-Too few cases for reliable estimate.
NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 20a.-Standard errors of the distribution of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer at least one listed occupational program, by broad program area and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer: | All institutions | 2-year |  | Less-than-2-year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Percent of all institutions that offer programs | Number | Percent of all institutions that offer programs |
| At least one of the listed programs .................. | 71.7 | 40.6 | 0.8 | 47.4 | 0.8 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations ............ | 56.1 | 51.1 | 1.1 | 24.6 | 1.1 |
| Technical occupations.. | 52.8 | 49.4 | 1.6 | 22.4 | 1.6 |
| Mechanical occupations .............................. | 41.5 | 40.2 | 1.3 | 13.8 | 1.3 |
| Building trades ......................................... | 40.8 | 40.0 | 1.3 | 13.1 | 1.3 |
| Health/life sciences occupations................... | 57.0 | 50.7 | 1.0 | 22.5 | 1.0 |
| Service occupations................................... | 66.3 | 45.4 | 1.4 | 42.7 | 1.4 |

The listed program for:

| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Accountant/bookkeeper ........................... | 57.5 | 54.3 | 1.0 | 17.1 | 1.0 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .............. | 51.5 | 46.4 | 1.2 | 23.7 | 1.2 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ............... | 34.9 | 33.4 | 2.0 | 9.8 | 2.0 |
| Sales associate ....................................... | 36.9 | 36.9 | 0.8 | 4.5 | 0.8 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer............................ | 47.2 | 46.1 | 1.5 | 14.8 | 1.5 |
| Computer graphics designer..................... | 33.7 | 32.8 | 1.8 | 13.1 | 1.8 |
| Computer technician............................... | 55.6 | 51.8 | 1.4 | 17.9 | 1.4 |
| Electronics technician ............................. | 39.7 | 37.9 | 0.9 | 9.7 | 0.9 |
| Engineering technician ........................... | 23.2 | 22.9 | 1.5 | 5.7 | 1.5 |
| Drafter or CADD operator ....................... | 37.9 | 36.8 | 1.0 | 10.1 | 1.0 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician .. | 35.2 | 34.5 | 1.6 | 10.4 | 1.6 |
| Auto body repairer................................. | 38.9 | 37.3 | 1.9 | 8.6 | 1.9 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............... | 41.3 | 39.9 | 1.3 | 11.7 | 1.3 |
| Machinist. | 41.5 | 41.1 | 1.5 | 7.7 | 1.5 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason................................ | 22.6 | 22.2 | 3.2 | 5.5 | 3.2 |
| Carpenter............................................. | 35.7 | 35.9 | 2.2 | 9.0 | 2.2 |
| Electrician ............................................ | 41.3 | 41.3 | 1.9 | 10.5 | 1.9 |
| Plumber ................................................ | 26.4 | 27.4 | 2.8 | 5.5 | 2.8 |
| Welder................................................. | 39.9 | 38.7 | 1.4 | 11.7 | 1.4 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician.................. | 37.2 | 36.1 | 1.2 | 9.6 | 1.2 |
| Medical or dental assistant....................... | 50.8 | 46.4 | 2.0 | 23.0 | 2.0 |
| Nurses aide or home health aide................ | 44.4 | 42.4 | 1.7 | 15.8 | 1.7 |
| Licensed practical nurse.......................... | 42.2 | 40.3 | 1.2 | 10.4 | 1.2 |
| Registered nurse ..................................... | 33.6 | 33.5 | 0.0 | - | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician ............ | 28.1 | 24.8 | 3.5 | 11.9 | 3.5 |
| Agriscience technician............................ | 21.9 | 21.8 | 2.0 | - | - |
| Veterinary assistant................................. | 13.8 | 13.3 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 5.0 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................. | 33.1 | 32.1 | 1.6 | 6.7 | 1.6 |
| Cosmetologist........................................ | 60.9 | 33.6 | 2.1 | 42.8 | 2.1 |
| Childcare worker .................................... | 39.2 | 38.7 | 1.0 | 8.4 | 1.0 |
| Teachers' aide....................................... | 26.1 | 26.5 | 1.5 | 4.1 | 1.5 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ........................... | 48.9 | 46.6 | 1.7 | 13.0 | 1.7 |

-Too few cases for reliable estimate.
NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 21.-Distribution of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer courses in the listed occupational programs on a noncredit basis, by broad program area and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer noncredit courses in: | All institutions | 2-year |  | Less-than-2-year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Percent of institutions that offer noncredit courses | Number | Percent of institutions that offer noncredit courses |
| At least one of the listed programs .................. | 1,511 | 748 | 50 | 763 | 50 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations ............. | 594 | 418 | 70 | 176 | 30 |
| Technical occupations ................................ | 523 | 400 | 76 | 123 | 24 |
| Mechanical occupations.............................. | 413 | 301 | 73 | 112 | 27 |
| Building trades........................................... | 594 | 418 | 70 | 176 | 30 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ................... | 748 | 508 | 68 | 240 | 32 |
| Service occupations ................................... | 845 | 325 | 38 | 520 | 62 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper............................ | 365 | 276 | 76 | 89 | 24 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .............. | 453 | 302 | 67 | 151 | 33 |
| Restaurant/food service manager................ | 147 | 122 | 83 | 25 | 17 |
| Sales associate........................................ | 102 | 92 | 91 | 10 | 9 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ............................ | 216 | 196 | 91 | 20 | 9 |
| Computer graphics designer..................... | 185 | 154 | 83 | 31 | 17 |
| Computer technician ............................... | 332 | 251 | 76 | 81 | 24 |
| Electronics technician ............................. | 222 | 164 | 74 | 58 | 26 |
| Engineering technician ............................. | 54 | 51 | 94 | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator........................ | 300 | 234 | 78 | 66 | 22 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician .. | 252 | 183 | 73 | 69 | 27 |
| Auto body repairer .................................. | 164 | 116 | 71 | 48 | 29 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............... | 273 | 196 | 72 | 77 | 28 |
| Machinist ............................................... | 197 | 129 | 65 | 68 | 35 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ................................. | 95 | 69 | 73 | 26 | 27 |
| Carpenter............................................... | 200 | 134 | 67 | 66 | 33 |
| Electrician .............................................. | 288 | 215 | 75 | 73 | 25 |
| Plumber................................................ | 140 | 93 | 66 | 47 | 34 |
| Welder.................................................. | 317 | 234 | 74 | 83 | 26 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician.................. | 335 | 288 | 86 | 47 | 14 |
| Medical or dental assistant ....................... | 230 | 115 | 50 | 115 | 50 |
| Nurses aide or home health aide................. | 440 | 331 | 75 | 109 | 25 |
| Licensed practical nurse ........................... | 221 | 106 | 48 | 115 | 52 |
| Registered nurse ...................................... | 80 | 79 | 98 | - | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician............. | 44 | 35 | 80 | 9 | 20 |
| Agriscience technician ............................. | 32 | 29 | 89 | - | - |
| Veterinary assistant .................................. | 19 | 15 | 77 | - | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook.............................................. | 149 | 116 | 78 | 33 | 22 |
| Cosmetologist........................................ | 547 | 73 | 13 | 474 | 87 |
| Childcare worker.................................... | 237 | 192 | 81 | 45 | 19 |
| Teachers' aide ......................................... | 63 | 58 | 92 | - | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant........................... | 120 | 102 | 85 | 18 | 15 |

-Too few cases for reliable estimate.
NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions 1999.

Table 21a.-Standard errors of the distribution of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer courses in the listed occupational programs on a noncredit basis, by broad program area and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer noncredit courses in: | All institutions | 2-year |  | Less-than-2-year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Percent of institutions that offer noncredit courses | Number | Percent of institutions that offer noncredit courses |
| At least one of the listed programs .................. | 90.7 | 55.0 | 2.2 | 58.3 | 2.2 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations ............. | 40.3 | 40.8 | 3.0 | 14.9 | 3.0 |
| Technical occupations ................................ | 42.6 | 38.7 | 2.1 | 11.2 | 2.1 |
| Mechanical occupations............................... | 38.0 | 36.2 | 3.3 | 12.4 | 3.3 |
| Building trades........................................... | 43.1 | 42.7 | 2.8 | 9.0 | 2.8 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ................... | 43.3 | 40.3 | 2.4 | 17.2 | 2.4 |
| Service occupations ................................... | 69.2 | 35.9 | 3.2 | 52.6 | 3.2 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper............................ | 36.0 | 36.6 | 3.3 | 8.7 | 3.3 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .............. | 34.4 | 34.7 | 3.5 | 13.1 | 3.5 |
| Restaurant/food service manager................ | 23.2 | 22.4 | 5.5 | 8.0 | 5.5 |
| Sales associate........................................ | 16.5 | 16.2 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.3 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ............................. | 27.8 | 26.5 | 2.4 | 5.4 | 2.4 |
| Computer graphics designer ...................... | 25.2 | 24.0 | 2.8 | 4.7 | 2.8 |
| Computer technician ............................... | 32.7 | 30.3 | 2.9 | 9.2 | 2.9 |
| Electronics technician .............................. | 29.3 | 25.7 | 2.9 | 6.8 | 2.9 |
| Engineering technician............................. | 10.7 | 10.7 | 1.2 | - | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator........................ | 30.2 | 28.8 | 2.7 | 7.0 | 2.7 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician .. | 26.3 | 25.0 | 3.8 | 8.7 | 3.8 |
| Auto body repairer .................................. | 24.0 | 22.9 | 5.5 | 7.7 | 5.5 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............... | 26.6 | 25.3 | 3.9 | 8.0 | 3.9 |
| Machinist ............................................... | 22.9 | 23.2 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 4.9 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ................................. | 19.0 | 18.3 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 6.7 |
| Carpenter............................................... | 25.2 | 24.3 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 4.7 |
| Electrician ............................................. | 35.2 | 34.5 | 3.8 | 7.7 | 3.8 |
| Plumber ................................................. | 18.0 | 18.4 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 5.5 |
| Welder................................................... | 36.2 | 35.4 | 3.7 | 8.9 | 3.7 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician.................. | 30.8 | 30.3 | 2.4 | 7.7 | 2.4 |
| Medical or dental assistant ....................... | 26.6 | 22.2 | 6.2 | 15.8 | 6.2 |
| Nurses aide or home health aide................. | 31.3 | 30.3 | 2.4 | 9.4 | 2.4 |
| Licensed practical nurse ........................... | 27.2 | 26.1 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 6.6 |
| Registered nurse ..................................... | 15.0 | 15.0 | 1.7 | - | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician............. | 11.7 | 9.1 | 12.1 | 5.9 | 12.1 |
| Agriscience technician ............................. | 10.9 | 10.7 | 8.5 | - | - |
| Veterinary assistant ................................. | 5.4 | 5.3 | 10.0 | - | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook............................................. | 22.0 | 21.6 | 4.6 | 5.7 | 4.6 |
| Cosmetologist......................................... | 58.8 | 14.5 | 2.5 | 54.4 | 2.5 |
| Childcare worker.................................... | 25.9 | 24.3 | 3.5 | 8.4 | 3.5 |
| Teachers' aide ........................................ | 13.1 | 13.1 | 3.8 | - | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant............................ | 22.3 | 21.8 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 6.7 |

