

Resource Representation SOAP Header Block

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Please refer to the errate for this document, which may include normative corrections.

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Abstract

This document describes the semantics and serialization of a SOAP header block for carrying resource representations in SOAP messages.

Status of this Document

This section describes the status of this document at the time of its publication. Other documents may supersede this document. A list of current W3C publications and the latest revision of this technical report can be found in the <u>W3C technical reports index</u> at http://www.w3.org/TR/.

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deployment. This enhances the functionality and interoperability of the Web.

This document has been produced by the <u>XML Protocol Working Group</u> (WG) as part of the W3C <u>Web Services Activity</u>. The English version of this specification is the only normative version. However, for translations of this document, see <u>http://www.w3.org/2003/03/Translations/byTechnology?technology=soap12-rep</u>.

Please report errors in this document to <u>xmlp-comments@w3.org</u> (<u>archive</u>). The errata list for this edition is available at <u>http://www.w3.org/2005/01/soap12-rep-errata</u>

This document is based upon the <u>Resource Representation SOAP Header Block</u> <u>Proposed Recommendation</u> of 16 November 2004. Feedback received during that review resulted in no changes. Evidence of interoperation between at least two implementations of this specification are documented in the <u>Implementation Summary</u>. Changes between these two versions are described in a <u>diff document</u>.

This document has been produced under the <u>24 January 2002 CPP</u> as amended by the <u>W3C Patent Policy Transition Procedure</u>. An individual who has actual knowledge of a patent which the individual believes contains Essential Claim(s) with respect to this specification should disclose the information in accordance with section 6 of the <u>W3C</u> <u>Patent Policy</u>. Patent disclosures relevant to this specification may be found on the Working Group's <u>patent disclosure page</u>.

A list of current W3C Recommendations and other technical documents can be found at <u>http://www.w3.org/TR/</u>.

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1 Introduction

This document describes the semantics and serialization of a SOAP header block for carrying resource representations in SOAP messages.

1.1 Notational Conventions

The keywords "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in RFC 2119 [RFC 2119].

This specification uses a number of namespace prefixes throughout; they are listed in **[Prefixes and Namespaces used in this specification.]**. Note that the choice of any namespace prefix is arbitrary and not semantically significant (see XML Infoset [XMLInfoSet]).

Prefix	Namespace
	Notes
env	"http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope"
	A normative XML Schema [XML Schema Part 1: Structures Second Edition], [XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition] document for the "http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope" namespace can be found at http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope.
rep	"http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation"
	A normative XML Schema [XML Schema Part 1: Structures Second Edition], [XML Schema Part 2: Datatypes Second Edition] document for the "http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation" namespace can be found at http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation.
xs	"http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema"
	The namespace of XML Schema data types (see <u>[XML Schema Part 2:</u> <u>Datatypes Second Edition]</u>).
xmlmime	"http://www.w3.org/2004/11/xmlmime"
	The namespace for representing MIME media-types in XML (see <u>[Assigning</u> <u>Media Types to Binary Data in XML]</u>).

Prefixes and Namespaces used in this specification.

All parts of this specification are normative, with the exception of examples and sections explicitly marked as "Non-Normative".

1.2 Relation to other specifications

This document along with [XML-binary Optimized Packaging] and [SOAP Message <u>Transmission Optimization Mechanism</u>] has been produced in conjunction with the development of requirements, embodied in the requirements document [SOAP Optimized Serialization Use Cases and Requirements].

This document defines a SOAP Feature, and a SOAP Module that realizes the SOAP Feature, as specified by SOAP 1.2 [SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework] 3.1 SOAP Features and [SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework] 3.3 SOAP Modules.

Note: The Resource Representation header block is designed to optimize well when used with the SOAP Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism [SOAP Message Transmission Optimization Mechanism].

Note: The Resource Representation header block is designed, but not required, to be used in conjunction with the Assigning Media Types to Binary Data in XML specification [Assigning Media Types to Binary Data in XML].

1.2.1 Relationship to the SOAP Processing model

This feature makes no changes to the SOAP processing model.

2 SOAP Feature Name

The Resource Representation header block defined by this document embodies the SOAP feature [SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework] 3.1 SOAP Features identified by the URI:

• "http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation"

The above SOAP feature URI can be used to identify the semantics and serialization of the Resource Representation header block.