-Too few cases for reliable estimate.
NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 22.-Distribution of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer courses in the listed occupational programs on a for-credit basis, by broad program area and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer for-credit courses in: | All institutions | 2-year |  | Less-than-2-year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Percent of institutions that offer for-credit courses | Number | Percent of institutions that offer for-credit courses |
| At least one of the listed programs .................. | 2,610 | 1,785 | 68 | 825 | 32 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations ............. | 1,763 | 1,532 | 87 | 231 | 13 |
| Technical occupations ................................ | 1,578 | 1,360 | 86 | 218 | 14 |
| Mechanical occupations.............................. | 925 | 858 | 93 | 67 | 7 |
| Building trades.......................................... | 1,763 | 1,532 | 87 | 231 | 13 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ................... | 1,716 | 1,399 | 82 | 317 | 18 |
| Service occupations .................................... | 1,631 | 1,184 | 73 | 447 | 27 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper............................ | 1,498 | 1,371 | 92 | 127 | 8 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .............. | 1,565 | 1,359 | 87 | 206 | 13 |
| Restaurant/food service manager............... | 386 | 372 | 96 | 14 | 4 |
| Sales associate....................................... | 566 | 554 | 98 | 12 | 2 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ............................. | 952 | 875 | 92 | 77 | 8 |
| Computer graphics designer ...................... | 624 | 571 | 91 | 53 | 9 |
| Computer technician ............................... | 1,081 | 937 | 87 | 144 | 13 |
| Electronics technician .............................. | 939 | 871 | 93 | 68 | 7 |
| Engineering technician ............................. | 379 | 369 | 97 | 10 | 3 |
| Drafter or CADD operator........................ | 870 | 821 | 94 | 49 | 6 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician .. | 519 | 484 | 93 | 35 | 7 |
| Auto body repairer .................................. | 361 | 336 | 93 | 25 | 7 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............... | 786 | 736 | 94 | 50 | 6 |
| Machinist .............................................. | 499 | 466 | 93 | 33 | 7 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ................................ | 134 | 127 | 95 | - | - |
| Carpenter............................................... | 364 | 326 | 90 | 38 | 10 |
| Electrician ............................................. | 476 | 438 | 92 | 38 | 8 |
| Plumber ................................................. | 179 | 162 | 91 | 17 | 9 |
| Welder................................................... | 668 | 619 | 93 | 49 | 7 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician.................. | 571 | 538 | 94 | 33 | 6 |
| Medical or dental assistant ........................ | 955 | 704 | 74 | 251 | 26 |
| Nurses aide or home health aide................. | 581 | 491 | 84 | 90 | 16 |
| Licensed practical nurse ........................... | 792 | 709 | 89 | 83 | 11 |
| Registered nurse ...................................... | 765 | 762 | ( $\dagger \dagger$ ) | - | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician............. | 290 | 260 | 90 | 30 | 10 |
| Agriscience technician ............................. | 115 | 112 | 97 | - | - |
| Veterinary assistant .................................. | 79 | 70 | 89 | 9 | 11 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook. | 354 | 333 | 94 | 21 | 6 |
| Cosmetologist......................................... | 697 | 325 | 47 | 372 | 53 |
| Childcare worker.................................... | 742 | 718 | 97 | 24 | 3 |
| Teachers' aide ........................................ | 240 | 233 | 97 | - | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant........................... | 713 | 662 | 93 | 51 | 7 |

$\dagger \dagger$ Estimate greater than or equal to 99.5 percent.

- Too few cases for reliable estimate.

NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 22a.-Standard errors of the distribution of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer courses in the listed occupational programs on a noncredit basis, by broad program area and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer noncredit courses in: | All institutions | 2-year |  | Less-than-2-year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Number | Percent of institutions that offer for-credit courses | Number | Percent of institutions that offer for-credit courses |
| At least one of the listed programs .................. | 86.6 | 44.2 | 1.8 | 67.8 | 1.8 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations ............. | 56.9 | 51.8 | 1.1 | 21.8 | 1.1 |
| Technical occupations ................................. | 53.2 | 51.3 | 1.3 | 21.2 | 1.3 |
| Mechanical occupations.............................. | 40.8 | 40.4 | 0.9 | 8.6 | 0.9 |
| Building trades........................................... | 36.7 | 36.3 | 1.1 | 9.1 | 1.1 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ................... | 57.9 | 50.0 | 1.1 | 23.0 | 1.1 |
| Service occupations ................................... | 71.6 | 46.7 | 2.7 | 57.3 | 2.7 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper........................... | 56.0 | 54.5 | 1.0 | 15.6 | 1.0 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .............. | 50.2 | 45.7 | 1.2 | 20.9 | 1.2 |
| Restaurant/food service manager............... | 32.4 | 30.3 | 1.6 | 6.3 | 1.6 |
| Sales associate......................................... | 36.4 | 36.3 | 0.7 | 3.7 | 0.7 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ............................. | 47.0 | 46.1 | 1.5 | 14.7 | 1.5 |
| Computer graphics designer ...................... | 34.6 | 33.4 | 2.0 | 12.7 | 2.0 |
| Computer technician ............................... | 56.1 | 52.7 | 1.6 | 17.8 | 1.6 |
| Electronics technician ............................. | 39.9 | 39.0 | 0.9 | 8.3 | 0.9 |
| Engineering technician............................ | 23.2 | 22.9 | 1.5 | 5.7 | 1.5 |
| Drafter or CADD operator........................ | 35.8 | 35.3 | 0.9 | 8.0 | 0.9 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician .. | 33.2 | 32.1 | 1.3 | 7.1 | 1.3 |
| Auto body repairer .................................. | 33.8 | 33.1 | 1.9 | 6.9 | 1.9 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............... | 39.5 | 39.0 | 1.0 | 8.1 | 1.0 |
| Machinist .............................................. | 38.2 | 37.9 | 0.9 | 4.2 | 0.9 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ................................ | 19.7 | 19.7 | 1.8 | - | - |
| Carpenter............................................. | 33.5 | 33.7 | 2.3 | 7.7 | 2.3 |
| Electrician ............................................. | 36.6 | 36.9 | 1.3 | 5.5 | 1.3 |
| Plumber. | 23.3 | 23.4 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| Welder.................................................. | 33.7 | 33.5 | 1.1 | 7.5 | 1.1 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician.................. | 32.9 | 31.0 | 1.5 | 8.7 | 1.5 |
| Medical or dental assistant ....................... | 51.1 | 45.3 | 2.2 | 22.6 | 2.2 |
| Nurses aide or home health aide................. | 37.8 | 36.6 | 2.4 | 14.3 | 2.4 |
| Licensed practical nurse ........................... | 39.2 | 38.3 | 1.3 | 10.5 | 1.3 |
| Registered nurse ..................................... | 34.4 | 34.3 | 0.0 | - | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician............. | 27.3 | 24.6 | 3.5 | 10.9 | 3.5 |
| Agriscience technician ............................. | 18.7 | 18.5 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.9 |
| Veterinary assistant ................................. | 14.0 | 13.4 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 5.5 |
| Service occupations: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook............................................... | 30.7 | 30.3 | 1.5 | 5.4 | 1.5 |
| Cosmetologist.......................................... | 69.8 | 32.6 | 3.9 | 54.4 | 3.9 |
| Childcare worker.................................... | 39.5 | 39.5 | 0.6 | 4.3 | 0.6 |
| Teachers' aide ......................................... | 23.4 | 23.6 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 1.5 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant............................ | 48.0 | 46.5 | 1.7 | 12.7 | 1.7 |

-Too few cases for reliable estimate.
NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 23.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer occupational programs, by type of institution, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer: | Percent of all institutions ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Percent of institutions with one or more programs ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 2-year | Less-than-2-year | All | 2 year | Less-than-2- year |


| At least one of the listed programs ................... | 90 | 88 | 91 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations .............. | 53 | 76 | 24 | 60 | 86 | 26 |
| Technical occupations ................................. | 47 | 68 | 20 | 53 | 77 | 22 |
| Mechanical occupations .............................. | 29 | 44 | 10 | 33 | 50 | 11 |
| Building trades ........................................... | 27 | 40 | 10 | 30 | 46 | 11 |
| Health/life sciences occupations.................... | 54 | 71 | 33 | 61 | 80 | 36 |
| Service occupations.................................... | 58 | 59 | 56 | 64 | 67 | 61 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper .......................... | 44 | 68 | 13 | 49 | 77 | 14 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary .............. | 48 | 68 | 21 | 53 | 77 | 23 |
| Restaurant/food service manager ............... | 13 | 21 | 2 | 14 | 24 | 3 |
| Sales associate ........................................ | 16 | 28 | 1 | 18 | 31 | 1 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer............................ | 27 | 42 | 6 | 30 | 48 | 6 |
| Computer graphic designer ...................... | 19 | 30 | 5 | 21 | 34 | 5 |
| Computer technician ............................... | 33 | 48 | 13 | 37 | 54 | 15 |
| Electronics technician ............................. | 28 | 44 | 7 | 32 | 50 | 8 |
| Engineering technician............................ | 11 | 18 | 1 | 12 | 20 | 1 |
| Drafter or CADD operator ....................... | 27 | 42 | 6 | 30 | 47 | 7 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician.. | 18 | 27 | 6 | 20 | 31 | 7 |
| Auto body repairer .................................. | 13 | 19 | 4 | 14 | 22 | 5 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............... | 25 | 38 | 7 | 28 | 43 | 8 |
| Machinist .............................................. | 17 | 25 | 6 | 19 | 28 | 6 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason................................ | 5 | 8 | 2 | 6 | 9 | 2 |
| Carpenter .............................................. | 14 | 19 | 6 | 15 | 22 | 7 |
| Electrician............................................. | 17 | 25 | 7 | 19 | 28 | 7 |
| Plumber.. | 8 | 11 | 4 | 9 | 12 | 4 |
| Welder ....... | 23 | 34 | 7 | 25 | 39 | 8 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician .................. | 21 | 33 | 5 | 23 | 38 | 5 |
| Medical or dental assistant....................... | 30 | 36 | 22 | 33 | 41 | 24 |
| Nurses' aide or home health aide ............... | 25 | 35 | 12 | 28 | 40 | 13 |
| Licensed practical nurse........................... | 26 | 37 | 12 | 29 | 42 | 13 |
| Registered nurse...................................... | 21 | 37 | - | 24 | 42 | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician | 9 | 13 | 2 | 10 | 15 | 3 |
| Agriscience technician ............................. | 3 | 6 | - | 4 | 7 | - |
| Veterinary assistant................................. | 2 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 1 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................. | 12 | 18 | 3 | 13 | 21 | 3 |
| Cosmetologist ........................................ | 31 | 17 | 49 | 35 | 20 | 54 |
| Childcare worker.................................... | 23 | 37 | 4 | 25 | 42 | 4 |
| Teachers' aide......................................... | 8 | 12 | 1 | 8 | 14 | 1 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant ........................... | 20 | 33 | 4 | 22 | 37 | 4 |

- Too few cases for reliable estimate.
${ }^{1}$ Percentages represent the number of institutions with a program among all institutions of that type.
${ }^{2}$ Percentages represent the number of institutions with a program among all institutions of that type that offer at least one listed occupational program.
NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 23a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer occupational programs, by type of institution, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer: | Percent of all institutions |  |  | Percent of institutions with one or more <br> programs |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 2-year | Less-than- <br> 2-year | All | 2-year | Less-than- |
| 2-year |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| At least one of the listed programs ................. | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.3 | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations.............. | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 1.7 |
| Technical occupations................................. | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Mechanical occupations ............................... | 1.1 | 2.0 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 1.0 |
| Building trades .......................................... | 1.0 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 1.0 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ................... | 1.4 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.6 |
| Service occupations.................................... | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.7 |

## The listed program for: <br> Business and marketing occupations

| Accountant/bookkeeper.......................... | 1.6 | 2.7 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.7 | 1.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Administrative assistant/secretary ............. | 1.4 | 2.3 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.6 |
| Restaurant/food service manager............... | 1.0 | 1.6 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 0.7 |
| Sales associate. | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 1.2 | 2.2 | 0.3 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ............................. | 1.3 | 2.2 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 1.0 |
| Computer graphic designer...................... | 1.0 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 0.9 |
| Computer technician............................... | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.5 | 1.2 |
| Electronics technician.............................. | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 0.7 |
| Engineering technician ............................ | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.4 |
| Drafter or CADD operator....................... | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 0.7 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician . | 0.9 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.8 |
| Auto body repairer.................................. | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 0.6 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician .............. | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.8 |
| Machinist............................................. | 1.1 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 0.6 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ................................ | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.4 |
| Carpenter .............................................. | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 0.7 |
| Electrician | 1.1 | 2.0 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 0.8 |
| Plumber .................................................. | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 0.4 |
| Welder. | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.8 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician .................. | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.7 |
| Medical or dental assistant ...................... | 1.4 | 2.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 1.5 |
| Nurses' aide or home health aide............... | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 1.2 |
| Licensed practical nurse ........................... | 1.1 | 2.0 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 0.8 |
| Registered nurse ..................................... | 1.1 | 1.8 | - | 1.2 | 2.0 | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician............ | 0.8 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.8 |
| Agriscience technician............................. | 0.6 | 1.1 | - | 0.7 | 1.2 | - |
| Veterinary assistant ................................ | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook | 0.9 | 1.6 | 0.4 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 0.5 |
| Cosmetologist....................................... | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.7 |
| Childcare worker .................................... | 1.1 | 2.1 | 0.5 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 0.6 |
| Teachers' aide ....................................... | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.3 |
| Paralegal/legal assistant........................... | 1.4 | 2.4 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 0.9 |

* Not applicable.
- Too few cases for reliable estimate.

NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 24.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer noncredit courses in occupational programs, by type of institution, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer noncredit courses in: | Percent of all institutions ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Percent of institutions with one or more programs ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 2-year | Less-than- 2- year | All | 2-year | Less-than- 2-year |
| At least one of the listed programs ................. | 41 | 36 | 48 | 46 | 41 | 53 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations............. | 16 | 20 | 11 | 18 | 23 | 12 |
| Technical occupations................................ | 14 | 19 | 7 | 16 | 22 | 9 |
| Mechanical occupations .............................. | 11 | 15 | 8 | 13 | 16 | 8 |
| Building trades .......................................... | 12 | 17 | 7 | 14 | 23 | 12 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ................... | 20 | 25 | 15 | 23 | 28 | 17 |
| Service occupations.................................... | 23 | 16 | 33 | 26 | 18 | 36 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper.......................... | 10 | 13 | 6 | 11 | 15 | 6 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary ............ | 12 | 15 | 10 | 14 | 16 | 10 |
| Restaurant/food service manager.............. | 4 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 7 | 2 |
| Sales associate ...................................... | 3 | 4 | 1 | 3 | 5 | 1 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ........................... | 6 | 9 | 1 | 7 | 11 | 1 |
| Computer graphic designer..................... | 5 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 8 | 2 |
| Computer technician............................. | 9 | 12 | 5 | 10 | 14 | 6 |
| Electronics technician............................. | 6 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 9 | 4 |
| Engineering technician ........................... | 2 | 2 | - | 2 | 3 | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator....................... | 8 | 11 | 4 | 9 | 13 | 5 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician | 7 | 9 | 4 | 8 | 10 | 5 |
| Auto body repairer................................. | 5 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 6 | 3 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............. | 8 | 9 | 5 | 8 | 11 | 5 |
| Machinist............................................. | 5 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 5 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason .............................. | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 |
| Carpenter .............................................. | 6 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 7 | 5 |
| Electrician ............................................ | 8 | 10 | 5 | 9 | 12 | 5 |
| Plumber ............................................... | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 3 |
| Welder................................................. | 9 | 11 | 5 | 10 | 13 | 6 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ................ | 9 | 14 | 3 | 10 | 16 | 3 |
| Medical or dental assistant ...................... | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 8 |
| Nurses' aide or home health aide.............. | 12 | 16 | 7 | 13 | 18 | 8 |
| Licensed practical nurse ......................... | 6 | 5 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 8 |
| Registered nurse .................................... | 2 | 4 | - | 2 | 4 | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician........... | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Agriscience technician............................ | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 2 | - |
| Veterinary assistant ................................ | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 1 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................ | 4 | 6 | 2 | 5 | 6 | 2 |
| Cosmetologist....................................... | 15 | 4 | 30 | 17 | 4 | 3 |
| Childcare worker ................................... | 7 | 9 | 3 | 7 | 10 | 3 |
| Teachers' aide ....................................... | 2 | 3 | - | 2 | 3 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant.......................... | 3 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 1 |

- Too few cases for reliable estimate.
${ }^{1}$ Percentages represent the number of institutions with a program among all institutions of that type.
${ }^{2}$ Percentages represent the number of institutions with a program among all institutions of that type that offer at least one listed occupational program. NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 24a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer noncredit courses in occupational programs, by type of institution, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer noncredit courses in: | Percent of all institutions |  |  | Percent of institutions with one or more programs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 2-year | Less-than- <br> 2-year | All | 2-year | Less-than- 2-year |
| At least one of the listed programs ................ | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.5 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.9 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations............. | 0.9 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.0 |
| Technical occupations................................ | 1.2 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 2.0 | 0.8 |
| Mechanical occupations .............................. | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.9 | 0.9 |
| Building trades ......................................... | 1.2 | 2.0 | 0.6 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 0.7 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ................... | 1.2 | 1.9 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 1.3 |
| Service occupations.................................... | 1.9 | 1.8 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 3.5 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper.......................... | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 0.6 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary ............ | 0.9 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.9 |
| Restaurant/food service manager.............. | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.5 |
| Sales associate ...................................... | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.2 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ........................... | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.4 |
| Computer graphic designer..................... | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.3 |
| Computer technician.............................. | 0.9 | 1.4 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 0.6 |
| Electronics technician............................. | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 0.5 |
| Engineering technician ........................... | 0.3 | 0.5 | - | 0.3 | 0.6 | - |
| Drafter or CADD operator....................... | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.6 |
| Auto body repairer................................. | 0.7 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.5 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician ............. | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.7 |
| Machinist............................................. | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.4 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ............................. | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.3 |
| Carpenter............................................. | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 0.5 |
| Electrician ........................................... | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 0.6 |
| Plumber ................................................ | 0.5 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.3 |
| Welder................................................ | 0.1 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.6 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ................ | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.5 |
| Medical or dental assistant ...................... | 0.7 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 1.2 | 1.1 |
| Nurses' aide or home health aide.............. | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 0.7 |
| Licensed practical nurse .......................... | 0.7 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.6 |
| Registered nurse .................................... | 0.4 | 0.7 | - | 0.5 | 0.8 | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician........... | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| Agriscience technician........................... | 0.3 | 0.5 | - | 0.3 | 0.6 | - |
| Veterinary assistant ............................... | 0.1 | 0.3 | - | 0.2 | 0.3 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook ............................................ | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.4 |
| Cosmetologist...................................... | 1.6 | 0.7 | 3.3 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 3.6 |
| Childcare worker ................................... | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.5 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.6 |
| Teachers' aide ...................................... | 0.4 | 0.6 | - | 0.4 | 0.7 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant.......................... | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.6 |

- Too few cases for reliable estimate.

NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 25.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer for-credit courses in occupational programs, by type of institution, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer for-credit courses in: | Percent of all institutions ${ }^{1}$ |  |  | Percent of institutions with one or more programs ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 2-year | Less-than-2-year | All | 2-year | Less-than-2-year |
| At least one of the listed programs .................. | 71 | 86 | 52 | 80 | 97 | 57 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations.............. | 48 | 74 | 15 | 54 | 84 | 16 |
| Technical occupations................................. | 43 | 66 | 14 | 48 | 74 | 15 |
| Mechanical occupations ............................... | 25 | 41 | 4 | 28 | 47 | 5 |
| Building trades ........................................... | 22 | 36 | 5 | 54 | 84 | 16 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ................... | 47 | 67 | 20 | 52 | 76 | 22 |
| Service occupations..................................... | 45 | 57 | 28 | 50 | 65 | 31 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper........................... | 41 | 66 | 8 | 46 | 75 | 9 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary ............. | 43 | 66 | 13 | 48 | 74 | 14 |
| Restaurant/food service manager............... | 11 | 18 | 1 | 12 | 20 | 1 |
| Sales associate....................................... | 16 | 27 | 1 | 17 | 30 | 1 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ............................ | 26 | 42 | 5 | 29 | 48 | 5 |
| Computer graphic designer...................... | 17 | 28 | 3 | 19 | 31 | 4 |
| Computer technician............................... | 30 | 45 | 9 | 33 | 51 | 10 |
| Electronics technician............................. | 26 | 42 | 4 | 29 | 48 | 5 |
| Engineering technician ............................ | 10 | 18 | 1 | 12 | 20 | 1 |
| Drafter or CADD operator....................... | 24 | 40 | 3 | 27 | 45 | 3 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician . | 14 | 23 | 2 | 16 | 26 | 2 |
| Auto body repairer.................................. | 10 | 16 | 2 | 11 | 18 | 2 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician .............. | 22 | 36 | 3 | 24 | 40 | 3 |
| Machinist | 14 | 22 | 2 | 15 | 25 | 2 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ............................... | 4 | 6 | - | 4 | 7 | - |
| Carpenter ............................................... | 10 | 16 | 2 | 11 | 18 | 3 |
| Electrician ............................................ | 13 | 21 | 2 | 15 | 24 | 3 |
| Plumber ................................................. | 5 | 8 | 1 | 5 | 9 | - |
| Welder................................................. | 18 | 30 | 3 | 20 | 34 | 3 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician ................. | 16 | 26 | 2 | 17 | 29 | 2 |
| Medical or dental assistant ....................... | 26 | 34 | 16 | 29 | 38 | 17 |
| Nurses' aide or home health aide............... | 16 | 24 | 6 | 18 | 27 | 6 |
| Licensed practical nurse ........................... | 22 | 34 | 5 | 24 | 39 | 6 |
| Registered nurse ..................................... | 21 | 37 | - | 23 | 42 | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician............ | 8 | 13 | 2 | 9 | 14 | 2 |
| Agriscience technician............................. | 3 | 5 | - | 4 | 6 | - |
| Veterinary assistant ................................ | 2 | 3 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 1 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook.............................................. | 10 | 16 | 1 | 11 | 18 | 1 |
| Cosmetologist........................................ | 19 | 16 | 23 | 21 | 18 | 26 |
| Childcare worker ..................................... | 20 | 35 | 2 | 23 | 39 | 2 |
| Teachers' aide ........................................ | 7 | 11 | - | 7 | 13 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant........................... | 20 | 32 | 3 | 22 | 36 | 4 |