3 SOAP Module Name

The SOAP Module [SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework] 3.3 SOAP Modules that realizes the SOAP feature defined in 2 SOAP Feature Name is identified by the URI:

• "http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation"

The above SOAP Module URI can be used to identify the semantics and serialization of the Resource Representation header block.

4 Representation Header Block

This section describes a SOAP header block, the Representation header block, that allows a SOAP message to carry representations of Web resources.

4.1 Introduction

The Representation header block is designed to allow applications to carry a

representation of a Web resource in a SOAP message. Applications of this header include cases where the receiver has limited ability to get the representation using other means, for example because of access restrictions or because the overhead would be unacceptable. The Representation header block is also useful when multiple references to the same resource are required but duplication of the resource is undesirable. See UC2 and UC6 [SOAP Optimized Serialization Use Cases and Requirements] for details.

The meaning of the Representation header block, when present in a SOAP message, is to make available the contained representation of the resource it carries to the processing SOAP node. The SOAP node MAY use this representation when dereferencing the URI of the resource instead of making a network request to obtain a representation of the resource. Note that implementations MAY need to process a Representation header block before processing other header blocks that require dereferencing of a URI whose representation is carried in the Representation header block.

Multiple occurrences of the Representation header block MAY be present in the same SOAP Message to carry representation of multiple Web resources or multiple representations of the same Web resource.

Several occurrences of the Representation header block having the same value for the role and resource attribute information item (see <u>4.2.2 resource attribute</u>) MAY be present in the same SOAP Message. Such Representation header blocks SHOULD NOT have the same metadata (such as media-type). If such Representation header blocks have the same metadata then any one of them may be used.

URIs that are character for character identical MUST be considered equal when using a representation header to resolve a web reference; URIs that are considered equal according to the URI scheme of the URI SHOULD be considered equal.

An example SOAP Envelope using the Representation header block is given below.

Example: Representation header block in a SOAP Envelope <soap:Envelope xmlns:soap='http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope'</pre> xmlns:rep='http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation' xmlns:xmlmime='http://www.w3.org/2004/11/xmlmime'> <soap:Header> <rep:Representation resource='http://example.org/me.png'> <rep:Data xmlmime:contentType='image/png'>/aWKKapGGyQ=</rep:Data> </rep:Representation> </soap:Header> <soap:Body> <x:MyData xmlns:x='http://example.org/mystuff'> <x:name>John Q. Public</x:name> <x:img src='http://example.org/me.png'/> </x:MyData> </soap:Body> </soap:Envelope>

4.2 Representation header block Constructs

4.2.1 rep:Representation element

The Representation *element information item* has:

- A [local name] of Representation.
- A [namespace name] of "http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation".
- One or more *attribute information items* amongst its [attributes] as follows:
 - A mandatory resource attribute information item (see <u>4.2.2 resource</u> <u>attribute</u>).
 - An optional reinsert attribute information item (see 4.2.3 reinsert attribute).
 - Zero or more namespace qualified *attribute information items* whose [namespace name] is not "http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation".
- One or more *element information items* in its [children] property in order as follows:
 - 1. A mandatory Data element information item (see 4.2.4 rep:Data element).
 - 2. Zero or more *element information items* whose [namespace name] is not "http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation".

The rep:Representation *element information item* contains a representation of a Web resource. The value of the resource *attribute information item* is the identifier of the Web resource. The value of the rep:Data *element information item* is a base64-encoded representation of the Web resource.

4.2.2 resource attribute

The resource attribute information item has:

- A [local name] of resource.
- An empty [namespace name].
- A [specified] property with a value of "true".

The type of the resource attribute information item is xs:anyURI. The value of the resource attribute information item identifies the Web resource whose representation is carried in the rep:Representation element information item parent of the resource attribute information item.

4.2.3 reinsert attribute

The reinsert attribute information item has:

- A [local name] of reinsert.
- An empty [namespace name].

• A [specified] property with a value of "true".

The type of the reinsert attribute information item is xs:boolean. When this attribute is specified on the Representation header block with a value of "true", it indicates that a SOAP forwarding intermediary node processing the header block must reinsert the header block. This means that when used in conjunction with the relay attribute, defined in [SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework] 5.2.4 SOAP Relay Attribute, with a value of "true", the Representation header block will always be relayed by a SOAP forwarding intermediary. When this attribute is specified on the Representation header block with a value of "false", the behavior of the SOAP node processing the header block is the same as that when the attribute is not specified, and normal SOAP processing rules apply. The presence of this attribute has no effect on the processing of a Representation header by a SOAP endpoint.