[^29]Table 25a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions that offer for-credit courses in occupational programs, by type of institution, broad program area, and specific program: 1999

| Institutions that offer for-credit courses in: | Percent of all institutions |  |  | Percent of institutions with one or more programs |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | All | 2-year | Less-than-2-year | All | 2-year | Less-than-2-year |
| At least one of the listed programs ................. | 2.0 | 1.8 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 4.1 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations.............. | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 1.5 |
| Technical occupations................................. | 1.3 | 2.3 | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.9 | 1.4 |
| Mechanical occupations ............................... | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.6 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.6 |
| Building trades ........................................... | 0.9 | 1.7 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 1.6 | 0.6 |
| Health/life sciences occupations ................... | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
| Service occupations..................................... | 1.8 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.7 |
| The listed program for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accountant/bookkeeper........................... | 1.6 | 2.7 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 1.1 |
| Administrative assistant/secretary ............. | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.4 |
| Restaurant/food service manager.............. | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.6 | 0.4 |
| Sales associate ....................................... | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.2 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Computer programmer ............................ | 1.3 | 2.2 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 2.4 | 1.0 |
| Computer graphic designer...................... | 1.0 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 0.9 |
| Computer technician............................... | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 1.2 |
| Electronics technician............................. | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 0.6 |
| Engineering technician ........................... | 0.6 | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.4 |
| Drafter or CADD operator....................... | 0.9 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.6 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician . | 0.8 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| Auto body repairer................................. | 0.9 | 1.6 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.5 |
| Automotive mechanic/technician .............. | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.5 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.6 |
| Machinist.............................................. | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.3 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 0.3 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bricklayer or mason ............................... | 0.5 | 0.9 | - | 0.6 | 1.0 | - |
| Carpenter.............................................. | 0.9 | 1.6 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 0.5 |
| Electrician ............................................ | 0.9 | 1.7 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 1.9 | 0.4 |
| Plumber ................................................ | 0.6 | 1.1 | 0.1 | 0.7 | 1.3 | - |
| Welder.................................................. | 0.8 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.9 | 1.6 | 0.5 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Emergency medical technician .................. | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.6 |
| Medical or dental assistant ....................... | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.4 | 1.5 |
| Nurses' aide or home health aide............... | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| Licensed practical nurse .......................... | 1.1 | 1.9 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 2.0 | 0.8 |
| Registered nurse .................................... | 1.1 | 1.8 | - | 1.2 | 2.0 | - |
| Medical/life science lab technician............ | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.4 | 0.7 |
| Agriscience technician............................ | 0.5 | 0.9 | - | 0.6 | 1.0 | - |
| Veterinary assistant ................................ | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.7 | 0.3 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chef/cook............................................. | 0.9 | 1.5 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 0.4 |
| Cosmetologist........................................ | 1.8 | 1.6 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 1.8 | 3.5 |
| Childcare worker .................................... | 1.1 | 2.1 | 0.3 | 1.3 | 2.3 | 0.3 |
| Teachers' aide ........................................ | 0.7 | 1.2 | - | 0.7 | 1.3 | - |
| Paralegal/legal assistant........................... | 0.4 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 0.9 |

[^30]SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

## Table 26.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that use each of 5 procedures to ensure they teach jobs skills, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999

| Institutions that use procedure in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee . | 70 | 61 | 80 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs.. | 66 | 54 | 81 |
| Followup survey of graduates..... | 71 | 60 | 84 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience. | 39 | 31 | 50 |
| Periodic internal review................................................................................... | 76 | 70 | 84 |
| At least one of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee ...... | 87 | 89 | 84 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs....................................................................... | 83 | 82 | 84 |
| Followup survey of graduates.... | 88 | 88 | 89 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience. | 54 | 53 | 56 |
| Periodic internal review....................................................................................... | 88 | 89 | 87 |
| All of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.... | 81 | 80 | 85 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs. | 67 | 62 | 83 |
| Followup survey of graduates ....................................................................... | 76 | 75 | 83 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience .......................................... | 35 | 35 | 36 |
| Periodic internal review... | 83 | 82 | 87 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.. | 84 | 84 | 87 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ......................................................................... | 64 | 61 | 77 |
| Followup survey of graduates ........................................................................ | 74 | 73 | 75 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ........................................... | 41 | 39 | 49 |
| Periodic internal review...... | 82 | 83 | 81 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee......................................................................... | 89 | 89 | 89 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs. | 63 | 61 | 72 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......... | 74 | 73 | 78 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience .......................................... | 45 | 45 | 45 |
| Periodic internal review ................................................................................ | 81 | 82 | 77 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee......................................................................... | 83 | 81 | 90 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs .................................................................... | 59 | 56 | 73 |
| Followup survey of graduates ... | 69 | 67 | 75 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience .......................................... | 43 | 42 | 46 |
| Periodic internal review ................................................................................ | 74 | 73 | 80 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee......................................................................... | 78 | 72 | 92 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................................... | 66 | 62 | 78 |
| Followup survey of graduates..... | 70 | 67 | 79 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ......................................... | 41 | 38 | 50 |
| Periodic internal review ................................................................................ | 79 | 76 | 87 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee......................................................................... | 80 | 80 | 80 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ................................................................... | 70 | 62 | 83 |
| Followup survey of graduates ........................................................................ | 78 | 70 | 90 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ......................................... | 45 | 37 | 56 |
| Periodic internal review .............................................................................. | 83 | 81 | 86 |

Table 26.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that use each of 5 procedures to ensure they teach jobs skills, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Institutions that use procedure in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee................................................................................ | 87 | 87 | 86 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................................... | 74 | 71 | 85 |
| Followup survey of graduates ......................................................................... | 83 | 82 | 85 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience .......................................... | 40 | 41 | 39 |
| Periodic internal review ................................................................................ | 87 | 87 | 88 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................................ | 91 | 92 | 89 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................................... | 73 | 72 | 79 |
| Followup survey of graduates ........................................................................ | 81 | 82 | 77 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 48 | 47 | 52 |
| Periodic internal review.............................................................................. | 87 | 88 | 83 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.......................................................................... | 94 | 94 | 96 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs .................................................................... | 72 | 71 | 80 |
| Followup survey of graduates ........................................................................... | 82 | 82 | 84 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 52 | 52 | 53 |
| Periodic internal review.............................................................................. | 85 | 86 | 83 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee......................................................................... | 91 | 91 | 92 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ................................................................... | 68 | 66 | 79 |
| Followup survey of graduates ........................................................................ | 78 | 78 | 81 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience .......................................... | 50 | 51 | 48 |
| Periodic internal review ................................................................................ | 81 | 81 | 81 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................................ | 90 | 88 | 94 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ...................................................................... | 77 | 76 | 81 |
| Followup survey of graduates .......................................................................... | 86 | 86 | 84 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 50 | 50 | 53 |
| Periodic internal review............................................................................... | 87 | 86 | 89 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.......................................................................... | 85 | 89 | 81 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ..................................................................... | 76 | 71 | 83 |
| Followup survey of graduates ........................................................................ | 84 | 80 | 90 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ........................................... | 49 | 44 | 56 |
| Periodic internal review ................................................................................. | 86 | 86 | 86 |

${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of institutions with at least one listed occupational program. The numerator is the number of those institutions using the procedure (in all programs or in at least one program).
${ }^{2}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of institutions with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area. The numerator is the number of those institutions using the procedure (in all programs or in at least one program).
NOTE: Estimates are based on 2 -year and less-than- 2 -year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 26a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that use each of 5 procedures to ensure they teach jobs skills, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999

| Institutions that use procedure in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2-year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs: |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee ................................................................................... | 1.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs.............................................................................. | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| Followup survey of graduates. | 1.4 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience.................................................. | 2.3 | 2.1 | 3.5 |
| Periodic internal review......................................................................................... | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| At least one of the listed programs: |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee ..................................................................................... | 1.3 | 1.8 | 2.4 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs............................................................................... | 1.4 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Followup survey of graduates....... | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.2 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience................................................. | 2.2 | 2.1 | 3.5 |
| Periodic internal review........................................... | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.3 |
| All of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee................................................................................ | 1.9 | 2.2 | 3.3 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ......................................................................... | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Followup survey of graduates............................................................................... | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.8 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................. | 2.1 | 2.3 | 3.7 |
| Periodic internal review ....................................................................................... | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.4 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee................................................................................. | 1.6 | 1.8 | 3.2 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ......................................................................... | 2.1 | 2.5 | 3.5 |
| Followup survey of graduates .............................................................................. | 1.6 | 2.0 | 3.5 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................. | 2.0 | 2.3 | 4.8 |
| Periodic internal review ..................................................................................... | 1.8 | 2.1 | 3.3 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................................... | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.7 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ......................................................................... | 2.7 | 3.1 | 2.8 |
| Followup survey of graduates ............................................................................... | 2.0 | 2.4 | 3.8 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................. | 2.6 | 3.0 | 4.5 |
| Periodic internal review | 2.2 | 2.6 | 3.5 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................................... | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.3 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ......................................................................... | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.6 |
| Followup survey of graduates ............................................................................... | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.2 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 2.9 | 3.3 | 4.9 |
| Periodic internal review ................................................................................... | 3.3 | 3.9 | 2.9 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee................................................................................. | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.8 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ......................................................................... | 2.3 | 2.9 | 2.6 |
| Followup survey of graduates | 1.7 | 2.5 | 2.9 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 2.1 | 2.6 | 3.4 |
| Periodic internal review ....................................................................................... | 1.8 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee................................................................................ | 2.1 | 1.9 | 4.0 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ........................................................................ | 2.1 | 2.7 | 3.0 |
| Followup survey of graduates ............................................................................ | 2.0 | 2.3 | 3.3 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................. | 2.9 | 2.7 | 5.5 |
| Periodic internal review ................................................................................... | 2.1 | 2.5 | 3.5 |

Table 26a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that use each of 5 procedures to ensure they teach jobs skills, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Institutions that use procedure in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2-year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................................... | 1.6 | 1.8 | 3.3 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ......................................................................... | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.3 |
| Followup survey of graduates .............................................................................. | 1.5 | 1.9 | 2.7 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................. | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.9 |
| Periodic internal review ..................................................................................... | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.4 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.............................................................................. | 1.3 | 1.4 | 3.2 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ........................................................................ | 2.0 | 2.3 | 3.5 |
| Followup survey of graduates ........................................................................... | 1.4 | 1.8 | 3.6 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 2.1 | 2.3 | 4.8 |
| Periodic internal review ....................................................................................... | 1.6 | 1.9 | 3.2 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee.............................................................................. | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ........................................................................ | 2.3 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Followup survey of graduates ........................................................................... | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.9 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 2.6 | 2.9 | 4.9 |
| Periodic internal review .................................................................................... | 2.1 | 2.4 | 3.9 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................................... | 1.5 | 1.6 | 2.4 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ......................................................................... | 2.3 | 2.6 | 3.2 |
| Followup survey of graduates ............................................................................. | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.6 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 2.7 | 3.1 | 4.6 |
| Periodic internal review ..................................................................................... | 2.7 | 3.2 | 2.8 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................................... | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs ......................................................................... | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| Followup survey of graduates ............................................................................. | 1.3 | 1.6 | 2.5 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.4 |
| Periodic internal review .................................................................................... | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.1 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Industry advisory committee............................................................................. | 2.1 | 1.8 | 4.0 |
| Survey of employers' skill needs .......................................................................... | 1.8 | 2.2 | 3.0 |
| Followup survey of graduates ............................................................................. | 1.8 | 1.8 | 3.3 |
| Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience ............................................ | 3.0 | 2.8 | 5.5 |
| Periodic internal review .................................................................................... | 2.0 | 2.4 | 3.5 |

NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

Table 27.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that use a skill competency list, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999

| Institutions using a skill competency list in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2-year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs ............................................................................................... | 77 | 66 | 91 |
| At least one of the listed programs ................................................................................. | 93 | 92 | 96 |
| All of the listed programs for: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations. ....................................................................... | 75 | 70 | 92 |
| Technical occupations ........................................................................................... | 77 | 75 | 87 |
| Mechanical occupations ........................................................................................ | 81 | 78 | 97 |
| Building trades ..................................................................................................... | 84 | 82 | 96 |
| Health/life sciences occupations.............................................................................. | 85 | 82 | 94 |
| Service occupations............................................................................................... | 81 | 72 | 94 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{\mathbf{1}}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations ........................................................................ | 82 | 79 | 94 |
| Technical occupations ........................................................................................... | 86 | 84 | 91 |
| Mechanical occupations ......................................................................................... | 88 | 86 | 99 |
| Building trades ...................................................................................................... | 90 | 88 | 99 |
| Health/life sciences occupations.............................................................................. | 92 | 90 | 97 |
| Service occupations.............................................................................................. | 87 | 82 | 94 |

${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of institutions with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area. The numerator is the number of those institutions using a skill competency list (in all programs or in at least one program). NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Institutions, 1999.

Table 27a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that use a skill competency list, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999

| Institutions using a skill competency list in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2-year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs. .................................................................................... | 1.3 | 2.1 | 1.7 |
| At least one of the listed programs. ....................................................................... | 0.9 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| All of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations .................................................................... | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| Technical occupations ...................................................................................... | 1.8 | 2.2 | 3.4 |
| Mechanical occupations ................................................................................... | 2.3 | 2.7 | 0.3 |
| Building trades ............................................................................................... | 2.1 | 2.5 | 1.4 |
| Health/life sciences occupations........................................................................ | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| Service occupations........................................................................................... | 1.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations .................................................................... | 2.0 | 2.4 | 2.1 |
| Technical occupations ..................................................................................... | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.9 |
| Mechanical occupations ................................................................................. | 2.1 | 2.5 | 0.1 |
| Building trades ............................................................................................. | 1.6 | 2.0 | 0.8 |
| Health/life sciences occupations............................................................................ | 1.3 | 1.7 | 1.1 |
| Service occupations... | 1.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 |

NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Institutions, 1999.

| Table 28.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that have different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Institutions with each level of educator/industry involvement in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2- year |
| All of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ....................... | 6 | 1 | 13 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input ..... | 12 | 6 | 20 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ...................................................... | 14 | 7 | 23 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ..................................................................... | 1 | - | 2 |
| At least one of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ....................... | 14 | 12 | 15 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input ........................................................... | 44 | 52 | 33 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ........................................................ | 36 | 38 | 34 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ..................................................................... | 8 | 11 | 5 |
| All of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input........................................................ | 43 | 41 | 48 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input.................................................... | 20 | 17 | 33 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry................................................................... | 1 | - | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input...................................................... | 38 | 37 | 40 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................... | 24 | 22 | 32 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.................................................................. | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 3 | 3 | 6 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input........................................................ | 39 | 39 | 37 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................... | 26 | 22 | 44 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry................................................................. | 3 | 3 | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 4 | 5 | - |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input........................................................ | 38 | 38 | 43 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input.................................................... | 27 | 24 | 42 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.................................................................. | 7 | 8 | - |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 6 | 5 | 9 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input....................................................... | 39 | 39 | 40 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input.................................................... | 26 | 22 | 36 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.................................................................. | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 11 | 5 | 20 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input...................................................... | 34 | 37 | 29 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................... | 28 | 21 | 37 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.................................................................. | 2 | - | 4 |


#### Abstract

Table 28.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that have different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999 (continued)


| Institutions with each level of educator/industry involvement in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2-year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 9 | 10 | 8 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input................................................... | 50 | 50 | 52 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................ | 26 | 24 | 34 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry .............................................................. | 1 | 1 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ............... | 7 | 8 | 6 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input................................................... | 51 | 51 | 49 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................ | 33 | 32 | 38 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................... | 4 | 3 | 6 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ............... | 5 | 4 | 7 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input.................................................. | 49 | 50 | 44 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................ | 36 | 33 | 50 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ................................................................ | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 6 | 6 | 5 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input................................................... | 47 | 46 | 48 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................ | 32 | 29 | 45 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry .............................................................. | 12 | 13 | 6 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ............... | 7 | 6 | 10 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input.................................................. | 48 | 50 | 43 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ............................................... | 36 | 35 | 41 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry .............................................................. | 10 | 12 | 6 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ............... | 13 | 8 | 20 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input.................................................. | 42 | 50 | 30 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................ | 34 | 30 | 38 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................... | 4 | 4 | 5 |

[^31]Table 28a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that have different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999

| Institutions with each level of educator/industry involvement in: | All institutions | 2-year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less-than- } \\ & \text { 2-year } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs: |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ....................... | 1.4 | 0.5 | 2.8 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input ........................................................... | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.5 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ....................................................... | 1.5 | 1.7 | 2.8 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ..................................................................... | 0.4 | - | 0.8 |
| At least one of the listed programs: |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ........................ | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.8 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input ........................................................... | 1.9 | 2.5 | 2.6 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ....................................................... | 1.8 | 2.3 | 2.8 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry .............................................................. | 0.8 | 1.3 | 1.0 |
| All of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 1.3 | 1.5 | 2.2 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input........................................................ | 2.3 | 2.7 | 3.7 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input.................................................... | 1.6 | 1.7 | 3.3 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry................................................................... | 0.3 | - | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.1 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input....................................................... | 1.9 | 2.2 | 4.4 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input.................................................... | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.4 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.................................................................. | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 1.0 | 1.0 | 3.2 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input....................................................... | 2.9 | 3.3 | 5.2 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................... | 2.4 | 2.2 | 4.8 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.................................................................. | 0.9 | 1.0 | - |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators................... | 1.3 | 1.6 | - |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input....................................................... | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.2 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input.................................................... | 2.4 | 2.8 | 4.0 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.................................................................. | 1.2 | 1.4 | - |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.3 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input..................................................... | 2.2 | 2.8 | 3.0 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input.................................................... | 2.2 | 2.4 | 3.5 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry................................................................. | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators.................... | 1.8 | 1.5 | 4.6 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input...................................................... | 2.4 | 3.0 | 4.1 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................... | 2.4 | 2.4 | 4.4 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.................................................................. | 0.6 | - | 1.4 |

Table 28a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that have different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Institutions with each level of educator/industry involvement in: | All institutions | 2-year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less-than- } \\ & \text { 2-year } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.3 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input................................................... | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.9 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................ | 1.8 | 1.9 | 3.3 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................... | 0.4 | 0.5 | - |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 1.4 | 1.5 | 2.1 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input................................................... | 1.9 | 2.1 | 4.1 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ............................................... | 1.7 | 2.1 | 3.4 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry .............................................................. | 0.7 | 0.6 | 2.2 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 1.1 | 1.2 | 3.4 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input.................................................... | 2.9 | 3.2 | 4.5 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ............................................... | 2.5 | 2.7 | 4.8 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................... | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.5 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input................................................... | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.0 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input................................................ | 2.4 | 2.8 | 4.1 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry .............................................................. | 1.7 | 2.0 | 1.5 |
| Health/life sciences occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 1.2 | 1.3 | 2.3 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input................................................. | 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input .............................................. | 2.1 | 2.5 | 3.5 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry ............................................................. | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Done exclusively by individual course instructors or group(s) of educators ................ | 2.0 | 1.7 | 4.6 |
| Done primarily by educators with industry input................................................... | 2.4 | 2.9 | 4.1 |
| Done with about equal educator and industry input ................................................ | 2.5 | 2.6 | 4.4 |
| Done primarily/exclusively by industry.............................................................. | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.5 |

[^32]SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Institutions, 1999.

## Table 29.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that offer each of 5 credentials, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999

| Institutions that offer each credential in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2-year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree... | 17 | 28 | 4 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma | 53 | 28 | 84 |
| State registration, license or certificate......................................................................... | 29 | 7 | 56 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma ............................................................................ | 8 | 3 | 13 |
| Company certificate ................................................................................................ | 1 | - | 2 |
| At least one of the listed programs: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree.................................................................................................... | 51 | 86 | 8 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma ................................................................................. | 87 | 86 | 89 |
| State registration, license or certificate......................................................................... | 48 | 65 | 72 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma ............................................................................. | 32 | 38 | 25 |
| Company certificate .............................................................................................. | 17 | 23 | 9 |
| All of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree ................................................................................................ | 59 | 71 | 10 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.............................................................................. | 58 | 50 | 92 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 4 | 3 | 9 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 3 | 2 | 5 |
| Company certificate ............................................................................................ | 1 | - | 5 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree ................................................................................................ | 53 | 61 | 18 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma............................................................................... | 50 | 43 | 85 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 4 | 3 | 8 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 6 | 4 | 14 |
| Company certificate ............................................................................................ | 7 | 5 | 16 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree............................................................................................... | 36 | 41 | 8 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma............................................................................... | 69 | 66 | 89 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 5 | 4 | 11 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 10 | 8 | 18 |
| Company certificate .......................................................................................... | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree ................................................................................................ | 5 | 6 | - |
| Institutional certificate/diploma............................................................................... | 19 | 20 | 16 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 4 | 4 | 5 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 5 | 4 | 7 |
| Company certificate .......................................................................................... | - | - | - |
| Health/life science occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree ............................................................................................... | 24 | 30 | 6 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma............................................................................... | 53 | 41 | 89 |
| State registration, license or certificate................................................................... | 41 | 40 | 46 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma....................................................................... | 9 | 6 | 17 |
| Company certificate ............................................................................................ | 1 | 1 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree............................................................................................... | 31 | 51 | 2 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma............................................................................. | 65 | 52 | 84 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 43 | 16 | 80 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 8 | 4 | 15 |
| Company certificate ........................................................................................... | 1 | - | 2 |

## Table 29.-Percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that offer each of $\mathbf{5}$ credentials, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Institutions that offer each credential in: | All institutions | 2-year | Less-than-2- year |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs for: ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree. | 72 | 86 | 13 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma. | 75 | 70 | 95 |
| State registration, license or certificate. | 8 | 8 | 10 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma. | 8 | 8 | 7 |
| Company certificate | 4 | 3 | 6 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree.. | 72 | 83 | 24 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma. | 74 | 71 | 89 |
| State registration, license or certificate. | 7 | 7 | 11 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma. | 17 | 17 | 21 |
| Company certificate | 27 | 27 | 29 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree.. | 60 | 69 | 11 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma. | 85 | 83 | 97 |
| State registration, license or certificate | 25 | 25 | 26 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma. | 36 | 34 | 45 |
| Company certificate | 4 | 4 | 6 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree. | 37 | 42 | 13 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma. | 86 | 85 | 93 |
| State registration, license or certificate | 23 | 22 | 27 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma. | 32 | 21 | 35 |
| Company certificate | 1 | 1 | - |
| Health/life science occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree. | 54 | 70 | 9 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma. | 83 | 79 | 92 |
| State registration, license or certificate. | 71 | 74 | 64 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma. | 18 | 14 | 28 |
| Company certificate | 1 | 1 | 2 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree. | 45 | 76 | 3 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma......... | 78 | 74 | 85 |
| State registration, license or certificate.. | 59 | 40 | 85 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma... | 14 | 13 | 16 |
| Company certificate ....................................................... | 1 | - | 2 |