4.2.4 rep:Data element

The Data element information item has:

- A [local name] of Data.
- A [namespace name] of "http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation".
- Zero or more namespace qualified *attribute information items* whose [namespace name] is not "http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation".
- Any number of *character information item* in its [children] property. No other type of *information item* in its [children] property.

The type of a rep:Data element information item is xs:base64Binary. The value of this element information item is a base64-encoded representation of the Web resource carried in the rep:Representation element information item parent of the resource attribute information item.

4.3 Extensibility of the Representation header block

The Representation header block is built to be extensible. This section describes several possible usages of this extensibility.

4.3.1 SOAP header block Attributes

Attributes defined in [SOAP Version 1.2 Part 1: Messaging Framework] <u>5. SOAP</u> <u>Message Construct</u> for SOAP header blocks MAY be used with the Representation header block.

Adding a env:mustUnderstand attribute information item with a value of "true" in the [attributes] property of the rep:Representation element information item ensures that the SOAP receiver is aware that the Web resource representation is available to it.

A env:role attribute information item in the [attributes] property of the rep:Representation element information item indicates the SOAP node for which the

Web resource representation is intended.

4.3.2 Specifying the media type

An xmlmime:contentType attribute information item (See [Assigning Media Types to Binary Data in XML]) MAY be used to convey the media type of the representation conveyed by a header. Media type information can be useful in determining whether a given representation is suitable for processing and if it is, how best to interpret the representation provided. If used, the xmime:contentType attribute information item MUST appear within the [attributes] property of the rep:Data element information item. If the media type identified by the value of an xmime:contentType attribute information item is a text based media type then the value of the xmime:contentType attribute information item SHOULD include a charset parameter.

An example that uses the xmime:contentType attribute information item is shown in <u>Example</u>.

4.3.3 Extension example: HTTP resolver extension

A receiving SOAP node MAY act as a resolver, with all the rules pertaining to HTTP caches, for some or all of the *http:* scheme URIs for which representations have been provided. To enable this, one or more *element information items* MAY be added to the [children] property of the rep:Representation *element information item* to transmit the information needed at the HTTP level.

To avoid requiring that all SOAP senders understand the HTTP caching mechanism, all the data required by a processor that wants to act as a local cache needs to be carried along with the message. This includes the complete request, reply as well as the time the original HTTP request has been sent and the time the HTTP response has been received.

Example: HTTP extension

```
<soap:Envelope xmlns:soap='http://www.w3.org/2003/05/soap-envelope'</pre>
               xmlns:rep='http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation'
               xmlns:xmlmime='http://www.w3.org/2004/11/xmlmime'>
 <soap:Header>
   <rep:Representation resource='http://example.org/me.png'>
      <rep:Data xmlmime:contentType='image/png'>/aWKKapGGyQ=</rep:Data>
      <htx:env xmlns:htx="http://www.w3.org/2004/08/representation/http">
        <htx:request>
          <htx:request-line name="GET" version="HTTP/1.1">
            /me.png
          </htx:request-line>
          <htx:header name="Host">
           example.org
          </htx:header>
          <htx:header name="Accept">
           image/png,image/jpeg,image/gif
          </htx:header>
          <htx:header name="Accept-Encoding">
           gzip,deflate,compress;q=0.9
          </htx:header>
```

```
<htx:header name="Date">
           Fri, 13 Feb 2004 11:23:28 GMT
          </htx:header>
          [...]
          <htx:time>
           Fri, 13 Feb 2004 11:23:28 GMT
          </htx:time>
        </htx:request>
        <htx:reply>
          <htx:status-line version="HTTP/1.1" status="200">
            OK
          </htx:status-line>
        <htx:header name="Content-Type">
         image/png
        <htx:header>
        <htx:header name="Date">
         Fri, 13 Feb 2004 11:23:28 GMT
        </htx:header>
        [...]
        <htx:time>
         Fri, 13 Feb 2004 11:23:32 GMT
        </htx:time>
        </htx:reply>
      </htx:env>
   </rep:Representation>
 </soap:Header>
 <soap:Body>
   <x:MyData xmlns:x='http://example.org/mystuff'>
     <x:name>John Q. Public</x:name>
     <x:img src='http://example.org/me.png'/>
   </x:MyData>
 </soap:Body>
</soap:Envelope>
```

Note that if the clocks of the SOAP sender and the SOAP recipient are not synchronized, all the expiration/age computed at the receiving side will not accurately reflect what could have been computed at the SOAP sender side.

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