[^33]Table 29a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that offer each of 5 credentials, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999

| Institutions that offer each credential in: | All institutions | 2-year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less-than- } \\ & 2 \text {-year } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All of the listed programs: |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree............................................................................................. | 1.2 | 2.0 | 0.8 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| State registration, license or certificate. | 1.4 | 1.4 | 2.4 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma ........................................................................... | 1.0 | 1.0 | 2.3 |
| Company certificate | 0.4 | - | 0.8 |
| At least one of the listed programs: |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree.. | 1.3 | 2.0 | 1.0 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma | 1.2 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| State registration, license or certificate........................................................................ | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.4 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma ........................................................................... | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.3 |
| Company certificate .......................................................................................... | 1.1 | 1.8 | 1.1 |
| All of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.3 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma. | 2.0 | 2.5 | 2.3 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 0.8 | 0.9 | 2.2 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma...................................................................... | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.9 |
| Company certificate | 0.4 | - | 1.4 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.6 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.. | 2.2 | 2.6 | 2.8 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 0.9 | 1.0 | 2.4 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 1.2 | 1.3 | 3.0 |
| Company certificate ........................................................................................... | 1.2 | 1.4 | 2.9 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree. | 3.0 | 3.6 | 2.0 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma............................................................................. | 2.4 | 2.9 | 2.5 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 1.1 | 1.2 | 3.1 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 1.6 | 1.6 | 4.0 |
| Company certificate ............................................................................................ | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree ............................................................................................... | 1.5 | 1.7 | - |
| Institutional certificate/diploma............................................................................ | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.2 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 1.4 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.5 |
| Company certificate ............................................................................................ | - | - | - |
| Health/life science occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree .............................................................................................. | 1.8 | 2.4 | 1.6 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.............................................................................. | 1.9 | 2.4 | 1.5 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 2.1 | 2.8 | 3.1 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma....................................................................... | 1.2 | 1.5 | 2.8 |
| Company certificate .......................................................................................... | 0.4 | 0.5 | - |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree ............................................................................................... | 2.1 | 3.1 | 0.6 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.............................................................................. | 2.3 | 2.8 | 3.5 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.9 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 1.6 | 1.1 | 3.2 |
| Company certificate ........................................................................................... | 0.5 | - | 1.1 |

Table 29a.-Standard errors of the percent of less-than-4-year postsecondary institutions offering listed occupational programs that offer each of 5 credentials, by type of institution and broad program area: 1999 (continued)

| Institutions that offer each credential in: | All institutions | 2-year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less-than- } \\ & 2 \text {-year } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| At least one of the listed programs for: |  |  |  |
| Business and marketing occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree................................................................................................ | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.6 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.............................................................................. | 2.0 | 2.4 | 1.7 |
| State registration, license or certificate ..................................................................... | 1.0 | 1.2 | 2.2 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.9 |
| Company certificate ........................................................................................... | 0.8 | 1.0 | 1.4 |
| Technical occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree............................................................................................... | 1.9 | 2.3 | 3.6 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.............................................................................. | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 1.3 | 1.4 | 2.7 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 1.8 | 2.0 | 3.5 |
| Company certificate ........................................................................................... | 2.1 | 2.4 | 4.0 |
| Mechanical occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree................................................................................................ | 2.5 | 3.1 | 2.7 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.............................................................................. | 1.9 | 2.2 | 1.9 |
| State registration, license or certificate .................................................................... | 2.6 | 3.0 | 4.3 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 2.6 | 3.0 | 4.4 |
| Company certificate ............................................................................................ | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.9 |
| Building trades |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree............................................................................................... | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.9 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.............................................................................. | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.4 |
| State registration, license or certificate..................................................................... | 2.6 | 3.0 | 3.9 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 2.8 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Company certificate | 0.4 | - | - |
| Health/life science occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree................................................................................................ | 1.9 | 2.5 | 1.7 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.............................................................................. | 1.6 | 2.1 | 1.3 |
| State registration, license or certificate .................................................................... | 1.8 | 2.3 | 3.6 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 1.6 | 2.1 | 3.1 |
| Company certificate ........................................................................................... | 0.5 | 0.5 | 1.0 |
| Service occupations |  |  |  |
| Associate's degree ................................................................................................ | 2.1 | 2.8 | 0.7 |
| Institutional certificate/diploma.............................................................................. | 2.1 | 2.3 | 3.5 |
| State registration, license or certificate.................................................................... | 2.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 |
| Industry/trade certificate or diploma........................................................................ | 1.8 | 1.7 | 3.2 |
| Company certificate ........................................................................................... | 0.5 | - | 1.1 |

[^34]
## Appendix A

## Methodology and Technical Notes

## METHODOLOGY AND TECHNICAL NOTES

## Surveys and Samples

The tabular statistics in this report present data collected from the 1999 "Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools" and the 1999 "Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions." The surveys were conducted through the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) Fast Response Survey System (FRSS) and Postsecondary Education Quick Information System (PEQIS), respectively.

The lists of occupational program areas used in the surveys were developed through an iterative process. First, NCES, in consultation with the Office for Vocational and Adult Education (OVAE, the U.S. Department of Education office that sponsored the surveys), identified vocational occupations from the list of occupations in the Bureau of Labor Statistics' (BLS's) 1998 Occupational Outlook Quarterly (Bureau of Labor Statistics, 1998); vocational occupations were defined as occupations that do not typically require a bachelor's or higher degree, and/or for which secondary schools typically provide vocational education. Second, at OVAE's request, NCES selected from the overall list of vocational occupations a short list of relatively large and fast-growing occupations. These were defined as occupations that the Occupational Outlook Quarterly listed as (1) relatively large (at least 100,000 jobs in 1996) and (2) fast-growing (projected to increase in size by 10 percent or 500,000 jobs from 1996 to 2006) or with a shortage of skilled workers in 1996. Subsequent instrument review and pilot testing, however, revealed that both researchers and practitioners preferred to have information on a broader range of occupational areas for which vocational education trains students. Thus, vocational program areas recommended by these individuals were added to the survey instruments, using the occupations listed in the Occupational Outlook Quarterly that most closely corresponded to the recommended program areas. There is one exception to this rule. The occupation of "agriscience technician" was included on the surveys to indicate the preparation provided by agriculture programs, even though this occupation was not listed in the 1998 Occupational Outlook Quarterly.

To select a nationally representative sample of public secondary schools for the FRSS survey, a stratified sample of 1,200 public secondary schools, including 600 vocational schools and 600 comprehensive (regular) schools, was selected from the 1996-97 Quality Education Data (QED) National Education Database. The QED database is compiled from a variety of sources,
including the NCES Common Core of Data (CCD) public school universe file. Almost 16,000 comprehensive secondary schools and 1,300 vocational schools met the eligibility requirement for this study; that is, they had 11th and 12th grades. Excluded from the sampling frame were private schools, nonregular schools such as special education and alternative schools, and schools in the outlying U.S. territories.

The coverage of comprehensive public schools in the QED database was equivalent to that of the CCD universe file. However, the QED database appeared to have better coverage of vocational schools than did the CCD file for 1996-97 For example, the counts of vocational schools in the QED file by state were generally higher than the corresponding counts in the CCD file. In particular, the CCD file did not contain any listings of vocational schools in three states (Oklahoma, California, and Kansas). In contrast, the QED file contained numerous vocational schools in these states. It is for this reason that the QED database was used to develop the sampling frame for the FRSS survey.

For the PEQIS survey, the sample of postsecondary institutions was restricted to 2year and less-than-2-year institutions that were eligible to participate in federal financial aid programs under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (as amended). A stratified random sample of 1,289 institutions was selected, including 689 2-year institutions and 600 less-than-2year institutions. The sample of 2 -year postsecondary institutions was drawn from the Postsecondary Education Quick Information System (PEQIS) panel, which contains a stratified random sample of 2,000 4-year and 2-year postsecondary institutions. The PEQIS panel was constructed from NCES' 1995-96 Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) Institutional Characteristics file. The PEQIS frame included 5,353 4-year, 2-year, and less-than-2year institutions of higher education located in the 50 states and the District of Columbia. Only 2year institutions that were eligible for Title IV financial aid participation were included for selection from the PEQIS panel.

The sampling frame for the supplementary sample of less-than-2-year institutions was the 1996-97 IPEDS Institutional Characteristics file. The institutions eligible for the supplementary sample were all less-than-2-year institutions in the 50 states and the District of Columbia (the same geographic area used for the PEQIS panel) that reported eligibility for Title IV participation. A total of 1,898 institutions met these requirements.

## Respondents and Response Rates

For the FRSS survey, questionnaires with letters explaining the purpose of the study were mailed to school principals in early April 1999. The questionnaires were to be completed by the person who was most knowledgeable about vocational education at the school. Telephone followup of nonrespondents was conducted during May and June 1999. Of the 1,200 schools selected for the survey, 50 were found to be out of scope for the study ( 29 of these were postsecondary institutions). A total of 1,078 eligible schools completed the survey for an overall unweighted response rate of 94 percent. The weighted response rate was 95 percent.

The postsecondary questionnaires were mailed in mid-April 1999 to PEQIS coordinators at 2-year institutions and chief executive officers at less-than-2-year institutions. As with the FRSS survey, the questionnaire was to be completed by the person most knowledgeable about occupational programs at the institution. Telephone followup of nonrespondents started in late May, and data collection ended in early July 1999. Of the 1,289 postsecondary institutions sampled for the study, 103 were out of scope for the study; 57 of these institutions were closed, and 38 did not have Title IV eligibility. The survey was completed by 1,100 2-year and less-than-2postsecondary institutions, yielding an overall unweighted response rate of 94 percent. The weighted response rate was also 94 percent.

## Sampling and Nonsampling Errors

Survey responses were weighted to produce national estimates. The weights were designed to adjust for the variable probabilities of selection and differential nonresponse. The findings in this report are based on the sample selected and, consequently, are subject to sampling variability.

The survey estimates are also subject to nonsampling errors that can arise because of nonobservation (nonresponse and noncoverage) errors, errors of reporting, and errors made in data collection. These errors can sometimes bias the data. Nonsampling errors may include such problems as misrecording of responses; incorrect editing, coding, and data entry; differences related to the particular time the survey was conducted; or errors in data preparation. While general sampling theory can be used to determine how to estimate the sampling variability of a statistic, nonsampling errors are not easy to measure and, for measurement and adjustment purposes, usually require that an experiment be conducted as part of the data collection procedures or that data external to the study be used.

A number of actions were taken to minimize nonsampling error. The questionnaire was pretested with respondents like those who completed the survey. During the design of the survey and survey pretest, an effort was made to check for consistency of interpretation of questions and to eliminate ambiguous items. The questionnaire and instructions were extensively reviewed by NCES and the Office of Vocational and Adult Education, U.S. Department of Education. Manual and machine editing of the questionnaire responses were conducted to check the data for accuracy and consistency. Cases with missing or inconsistent items were recontacted by telephone. Data were keyed with 100 percent verification.

## Standard Errors and Statistical Tests

The standard error is a measure of the variability of estimates due to sampling. It indicates the variability of a sample estimate that would be obtained from all possible samples of a given design and size. Standard errors are used as a measure of the precision expected from a particular sample. If all possible samples were surveyed under similar conditions, intervals of 1.96 standard errors below to 1.96 standard errors above a particular statistic would include the true population parameter being estimated in about 95 percent of the samples. This is a 95 percent confidence interval. Estimates of standard errors for this report were computed using the jacknife replication method and are based on 95 percent confidence intervals. All statistical tests, except those in the "Relationships Among Program Characteristics" section, were based on t-tests conducted at the 95-percent confidence level.

Bonferroni adjustments were made to control for multiple comparisons where appropriate. For example, for an "experiment-wise" comparison involving g pairwise comparisons, each difference was tested at the $0.05 / \mathrm{g}$ significance level to control for the fact that g differences were simultaneously tested. The Bonferroni adjustment results in a more conservative critical value being used when judging statistical significance. This means that comparisons that would have been significant with a critical value of 1.96 may not be significant with the more conservative critical value. For example, the critical value for comparisons between any two of the six broad program areas is 2.64 , rather than 1.96 . This means that there must be a larger difference between the estimates being compared for there to be a statistically significant difference.

In the "Relationships Among Program Characteristics" section, the relationships between programs' quality-control structures were tested for statistical significance using the Wilcoxon signed-ranks test on the t -values obtained for each of the 28 program areas (see

Darlington, 1975 for a description of the Wilcoxon test). The Wilcoxon test is a relatively powerful nonparametric test; nonetheless, it is less powerful than a parametric test and therefore less likely than a parametric test to detect significant relationships between variables. Thus the findings in this report based on the Wilcoxon test should be viewed as exploratory.

## Terms and Variables

For the secondary school survey, a vocational program was defined as a sequence of courses designed to prepare students for an occupation (e.g., nurses' aide) or occupation area (e.g., health care) that typically requires education below the baccalaureate level. Because the focus of the surveys is on preparation for jobs within specific occupations, the definition of vocational programs did not include career exploration or other introductory courses that prepare students for adult life or for work in general (e.g., consumer and homemaking, industrial arts). At the postsecondary level, an occupational program was defined as a sequence of courses designed to prepare students for an occupation (e.g., nurses' aide) that typically requires education below the baccalaureate level. To allow institutions to report noncredit courses, a noncredit occupational program could have included only one course or more than one course. In theory, a skill competency is defined as a concept, skill, or attitude that is essential to an occupation; a skill standard is the level of attainment or performance established for a skill competency. However, survey pretesting revealed that respondents typically use the term "skill competency" to refer to both competencies and standards. Because these terms tend to be used interchangeably in practice, skill competency was defined in the survey to include both the concept, skill, or attitude that is essential to an occupation, and to the level of attainment or performance established for a skill competency.

The term comprehensive school has exactly the same meaning as regular school. Comprehensive, or regular, schools do not focus primarily on special, vocational, or alternative education, although they may offer these programs in addition to the regular curriculum. A vocational school focuses primarily on vocational, technical or career education and provides education or training in at least one semiskilled or technical occupation.

The main classification variable was school type (vocational, comprehensive) for the secondary school survey, and level of institution (2-year, less-than-2-year) for the postsecondary survey. For secondary schools, school type was determined based on self-reported responses on the FRSS survey. At the postsecondary level, school type was determined based on IPEDS classifications (which were also based on self-report on IPEDS).

For the tabular analyses, several variables were constructed to measure the number of programs offered, skill competencies used for the programs offered, and skill certificates or industry-related credentials available for programs offered. The variables were constructed for all programs offered and for programs offered within the six broad occupation areas examined in the study.

## Background Information

Both surveys were conducted under contract with Westat. The secondary survey was conducted using the Fast Response Survey System (FRSS), and the postsecondary survey was conducted using the Postsecondary Education Quick Information System (PEQIS). Westat's Project Director was Elizabeth Farris; Basmat Parsad was the Survey Manager; Ed Heaton, the Systems Analyst; Catherine Marshall, the Text and Graphics Processor; and Carol Litman, the Editor. Bernard Greene was the NCES Project Officer. The data were requested by the Office of Vocational and Adult Education, U.S. Department of Education.

The following individuals reviewed this report:

## Outside NCES

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- Irma Berry, Office of Vocational and Adult Education
- Vickie Schray, Office of Vocational and Adult Education


## Inside NCES

- Steve Broughman
- Shelley Burns
- Frank Johnson
- Kristin Perry
- Bruce Taylor

For more information about the surveys, "Survey of Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools" and "Survey of Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions," contact:

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## Appendix B

## References

## References

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## Appendix C

## Survey Instruments

| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION | FORM APPROVED |
| :--- | :--- |
| NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS | O.M.B. NO.: 1850-0733 |
| WASHINGTON, D.C. 20208-5651 | EXPIRATION DATE: 07/1999 |
| SURVEY ON VOCATIONAL PROGRAMS IN |  |
| SECONDARY SCHOOLS |  |
| FAST RESPONSE SURVEY SYSTEM |  |
| This survey is authorized by law (P.L. 103-382). While you are not required to respond, your cooperation is needed to make the <br> results of this survey comprehensive, accurate, and timely. |  |

## DEFINITIONS USED IN THIS SURVEY

Vocational Program: For this survey, a vocational program is defined as a sequence of courses designed to prepare students for an occupation (e.g., nurses' aide) or occupation area (e.g., health care) that typically requires education below the baccalaureate level. It does not include career exploration or other introductory courses that prepare students for adult life or for work in general (e.g., consumer and homemaking, industrial arts).

Skill competency: A skill competency is a concept, skill, or attitude that is essential to an occupation; the level of attainment or performance established for a skill competency is a skill standard. In this survey, we use the term "skill competencies" to refer to both skill competencies and skill standards.

Note: - This questionnaire asks about vocational programs and courses offered by your school only. Do not include vocational programs and courses taken by your students at other schools (for example, regional vocational high schools that serve your school).

- The focus of this survey is the vocational programs and courses taken by secondary students. If your school offers any programs and courses that are taken only by other types of students (e.g., only postsecondary students), do not include those programs and courses.


## LABEL

IF ABOVE INFORMATION IS INCORRECT, PLEASE MAKE CORRECTIONS DIRECTLY ON LABEL.
Name of person completing form: $\qquad$ Telephone: $\qquad$
Title/position: $\qquad$ E-mail: $\qquad$
Best days and times to reach you (in case of questions): $\qquad$
THANK YOU. PLEASE KEEP A COPY OF THIS SURVEY FOR YOUR FILES.

PLEASE RETURN COMPLETED FORM TO:
WESTAT
Attention: Parsad, 716606
1650 Research Boulevard
Rockville, Maryland 20850

IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, CONTACT:
Basmat Parsad at Westat
800-937-8281, ext. 8222 or 301-251-8222
Fax: 1-800-254-0984
E-mail: Parsadb1@westat.com

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information is 1850-0733. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collected. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: U.S. Department of Education, Washington, D.C. 20202-4651. If you have comments or concerns regarding the status of your individual submission of this form, write directly to: National Center for Education Statistics, 555 New Jersey Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20208.

FRSS Form No. 72, 3/1999

1. Does your school offer a vocational program that prepares students for any of the occupations listed in question 2?
```
Yes
```

$\qquad$

```
\square(Continue with question 2.)
No
```

$\qquad$ Thank you. Please complete the respondent section on the front of the questionnaire and return the questionnaire to Westat.

```
2. For each of the following occupations:
- Indicate in column A whether your school offers a vocational program that prepares students for that occupation. NOTE: A vocational program may include a sequence of courses in a single occupation (e.g., carpentry) or a cluster of courses in an occupational area (e.g., construction, healthcare). If it is a cluster program, check each occupation covered by the cluster.
- Indicate in columns under B what procedures are used to ensure that courses teach relevant job skills. (Procedures may not be the same for all occupation areas.)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Occupation area/occupation} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
A. \\
Check if program offered (see NOTE above)
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{B. Procedures used to ensure that courses teach relevant job skills} \\
\hline & & Industry advisory committee & Survey of employers' skill needs & Followup survey of graduates & Student work experience (e.g., internship) & Faculty externship (work experience) \\
\hline & & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{(Check ALL that apply in each row.)} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Business \& Marketing Occupations \\
a. Accountant/bookkeeper
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Administrative assistant/secretary & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Restaurant/food service manager & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Sales associate & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Technical \& Mechanical Occupations \\
a. AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Auto body repairer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Automotive mechanic/technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Computer programmer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Computer graphic designer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline f. Computer/electronics technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline g. Engineering technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline h. Drafter or CADD operator & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline i. Machinist & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Building Trades \\
a. Bricklayer or mason
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Carpenter & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Electrician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Plumber & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Welder & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Health/Life Sciences Occupations \\
a. Emergency medical technician
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Medical or dental assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Nurse or nurses' aide & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Medical/life science lab technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Agriscience technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline f. Veterinary assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Service Occupations \\
a. Chef/cook
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Cosmetologist & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Childcare worker or teachers' aide & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Paralegal/legal assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. For each of the occupations for which your school offers a vocational program:
- Indicate in column A whether a list of skill competencies has been developed or adopted for the program.
- If a skill competency list has been developed or adopted, indicate which one of the columns under B best describes how educators and industry (business, labor, and/or employers) were involved in developing or adopting the competencies. (Involvement may not be the same for all occupation areas.)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow{3}{*}{Occupation area/occupation} & \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{A. Has a skill competency list been developed or adopted?}} & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{B. If yes, which best describes how educators and industry were involved in developing or adopting the competency list?} \\
\hline & & & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Done exclusively by individual course instructors} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Done exclusively by group(s) of educators} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Done primarily by educators with industry input} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Done with about equal educator and industry input} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Done primarily/ exclusively by industry} \\
\hline & Yes & No & & & & & \\
\hline & \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{\multirow[b]{2}{*}{\(\square\)}} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{(Check only ONE in each row.)} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Business \& Marketing Occupations \\
a. Accountant/bookkeeper
\end{tabular} & & & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Administrative assistant/secretary & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Restaurant/food service manager & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Sales associate & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Technical \& Mechanical Occupations \\
a. AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Auto body repairer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Automotive mechanic/technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Computer programmer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Computer graphic designer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline f. Computer/electronics technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline g. Engineering technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline h. Drafter or CADD operator & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline i. Machinist & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Building Trades \\
a. Bricklayer or mason
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Carpenter & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Electrician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Plumber & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Welder & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Health/Life Sciences Occupations \\
a. Emergency medical technician
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Medical or dental assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Nurse or nurses' aide & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Medical/life science lab technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Agriscience technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline f. Veterinary assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Service Occupations \\
a. Chef/cook
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Cosmetologist & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Childcare worker or teachers' aide & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Paralega//legal assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
4. For each of the occupations for which your school offers a vocational program:
- Indicate in columns under A the criteria used to determine whether a student is a vocational program completer (criteria may not be the same for all programs).
- Indicate in columns under B whether the program is designed to prepare students to (1) take a state or industry regulatory exam (i.e., to attain a state or industry certificate, license, or registration), and/or (2) earn a vocational/occupational skill certificate.

5. Which of the following best describes your school's structure? (Check one only.)Area or regional vocational school (with exclusively or predominately vocational programs)
Focused vocational high school (with academic and vocational programs focused on a specific occupation area)
Vocational high school (with a broad range of both academic and vocational programs)
Comprehensive high school served by an area/regional vocational school
Comprehensive high school not served by an area/regional vocational school
C-6
\begin{tabular}{|r|l|}
\hline U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION & FORM APPROVED \\
NATIONAL CENTER FOR EDUCATION STATISTICS & O.M.B. NO.: 1850-0733 \\
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20208-5651 \\
SURVEY ON OCCUPATIONAL PROGRAMS IN \\
POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS \\
POSTSECONDARY EDUCATION QUICK INFORMATION SYSTEM
\end{tabular}

\section*{DEFINITIONS USED IN THIS SURVEY}

Occupational program: For this survey, an occupational program is defined as a sequence of courses designed to prepare students for an occupation (e.g., nurses' aide) that typically requires education below the baccalaureate level. A non-credit occupational program may consist of only one course or more than one course.

Skill competency: A skill competency is a concept, skill, or attitude that is essential to an occupation; the level of attainment or performance established for a skill competency is a skill standard. In this survey, we use the term "skill competencies" to refer to both skill competencies and skill standards.

Note: This questionnaire asks about occupational programs and courses taken by postsecondary students. If your school offers any programs and courses that are taken only by other types of students (e.g., only secondary students), do not include those programs and courses.

\section*{LABEL}

IF ABOVE INSTITUTION INFORMATION IS INCORRECT, PLEASE UPDATE DIRECTLY ON LABEL.
Name of person completing form: \(\qquad\) Telephone: \(\qquad\)
Title/position: \(\qquad\) E-mail:

Best days and times to reach you (in case of questions):
THANK YOU. PLEASE KEEP A COPY OF THIS SURVEY FOR YOUR RECORDS.
\begin{tabular}{|cl|}
\hline PLEASE RETURN COMPLETED FORM TO: & IF YOU HAVE ANY QUESTIONS, CONTACT: \\
& \\
WESTAT & Basmat Parsad at Westat \\
Attention: Parsad, 716608 & \(800-937-8281\), ext. 8222 or 301-251-8222 \\
1650 Research Boulevard & Fax: 1-800-254-0984 \\
Rockville, Maryland 20850 & E-mail: Parsadb1@westat.com \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

\footnotetext{
According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information is 1850-0733. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collected. If you have any comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: U.S. Department of Education, Washington, D.C. 20202-4651. If you have comments or concerns regarding the status of your individual submission of this form, write directly to: National Center for Education Statistics, 555 New Jersey Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20208.
}

PEQIS Form No. 11, 3/1999
1. Does your institution offer an occupational program that prepares students for any of the occupations listed in question 2?
Yes
\(\square\) (Continue with question 2.)
No ...................................... \(\square\) Thank you. Please complete the respondent section on the front of the questionnaire and return the questionnaire to Westat.
2. For each of the following occupations for which your institution offers a program in the school year 1998-1999:
- Indicate in column A whether non-credit courses are offered in the occupational program.
- Indicate in column B whether courses are offered for credit in the occupational program.
- Indicate in columns under \(\mathbf{C}\) what procedures are used to ensure that the courses teach relevant job skills. (Procedures may not be the same for all occupation areas.)
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Occupation area/occupation} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
A. \\
Check if non-credit courses are offered
\end{tabular}} & \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
B. \\
Check if for-credit courses are offered
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{C. Procedures used to ensure that courses teach relevant job skills} \\
\hline & & & Industry advisory committee & Survey of employers' skill needs & Followup survey of graduates & Mechanisms for faculty to get recent work experience & Periodic internal review \\
\hline & & & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{(Check ALL that apply in each row.)} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Business \& Marketing Occupations \\
a. Accountant/bookkeeper
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Administrative assistant/secretary & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Restaurant/food service manager & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Sales associate/manager & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Technical \& Mechanical Occupations \\
a. AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Auto body repairer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Automotive mechanic/technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Computer programmer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Computer graphic designer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline f. Computer technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline g. Electronics technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline h. Engineering technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline i. Drafter or CADD operator & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline j. Machinist & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Building Trades \\
a. Bricklayer or mason
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Carpenter & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Electrician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Plumber & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Welder & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Health/Life Sciences Occupations \\
a. Emergency medical technician
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Medical or dental assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Nurses' aide or home health aide & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Licensed practical (vocational) nurse & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Registered nurse & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline f. Medical/life science lab technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline g. Agriscience technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline h. Veterinary assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Service Occupations \\
a. Chef/cook
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Cosmetologist & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Childcare worker & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Teachers' aide & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Paralegal/legal assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
3. For each of the occupations for which your institution offers an occupational program in 1998-1999:
- Indicate in column A whether a list of skill competencies has been developed or adopted for the program.
- Indicate which one of the columns under B best describes how educators and industry (business, labor, and/or employers) were involved in developing or adopting the competencies. (Involvement may not be the same for all programs.)

4. For each of the occupations for which your institution offers an occupational program in 1998-1999:
- Indicate in column A whether that program is accredited by an industry, business, or trade organization (e.g., the National Automotive Technicians Education Foundation).
- Indicate in columns under B what credentials students in each program can work toward. (For example, if a nursing program prepares students to take a state licensing exam, check that a "state registration, license, or certificate" is available.) Include credentials that may be attained through non-credit courses.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Occupation area/ occupation} & \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
A. \\
Check if program is accredited by industry, business, or trade
\end{tabular}} & \multicolumn{5}{|l|}{B. Credentials that students in each program can work toward:} \\
\hline & & Associate's degree & Institutional certificate/ diploma & State registration, license, or certificate & Industry/ trade certificate or diploma & Company certificate (e.g., NOVELL) \\
\hline & & \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{(Check ALL that apply in each row.)} \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Business \& Marketing Occupations \\
a. Accountant/bookkeeper
\end{tabular}} \\
\hline b. Administrative assistant/secretary & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Restaurant/food service manager & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Sales associate & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Technical \& Mechanical Occupations \\
a. AC/heating/refrigeration repair technician
\end{tabular} & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Auto body repairer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Automotive mechanic/technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Computer programmer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Computer graphic designer & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline f. Computer technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline g. Electronics technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline h. Engineering technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline i. Drafter or CADD operator & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline j. Machinist & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Building Trades} \\
\hline a. Bricklayer or mason & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline b. Carpenter & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Electrician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Plumber & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Welder & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Health/Life Sciences Occupations} \\
\hline b. Medical or dental assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Nurses' aide or home health aide & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Licensed practical (vocational) nurse & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Registered nurse & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline f. Medical/life science lab technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline g. Agriscience technician & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline h. Veterinary assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline \multicolumn{7}{|l|}{Service Occupations} \\
\hline b. Cosmetologist & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline c. Childcare worker & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline d. Teachers' aide & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline e. Paralegal/legal assistant & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) & \(\square\) \\
\hline
\end{tabular}

THANK YOU. PLEASE KEEP A COPY OF THIS SURVEY FOR YOUR FILES.```


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ For the secondary school survey, a vocational program was defined as a sequence of courses designed to prepare students for an occupation (e.g., nurses' aide) or occupation area (e.g., health care) that typically requires education below the baccalaureate level. This definition did not include career exploration or other introductory courses that prepare students for adult life or for work in general (e.g., consumer and homemaking, and industrial arts).
    ${ }^{2}$ Career clusters are collections of courses, related to each other, within an occupational area (e.g., construction rather than just masonry or carpentry or health care rather than just medical technology or nursing).

[^1]:    ${ }^{3}$ Technically, a skill competency is a concept, skill, or attitude that is essential to an occupation; the level of attainment or performance established for a skill competency is a skill standard. Among school personnel, however, these terms are often used interchangeably.
    ${ }^{4}$ Although there are some existing national standards (e.g., the American Society of Engineers automobile standards), NSSB skill standards do not yet exist.

[^2]:    ${ }^{5}$ The term comprehensive school has exactly the same meaning as regular school. Comprehensive, or regular, schools do not focus primarily on special, vocational, or alternative education, although they may offer these programs in addition to the regular curriculum. A vocational school focuses primarily on vocational, technical, or career education and provides education or training in at least one semiskilled or technical occupation.
    ${ }^{6}$ Title IV eligibility means an institution is eligible to participate in federal student financial aid programs, which can include loans, grants, and work study programs. More specifically, institutions are eligible to participate in Title IV programs if they are accredited by an agency or organization recognized by the U.S. Department of Education, if they have a program of over 300 clock hours or 8 credit hours, if they have been in business for at least 2 years, and if they have signed a participation agreement with the Office of Postsecondary Education (OPE) in the Department. Eligibility was verified with the OPE's list of participating institutions for the 1997-98 academic year.

[^3]:    ${ }^{7}$ One reason for this finding is that respondents were asked to identify which occupational programs they had from among those on a selective list; some of these schools may have offered occupational programs that were not among those listed. Another possible reason for this finding is that the definition of vocational programs used in the survey excluded lower level vocational programs that typically do not prepare students for entry-level jobs. For example, it excluded career exploration and other introductory courses that prepare students for adult life or work in general (e.g., industrial arts). Finally, some of the comprehensive high schools might be sending their students to area vocational schools for technical education.

[^4]:    ${ }^{7}$ Only occupational programs offered in a number of schools that was statistically significantly greater than 4,000 are included in this list.
    ${ }^{8}$ Only occupational programs offered in a number of schools that was statistically significantly less than 1,000 are included in this list.

[^5]:    ${ }^{9}$ Only occupational programs offered in a number of institutions that was statistically significantly greater than 1,000 are included in this list.
    ${ }^{10}$ Only occupational programs offered in a number of institutions that was statistically significantly less than 300 are included in this list.

[^6]:    ${ }^{11}$ Table 12 (not discussed here) shows the same relationship as does table 18.

[^7]:    ${ }^{12}$ Note that tables 17 and 19 depict the same positive relationship between programs that define program completers and programs that offer skill certificates; the tables merely show this relationship from two different perspectives.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program. The numerator is the number of those schools using each criterion (in all programs or in at least one program).
    ${ }^{2}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area. The numerator is the number of these schools using each criterion (in all programs or in at least one program).
    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^9]:    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.

[^10]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.
    ${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area. The numerator is the number of those schools preparing students for a state or industry regulatory exam (in all programs or in at least one program). ${ }^{2}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with the listed occupational program. The numerator is the number of those schools preparing students for a state or industry regulatory exam in the program.
    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^11]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^12]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.
    ${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area. The numerator is the number of those schools preparing students for a skill certificate (in all programs or in at least one program).
    ${ }^{2}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of schools with the listed occupational program. The numerator is the number of those schools preparing students for a skill certificate in the program.
    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^13]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

[^14]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^15]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^16]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^17]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.

[^18]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Sum of totals may not sum to 100 because of rounding. Sum of subtotals may exceed 100 because multiple answers were allowed. Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^19]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^20]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^21]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

[^22]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.

[^23]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^24]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.

[^25]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^26]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^27]:    -Too few cases for reliable estimate.

[^28]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on public secondary schools with 11th and 12th grades.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Fast Response Survey System, Survey on Vocational Programs in Secondary Schools, 1999.

[^29]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.
    ${ }^{1}$ Percentages represent the number of institutions with a program among all institutions of that type.
    ${ }^{2}$ Percentages represent the number of institutions with a program among all institutions of that type that offer at least one listed occupational program. NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Education Institutions, 1999.

[^30]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.

[^31]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.
    ${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of institutions with at least one listed occupational program. The numerator is the number of those institutions that have different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists (in all programs or in at least one program).
    ${ }^{2}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of institutions with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area. The numerator is the number of those institutions that have different levels of involvement by educators and industry in developing or adopting skill competency lists (in all programs or in at least one program).
    NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Institutions, 1999.

[^32]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.

    NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.

[^33]:    - Too few cases for reliable estimate.
    ${ }^{1}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of institutions with at least one listed occupational program. The numerator is the number of those institutions offering the credential (in all programs or in at least one program).
    ${ }^{2}$ The denominator in the percentage ratio represents the number of institutions with at least one listed occupational program in the broad program area. The numerator is the number of those institutions offering the credential (in all programs or in at least one program).
    NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information System, Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Institutions, 1999.

[^34]:    -Too few cases for reliable estimate.
    NOTE: Estimates are based on 2-year and less-than-2-year institutions with Title IV eligibility.
    SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Postsecondary Education Quick Information Survey on Occupational Programs in Postsecondary Institutions, 1999.

